

SECOND REPORT

OF THE

GENERAL PRISONS BOARD, IRELAND,

1879-80;

WITH APPENDICES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.



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SECOND REPORT

OF THE

GENERAL PRISONS BOARD, IRELAND.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY FRANCIS THOMAS EARL COWPER, K.G.
LORD LIEUTENANT GENERAL AND GENERAL GOVERNOR OF IRELAND.

Dublin Castle, 31st July, 1880.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

1. We have the honour, as required by Statute, to submit this ^{40 & 41 Vic., c. 49, s. 15.} our Second Annual Report on the condition of the prisons and prisoners within our jurisdiction, and with respect to the registration of criminals.

2. In our first Report we explained in detail the several steps adopted by us to give effect to the provisions of the new Prisons Act from the first constitution of our Board in November, 1877, up to that period, and we shall now submit, in the same manner, the nature of our further proceedings during the past year—referring successively to the different branches of our departmental duties in connexion with 1, the Local Prisons; 2, the Convict Prisons; 3, the Registration of Criminals, in the order here indicated.

I.—THE LOCAL PRISONS.

3. In our former Report it was explained that there had been transferred to our control on the 1st April, 1878, 38 Local Prisons, and 95 Bridewells—52 of the latter having, however, been closed on our recommendation in August, 1878, thereby reducing the number of that class of prisons, at the date of our Report, to 43. Number of
Local Prisons
and Bridewells.

4. We further explained therein the nature of the arrangements we had made for the classification and appropriation, with reference to sentences, both of the portions of the Mountjoy Male and Female Convict Prisons no longer required for convict purposes, and of the 38 Local Prisons handed over to us, as well as the reasons which had influenced us in submitting for the approval of His Grace the Lord Lieutenant a proposal—then under his consideration—for the reduction of the number of the latter to be hereafter maintained from 38 to 26, with the twofold object of enabling us to effect at one and the same time a reduction in our expenditure and certain needed improvements in point of prison discipline.

5. With a slight modification, which we subsequently found it advisable to make in our original proposal as to this, the scheme so submitted by us was in due course fully ratified, and an order to give effect to it was on the 6th of April, 1879, issued by the Lord Lieutenant, pursuant to the provision contained in section 30 of the Prisons Act.

Reduction of
Prisons.

See 19 & 20 V.,
c. 68, s. 26.

6. By virtue of this order the following 11 Local Prisons, viz.:—Carlow, Carrick-on-Shannon, Cavan, Ennis, Enniskillen, Lifford, Longford, Monaghan, Roscommon, Trim, and Wicklow, have been now discontinued as ordinary prisons, and reduced to practically the status of "certified" Bridewells—that is prisons in which only prisoners on remand, or whose sentences do not exceed a term of seven days' imprisonment are confined.

7. So far as time has yet admitted of our forming a judgment, we think we are justified in concluding that the change so made promises to realize in all respects the advantages anticipated from its adoption, but as the arrangements connected with it, though decided upon at a much earlier date, were not brought into practical operation till the 15th April, its actual results—financial and otherwise—cannot legitimately come under review till the close of the current year, on the 1st April, 1881.

Reduction of
Bridewells.

8. Of the 43 Bridewells already referred to, a reduction of 7 in the number retained for use has been, also, already effected—thus reducing the present number to 36—a number which may hereafter prove susceptible of some, though probably not of any considerable further diminution.

Officers discon-
tinued.

9. Of the numerous body of officers whose services were rendered unnecessary by these several changes, we were enabled, without much difficulty or delay, to provide suitable employment for the great majority of the subordinate officers and 4 of the Governors by absorption, as vacancies presented themselves, in the other Prisons under our control, and to those for whom no provision of this nature could be made, compensation, where they were entitled to it, was awarded, in accordance with the circumstances of the respective cases, and the established regulations of the Treasury Department.

It may be observed that under the above arrangement the following reduction in the staff has been effected, viz.:—11 Governors, 16 Medical Officers and Apothecaries, and 27 Chaplains—whose salaries amounted in the aggregate to £2,980 yearly.

Dietary

10. We took occasion to explain in our previous report the circumstances which had unavoidably delayed till June, 1879, the introduction into the Irish Local Prisons, of the English Dietary scale, adopted by our Board as far back as July, 1878, and we added that, so far as we were then in a position to judge, it appeared to be sufficient, and was, as a rule, favourably reported on.

11. Further experience however, having tended to reveal to us

the existence of a considerable conflict of professional opinion on this subject, we decided, before taking any step, to await the expiration of a full year's practical experience of its working, and then, when they could be thus regarded as being entitled to speak with a greater weight of authority upon it, to invite from the several Medical Officers a full report as to the general suitability of the dietary* for its purpose.

* For Dietary, see Appendix.

12. This course we have accordingly followed—but the views submitted to us, in answer to our circular letter on the subject, were found to differ from each other so widely and irreconcilably, that in dealing with a matter of such vital importance as this, we considered it best under the circumstances to place the entire correspondence before the Executive—accompanied by a strong recommendation from ourselves that the final settlement of the question should be referred to a competent medical commission—a recommendation to which we venture to express our hope that your Excellency may be pleased to extend your most favorable consideration.

Conflicting opinions of Medical Officers.

Medical Commission.

13. We found it necessary last year to express the strong opinion we entertained that much economy, both of time and money, would result from the addition to our staff of an officer experienced in engineering and architectural affairs—a want which, we are glad to add, has been since supplied by the Treasury sanction, subsequently given, to the employment by us of a skilled architect, for a limited period of three years.

Architect.

14. With this valuable aid we have been already enabled to provide very satisfactorily, as well as very economically, for the execution of a large number of most necessary works and alterations relating to the heating, lighting, and various other internal arrangements of several of the local prisons—and other changes of the same kind are now, under our architect's direction, either in actual progress or in immediate contemplation. A considerable time must still elapse, however, before we can reasonably hope to compass everything connected with the state of our prison buildings that, in our judgment, calls for improvement at our hands.

Buildings, &c.

See Appendix, Table XIX.

15. It has been our constant aim to utilize prison labour to the utmost possible extent in all operations of this description—the contract system and paid labour being only resorted to in cases where from the nature of the work to be done—as in plumbing, gasfitting, &c., &c.—the former agency was inapplicable.

Prison Labour.

16. In the heaviest local prison operations as yet undertaken by us, namely, those connected with the extensive alterations which, as already reported, have been for a considerable time past in progress at the Cork Male Prison, and with the adaptation, in part, of that at Maryborough to the purpose of an Invalid Convict Prison, the work is being executed, not by ordinary local prison labour, but by parties of convicts temporarily withdrawn for this purpose from the Public Works Prison at Spike Island, and we are at present looking forward to being shortly in a position to accomplish in the same manner, through this agency, certain

Convict labour in Local Prisons.

Increase of
Prison accom-
modation.

still more important and extensive additions to our present local prison accommodation now under consideration, and the execution of which if found feasible is calculated, in our opinion, to yield, beside other advantages, a large ultimate reduction in the working expenses of our system.

The following are the most important additions to existing buildings which we have already either quite or nearly completed chiefly by prison labour, viz. :—

Naas Prison.

A female prison at Naas, consisting of 23 cells, and other requirements for separate confinement—the accommodation for this class in that prison having been hitherto of a very insufficient and inferior character.

Cork Male
Prison.

In Cork Male Prison we have completed, by the same means, 21 additional cells, and 15 others are nearly ready, fully furnished, and provided with all the legal requirements for separate confinement.

Maryborough
Prison.

Although from the costly nature of the works at Maryborough Prison we have not yet made all the necessary improvements there, we hope shortly to have 48 cells fitted and furnished with all the legal requirements for separate confinement, which will enable us to accommodate a larger working party, and so expedite the completion of the alterations now in progress at that prison.

See Appendix.

17. In the Appendix will be found separate reports on the several local prisons, as required by section 15 of the Prisons Act, and to which we take leave to refer for detailed information as to the condition and working of each during the past year.

Transfer of
Prisoners.

18. It has frequently occurred during the past year that the accommodation afforded in particular prisons has become suddenly exhausted, but a ready remedy for this, whenever it arises, is provided in the power vested in the Lord Lieutenant to authorize the transfer of prisoners from any one gaol to any other, a resource of which we have accordingly in all such cases at once availed ourselves, and which has in every instance that has as yet occurred proved fully adequate to enable us to cope successfully with every difficulty of this description with which we have been anywhere called upon to deal.

46 & 41 Vic.,
c. 49, s. 37.

Dundalk and
Drogheda
Prisons.

19. It has been seen from our former report that in Cork and Limerick—in both of which two separate prisons came under our control—we appropriated one in each case as an exclusively male, and the other as an exclusively female prison; and since April last, we have adopted a similar arrangement in respect to the two adjoining prisons of Dundalk and Drogheda; the former being now used only for the reception of male, and the latter for female prisoners. In this instance, however, the arrangement was designed by us as a purely tentative measure only, and has been made with the intention of its being reconsidered if, after a year's experience of its working, it should be deemed to have failed in producing the results anticipated from it.

Salaries of
Medical
Officers.

20. Much difficulty was experienced by us in effecting a satisfactory adjustment of the salaries to be allowed, under the new

system of prison management, to the several medical officers; the scale in the first instance laid down for this purpose by the Treasury Department having failed to meet with any general acceptance.

Ultimately the question was referred for inquiry to a committee, consisting of the Chairman of our Board, the Medical Commissioner of the Local Government Board, and the Assistant Under-Secretary; and we are glad to add, as the result of this measure, that a scheme much more favourable to the claims of the medical officers has since received the sanction of their lordships, and so far as we are aware, has, upon the whole, given satisfaction to those immediately concerned.

21. We took occasion last year to express our regret that, up to that time no advantage whatever had been taken in Ireland of the provisions contained in the Act of 1877, with respect to the establishment and recognition of Discharged Prisoners' Aid Societies, and we are sorry to be obliged on the present occasion to repeat the expression of the same feeling. With the solitary exception of the "Belfast Prison Gate Mission," which was recognised in November last, by a certificate under the hand of the Chief Secretary, as a "Certified Prisoners' Aid Society" for Protestant prisoners, the provisions above referred to still continue, we regret to find, as far as this country is concerned, absolutely inoperative.

Discharged
Prisoners' Aid
Societies.

See as to this
40 & 41 Vic.,
c. 49, sec. 41-
45.

22. In England, where the great practical value of these organizations is more fully appreciated, many such societies already exist, and the importance attached to them there by those best qualified to judge on the subject, may be inferred from the following passage taken from the Second Annual Report of the English Commissioners of Prisons, viz. :—

England.

"As respects the grant of aid in addition to the gratuity on account of their industry in prison, it is in our opinion essentially necessary to success, that the co-operation of many persons unconnected with the prisons should be secured, in order that by their aid, and through their interest, the prisoners, whom it is desired to assist, may be provided with employment, and in some measure watched over with friendly interest; and we hope that in due time there may be in connexion with every prison a society which will undertake these important duties."

23. In the Appendix will be found the detailed statement prescribed by sec. 15 of the Prisons Act, of "all punishments of any kind which may have been inflicted within each prison, and the offences for which such punishments were inflicted."

Punishments.

See Appendix,
Table X.

These punishments, with the exception of a few cases in which the temporary use of hand restraints was found necessary, consist of confinement in punishment cells, dietary punishments (as provided for in the present dietary rules), and punishments by deprivation of marks and class. The number of offences so dealt with during the past year, shows a rather large increase over the corresponding return for 1878-1879, viz. :—13,304, as against 10,475; a result mainly attributable, no doubt, to the exercise of a closer supervision, and the enforcement of a stricter discipline,

See Appendix

and an increased amount of industry, as the officers have become more familiar with the operation of the new rules and system.

Useful Trades,
and Industries,
&c.

24. The particulars required by sec. 16 of the Act to be annually furnished for the information of Parliament "as to the various trades and manufacturing processes carried on in each of the prisons," and "as to the commercial value of the labours, and the number of prisoners employed," will be found set forth in detail in the reports upon each of the prisons already referred to in Paragraph 17, and in Table XXI.

See Appendix.

We may on this point be permitted to repeat here what we last year took occasion to observe as to this—namely, that "as yet our industrial labour has not been developed as extensively as we could wish"; but the early difficulties which beset us in this respect are now gradually disappearing.

Educational
and School
Statistics.
Table VIII.

25. The usual educational statistics relating to the prisoners committed during the past year will be found in the Appendix, and from this record it will be observed that out of the total number of 44,659, as many as 16,870, or considerably more than one-third, are returned as being "wholly illiterate"; while only 19,691, or considerably less than one-half, are stated to be able to both "read and write."

In Table IX. is shown the number of prisoners in attendance at school during the year, the number of teachers employed, and the time allotted daily for instruction in each prison.

Schools.

In our former report we explained the difficulties which had led to the then recent loss of the advantages formerly enjoyed from the connexion of our Prison Schools with the National Board of Education.

We have since then been enabled to substitute in some of the most important of our long-sentence prisons instruction in collective classes for that of the separate cellular system; but before making any general change of arrangement we have thought it advisable to await the result of some experiments which are now, as we learn, being tried in the English Local Prisons, and with the exact particulars of which we hope to be made acquainted as soon as a conclusion has been come to.

Comparative
Statistics of
Crime for
'78-79, and
'79-80.

26. From the intimate connexion usually found to exist between pauperism and crime some sensible increase in the number of criminals might not unreasonably have been looked for during the past year, as compared with that immediately preceding it. It is, however, deserving of special observation here that, notwithstanding the intense severity of the strain to which the poorer classes have been undoubtedly exposed during the past season in very many parts of the country, our prison statistics for 1879-80 exhibit, on the contrary, as contrasted with 1878-79, a decrease—though only a very slight one, it is true—in the number of committals to prison—the figures as to this for the two years in question standing thus,—

viz:—

Year.	No. of Committals to Prison.
1878-80.	44,659
1878-79.	45,297

27. While prison statistics thus exhibit a decrease of numbers for the past as compared with the preceding year, the returns of pauperism for the same period point, it will be seen, in the opposite direction. Comparative statistics of pauperism for 1879-80.

In the last report of the Local Government Board it is stated that:—

“The following is a comparative statement of the relief afforded on the 28th February, 1880, and the 1st March, 1879:—

Date.	Indoor.	Outdoor.	Total.
28 February, 1880, . .	59,870	57,684	117,454
1 March, 1879, . .	53,979	42,183	96,162
Increase, . .	5,891	15,401	21,292

And it is added:—

“This increase in the numbers relieved does not, however, indicate the full extent of the distress which has prevailed throughout the greater part of Ireland during the past winter, the poor in many districts having been supported and provided with clothing and bedding from funds supplied by the Committee of the Duchess of Marlborough's Relief Fund, by the Mansion House Committee, and from other charitable sources.”

These facts and figures will speak for themselves, and we venture to submit that the conclusion may be not unfairly deduced from them that the decrease—inconsiderable though it as yet be—which has under such exceptionally adverse circumstances taken place in the number of committals to prison is, in some measure at least, to be ascribed to the deterrent influence which an improved and uniform system of prison discipline is even already beginning to exercise upon the criminally-disposed classes of the community.

28. In our last report we submitted three abstracts—the two first dealing with the numbers in custody in all the local prisons of Ireland from 1851 to 1879; and the third showing the number of commitments and the daily average number in custody during each year from 1854 to 1878; and similar abstracts, bringing these returns down to the present year, are now subjoined:— See pp. 14, 15.

No. 1.—NUMBER OF PRISONERS (of all Classes) IN COUNTY AND BOROUGH GAOLS on the 1st January in each year.				Numbers in custody on the 1st January in each of the last 30 years.	
On 1st January, 1851, .	10,084	On 1st January, 1866, .	2,663		
Do. do. 1852, .	8,803	Do. do. 1867, .	2,332		
Do. do. 1853, .	7,604	Do. do. 1868, .	2,463		
Do. do. 1854, .	5,755	Do. do. 1869, .	2,024		
Do. do. 1855, .	5,080	Do. do. 1870, .	2,029		
Do. do. 1856, .	3,561	Do. do. 1871, .	2,161		
Do. do. 1857, .	3,419	Do. do. 1872, .	2,098		
Do. do. 1858, .	3,265	Do. do. 1873, .	2,477		
Do. do. 1859, .	2,844	Do. do. 1874, .	2,009		
Do. do. 1860, .	2,535	Do. do. 1875, .	2,317		
Do. do. 1861, .	2,488	Do. do. 1876, .	2,498		
Do. do. 1862, .	2,916	Do. do. 1877, .	2,229		
Do. do. 1863, .	3,053	Do. do. 1878, .	2,617		
Do. do. 1864, .	3,023	Do. do. 1879, .	2,497		
Do. do. 1865, .	2,747	Do. do. 1880, .	2,690		

Monthly return
of prisoners in
custody last
30 years.

No. 2.—RETURN of the NUMBERS (of all Classes) in GAOLS on the 1st day
of each Month in the Years—

Year.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1851.	10,284	11,032	11,444	10,580	11,003	12,317	12,223	10,603	9,406	8,435	8,247	8,661
1852.	8,203	9,387	9,571	8,244	8,830	9,527	8,854	7,621	7,323	7,453	7,504	7,532
1853.	7,604	8,154	8,141	7,510	7,581	7,554	7,584	6,243	6,332	5,313	6,471	5,741
1854.	5,756	5,186	5,423	5,518	5,886	5,577	5,836	5,040	5,487	5,230	4,932	5,040
1855.	5,980	5,773	4,788	4,708	4,880	4,637	4,783	4,283	4,148	3,753	3,747	3,814
1856.	3,551	3,856	4,022	3,655	3,555	3,686	3,459	3,556	3,495	3,377	3,434	3,586
1857.	3,419	3,559	3,477	3,298	3,252	3,423	3,373	3,354	3,272	3,234	3,372	3,255
1858.	3,205	3,323	3,155	3,208	3,232	3,043	2,857	3,010	3,283	3,779	3,787	3,945
1859.	2,941	2,928	2,847	2,750	2,603	2,600	2,740	2,929	2,831	2,534	2,566	2,565
1860.	2,733	2,610	2,523	2,532	2,580	2,736	2,742	2,630	2,474	2,439	2,496	2,508
1861.	2,488	2,635	2,709	2,568	2,705	2,986	3,288	2,859	2,714	2,789	2,886	2,843
1862.	2,515	2,585	2,122	2,233	2,059	2,140	2,258	2,075	2,249	2,552	2,564	2,634
1863.	2,005	2,203	2,048	2,206	2,090	2,219	2,413	3,000	3,081	2,860	2,612	2,747
1864.	2,053	2,038	2,022	2,279	2,072	2,072	2,000	2,018	2,013	2,219	2,225	2,256
1865.	2,747	2,663	2,788	2,675	2,743	2,883	2,914	2,971	2,918	2,800	2,820	2,764
1866.	2,663	2,765	3,034	3,170	2,987	2,841	2,854	2,711	2,619	2,301	2,325	2,311
1867.	2,332	2,290	2,438	2,344	2,440	2,444	2,400	2,722	2,890	2,665	2,570	2,498
1868.	2,463	2,575	2,398	2,307	2,163	2,168	2,248	2,233	2,244	2,205	2,110	2,020
1869.	2,034	2,056	2,107	2,150	2,210	2,219	2,326	2,370	2,316	2,383	2,165	2,107
1870.	2,029	2,165	2,128	2,230	2,428	2,456	2,546	2,502	2,627	2,512	2,352	2,276
1871.	2,161	2,163	2,215	2,348	2,228	2,409	2,419	2,418	2,361	2,384	2,368	2,210
1872.	2,098	2,273	2,227	2,081	2,456	2,231	2,263	2,394	2,516	2,635	2,630	2,487
1873.	2,477	2,564	2,417	2,550	2,518	2,647	2,680	2,667	2,739	2,769	2,832	2,661
1874.	2,659	2,630	2,639	2,648	2,630	2,645	2,692	2,833	2,971	3,031	2,943	2,818
1875.	2,517	2,667	2,622	2,744	2,860	2,832	2,837	2,821	2,910	2,831	2,758	2,584
1876.	2,468	2,613	2,507	2,682	2,682	2,809	2,963	2,961	3,035	3,079	3,194	3,094
1877.	2,959	3,006	3,011	2,602	2,754	2,811	2,923	3,359	3,246	3,053	2,917	3,028
1878.	2,817	2,815	2,833	2,803	2,813	2,774	2,837	3,028	3,011	3,041	2,895	2,895
1879.	2,497	2,630	2,447	2,735	2,818	2,681	2,668	2,689	2,664	2,662	2,822	2,559
1880.	2,030	2,005	2,575	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Number of
commitments,
daily averages,
&c.

No. 3.—COMMITMENTS (exclusive of Debtors) in the Twenty-six Years
ended 31st March, 1880.

Years.	Number of Commitments.	Daily Average No. of Prisoners.	Years.	Number of Commitments.	Daily Average No. of Prisoners.
1854.	60,445	5,700·9	1867.	30,067	2,540·6
1855.	48,446	4,418·3	1868.	29,501	2,150·6
1856.	43,713	3,580·6	1869.	29,879	2,123·8
1857.	39,666	3,273·4	1870.	32,370	2,377·2
1858.	33,990	2,894·0	1871.	31,129	2,224·8
1859.	32,142	2,606·4	1872.	30,222	2,269
1860.	30,712	2,523·8	1873.	33,894	2,578
1861.	30,067	2,631·3	1874.	38,536	2,770
1862.	32,159	2,695·9	1875.	38,622	2,741
1863.	33,940	3,028·7	1876.	41,817	2,828
1864.	32,870	2,843·1	1877.	43,641	2,985
1865.	32,731	2,718·8	1878-79*	45,297	2,825
1866.	20,097	2,559·4	1879-80*	44,659	2,812

*To 31st March.

The record here supplied—Table 3.—of the fluctuation that has taken place in the number of commitments to prison during each year of the series, from 1854 to the present time, is not without interest as an indication, to a certain extent, of the varying social condition of the country during that period, but it is at the same time to be borne in mind that the number of "commitments" does not in itself furnish a true measure of the actual criminal population in any one year, the same individuals being not uncommonly committed several times.

Thus the total number of 44,659 commitments for the past year, it will be seen represented only 29,916 different individuals—818 of this number having been previously committed upwards of twenty times, and 1,041 from twelve to twenty times, while only 18,183 are classed as not having been in prison before the 1st April, 1879. See Appendix, Table VI.

Table XI, in the Appendix, deals with juvenile offenders, i.e., prisoners not exceeding 16 years of age, of which there were 1,068 males and 187 females, committed in the year ending 31st March, 1880, being a total of 1,255 commitments of prisoners of this class. Of this number 286 males and 69 females were supplied by Dublin alone—being more than one-fourth of the male, and more than one-third of the female juveniles committed—a state of facts, as regards the youth of Dublin, which goes far to account for the exceptional largeness of the normal contributions of the city to our criminal calendar. Juveniles.

Of the total number of juveniles committed, 118 males and 25 females were under 12 years of age.

Committals of this class have been adversely commented upon by all the best and highest authorities on the subject, the imprisonment of children of tender years being admittedly calculated to harden rather than reform their natures, while it affixes a stigma to their characters rarely removed in after life, and which it is obvious must tend to force them into early and injurious association with offenders of the worst and most dangerous type.

29. It has been already stated that since the date of our last report, the reduction made in 1878, in the number of bridewells, viz., from 95 to 43, has been during the past year followed up by a further reduction to 36 in the number now maintained, and in the subjoined abstract is shown the total number of committals to prisons of this class made during each year from 1850 to 1880, both inclusive, viz. :— Bridewells.

NO. OF COMMITMENTS TO BRIDEWELLS.

Years.	No. of Commitments.	Years.	No. of Commitments.	Commitments to bridewells for last 30 years.
1850 .	88,899	1855 .	20,556	
1851 .	85,080	1856 .	18,447	
1852 .	69,860	1857 .	15,954	
1853 .	58,563	1858 .	14,137	
1854 .	48,358	1859 .	13,510	
1855 .	38,002	1870 .	15,801	
1856 .	33,534	1871 .	10,283	
1857 .	31,504	1872 .	7,823	
1858 .	27,424	1873 .	5,732	
1859 .	25,298	1874 .	6,704	
1860 .	22,421	1875 .	8,368	
1861 .	20,166	1876 .	5,889	
1862 .	22,064	1877 .	5,576	
1863 .	21,053	1878-79*	4,256	*To 31st March.
1864 .	20,563	1879-80*	4,247	

From the above Table it will be seen that the number of "commitments" to this, the minor class of prisons, has exhibited a very striking and almost uninterruptedly progressive annual decline during the period covered by the return—the number, 4,247, for 1880 being, it will be observed, less than one-twentieth of that shown for the commencing year of the series, viz., 88,899.

II.—THE CONVICT PRISONS.

30. The accommodation afforded for convicts by the four Convict Prisons on the 1st of January, 1880, may be still estimated, as last year, at 1,670, and the number in custody at that date was:—

	Males.	Females.	Total.
In Convict Prisons,	634	177	811
In Local Prisons,	88	2	90
Gross total of Convicts in Custody on 1st January,	722	179	901

31. The number of Convicts sentenced to Penal Servitude during the year ending 31st March, 1880, was:—

	Males.	Females.	Total.
5 years,	77	8	85
7 "	38	6	44
8 "	—	1	1
10 "	12	2	14
12 "	1	—	1
14 "	2	—	2
15 "	1	—	1
20 "	2	1	3
Life,	—	3	3
Gross Total sentenced during year, .	133	21	*154

Disposal of Convicts during the year ending 31st March, 1880.

I.—Released on Orders of Licence as follows:—

	M.	F.	Total.
No. released for the first time under present sentence,	167	52	219
No. released who had before been released on Licence under same sentence, but whose Licences had been forfeited or revoked,	4†	3	7
No. released from Refuges to which they had been admitted on Licence,	—	33	33
	171	88	259

II.—Discharged unconditionally as follows:—

	M.	F.	Total.
No. discharged on commutation of sentence,	10	—	10
No. discharged who served their full sentences,	31	2	33
No. discharged on completion of a term of penal servitude which they were obliged to undergo in consequence of the revocation or forfeiture of their Licences,	13	9	22
	54	11	65

Gross Total Released and Discharged during the year, 223 99 324

32. The Revocations and Forfeitures of Licences in Ireland during the year ended 31st March, 1880, were as follow:—

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Forfeited or revoked for breach of conditions of Licence,	6	4	10
Forfeited or revoked in consequence of a conviction for other offences,	27‡	9	36
Gross Total,	33	13	46

33. Subjoined is a table similar to that given in last Annual Report, showing the number of Convicts respectively in "Custody," "Convicted," and "Discharged," since the year 1854—the year

* Seven of these were military convicts.

† One of these was an English Convict.

‡ Three of these were English Licence Holders.

immediately following the enactment of the first Penal Servitude Act, 16 & 17 Vic., c. 99, and from which it will be observed that between that period and the present time the number in custody has gradually fallen from the maximum of 3,933 in the first year of the series to the minimum of 901, or considerably less than one-fourth of the former number, in the last, viz. :—

RETURN showing the number of Convicts in "Custody," "Convicted," and "Discharged" since the year 1854, inclusive.

In custody in Convict Prisons, January 1st.	Year.	Convicted.	No. Discharged.
*3,933	1854	710	658
3,427	1855	518	820
3,209	1856	389	1,107
2,614	1857	428	910
2,277	1858	358	946
1,773	1859	322	895
1,631	1860	331	824
1,492	1861	368	861
1,314	1862	592	317
1,575	1863	511	328
1,768	1864	407	391
1,776	1865	299	410
1,637	1866	265	439
1,431	1867	296	330
1,335	1868	246	245
1,326	1869	191	291
1,230	1870	245	253
1,228	1871	219	265
1,195	1872	201	255
1,143	1873	228	250
1,133	1874	221	220
1,133	1875	241	259
1,136	1876	192	195
1,165	1877	188	243
1,114	1878	184	280
†962	1879	‡154	324
†911	1880		

34. In the Appendix will be found the usual Reports and returns relating to the four Convict Prisons of Mountjoy Male, Spike Island, Mountjoy Female, and Lusk respectively, and which afford full information as to the working and general condition of each establishment.

35. The entire unsuitability of Spike Island, owing to its *Spike Island* structural arrangements, for the purposes of a Convict Prison has been long since conceded on all hands.

Captain Barlow, who had for several years acted as sole director of the Irish Convict Prisons, observed as to this, in his last Report, as follows :—

"The difficulties of maintaining discipline in it have been always considerable, owing to almost unrestrained communications of the Convicts, necessitated by the temporary nature of the cells erected in

* In addition to this number there were 345 convicts under detention in the county prisons, and several hundreds in Bermuda and Gibraltar, who were subsequently discharged in Ireland.

† In addition to these numbers, 69 and 80 convicts were in Local Prisons in '79 and '80 respectively.

‡ Seven of these were military convicts.

buildings originally intended for Military Barracks. For years the class of convicts has been becoming worse, more inclined to violence, and less reclaimable."

*See Report of
R. O. Chaplain,
Appendix.

And similar testimony has been from time to time borne to the same effect by other highly competent witnesses.*

36. Under these circumstances, it caused us no surprise to find the recent Penal Servitude Commission reporting, on the 14th of July, 1879, as one of the many valuable conclusions to which their exhaustive inquiry had led them:—

"That the prison at Spike Island be discontinued,"

a conclusion in which, it is almost unnecessary to add, we, in every respect, most fully concur.

37. The difficulties in the way of providing a suitable substitute anywhere else have, however, proved to be very formidable, and though the subject has long engaged, and is still engaging, the anxious attention both of the Executive Government, and our own Board, no satisfactory solution of it has been as yet reached, the several projects so far started having been each successively, for one reason or another, put aside.

38. The several other recommendations contained in the Commissioners' report relating to the Irish convict system, have also met with our cordial concurrence, and we have already taken the necessary steps for giving full practical effect to them at the earliest possible date.

Mark system.

39. The assimilation of the Irish system of recording marks to that pursued in England, for which the Commissioners have expressed so decided a preference, is a task, it is unnecessary to remark, of considerable magnitude, requiring from the officers engaged upon it much care and labour in the mastery of the numerous and intricate details it involves, but from the stage now reached in our preparatory arrangements for effecting the change we think we can confidently calculate upon being very shortly in a position to report its complete accomplishment.

Dietaries.

40. With respect to the question of the Irish Convict Dietaries the Commissioners have reported that the evidence taken by them, "shows that they demand careful consideration." We fully recognise the importance of this conclusion, and have accordingly already taken leave to suggest that the Medical Commission, the appointment of which, as described in paragraph 12 of this report, we have considered it advisable to recommend, in relation to the Dietary of the Local Prisons, should be likewise intrusted with the revision of the Convict Dietaries, which the Commissioners of Inquiry have so strongly urged in their report.

III. REGISTRATION OF CRIMINALS.

41. In the Habitual Criminals Act, 1869, 32 & 33 V., c. 99, provision was, for the first time, made for insuring in the future a better supervision of the criminal classes by means of a system of registering "ALL PERSONS convicted of crime," and in the Pre-

vention of Crimes Act, 1871, 34 & 35 V., c. 112, which repeals the above Act of 1869, it is further provided (sec. 6):—

1. "That registers of all persons convicted of crime in the United Kingdom shall be kept in such form, and contain such particulars, as may, from time to time, be prescribed by (in Ireland) the Lord Lieutenant." and

2. "That (in Ireland) the Lord Lieutenant may make regulations as to the photographing of all prisoners convicted of crime who may be, for the time being, confined in any prison."

42. The number of prisoners registered and photographed in pursuance of this enactment proved to be not only very considerable in itself, but moreover, necessarily included many respecting whom the information which the Registry was designed to supply was never likely to prove of any practical value whatever; while the labour of conducting searches amongst so large a number of names, and descriptions militated seriously against the usefulness of the register as a ready means of identification.

43. To remedy this undoubted defect in the legislation of 1871, a short amending Act was passed in 1876, entitled, "The Prevention of Crimes Act Amendment," 39 & 40 V., c. 23, which provides (sec. 2), that—

"In Ireland the Lord Lieutenant may, from time to time, by order, prescribe the class or classes of prisoners to which the enactments of the Prevention of Crimes Act of 1871, relating to registry and photographing are, for the time being, to apply."

44. In pursuance of this provision orders were made in June, 1877, by which the classes to which the Act of 1871 was in future to apply are defined to be:—

(1.) Every "habitual criminal," that is, every person convicted on indictment of certain specified crimes, a previous conviction of any such specified crime being proved against him.

(2.) Every person who having been convicted of any such specified crime is discharged from a sentence of penal servitude.

45. The practical effect of the alteration just described in the state of the law bearing on this subject will be at once seen on reference to the subjoined statistics of the decennial period from 1870 to 1879, both inclusive, viz:—

Number of habitual criminals registered in:—

Year.	No.
1870,	907
1871,	1,058
1872,	840
1873,	1,118
1874,	1,062
1875,	986
1876,	964
1877,	609
1878,	272
1879,	305

Total, 8,121

46. The reduction here shown in the figures for the two last years of the series is, it will be observed, very large, and it may be further added that while it has afforded greatly increased facilities for the prompt identification of all criminals of the class, the Registry was really intended for, it has been attended with no counterbalancing loss or inconvenience of any sort, the information supplied having been always found almost absolutely valueless, in practice, as regards the classes of prisoners now excluded by this change from the operation of the system.

Alphabetical
register of
criminals.
83 & 33 Vic.,
c. 89.
84 & 35 Vic.,
c. 112.

47. In the year 1877 a commencement was made in this office in the preparation of a complete alphabetical register of all habitual criminals who have been liberated, subject to the penalties of section 8 of the Habitual Criminals Act, 1869, or of sections 7 and 8 of the Prevention of Crimes Act, 1871, but the work was then soon after suspended.

It has been recently, however, resumed, and is now being actively pressed forward to completion.

48. The importance of such a record as this in the administration of the criminal law of the country cannot be over-estimated, but the work is one necessarily involving a vast amount of labour and care in its compilation, as may be inferred from the fact that, besides containing the office registration number, and the names alphabetically arranged, and aliases of more than 8,000 convicts, the register will also supply, in regard to each individual comprehended in it, the following additional particulars, viz. :—A description of the age, height, hair, eyes, face, and trade or occupation; the name of the prison from which liberated, with date of liberation; the offence for which convicted, and the sentence; the number of years of police supervision to which subjected, and the intended place of residence after liberation, with a final column for "marks and remarks."

49. From the satisfactory progress that has been already made we confidently anticipate that this most valuable record, in a completed state, and which, for greater convenience of reference, is arranged in alphabetical form, will be ready for printing within, at the farthest, a few months from the present time, after which there will be as little delay as possible in rendering it available, as intended, for general use.

50. The work of the primary compilation now in progress being once completed, we think it may be assumed that there will be comparatively but little subsequent expense or labour involved in adding to this record the same particulars respecting the registered criminals of each ensuing year, and which, judging from the results of our recent experience on the subject, are not likely, we estimate, to exceed at any time an annual average of about 300 names.

IV. DEPARTMENTAL ARRANGEMENTS.

51. No alteration in the nature of our departmental arrangements, as described in our previous report, has taken place within the past year, with the exception of the temporary addition already referred to, of an architect to our official staff. This office was conferred on Mr. Wm. J. Welland, who had for some years filled a similar position under the late Board of Ecclesiastical Commissioners.

V. APPENDIX.

52. We take leave in conclusion to refer for the various statistical tables and other usual information to the Appendix, and which in addition to the summarised statement on the subject in our first report, contains, it will be seen, this year a full detail of the daily average number of prisoners in custody, and the expenses incurred under each head of service, for every local and convict prison separately during the year ended 31st March, 1880, as well as a series of returns, not previously given, relating to the operations in connexion with the "REGISTRATION OF CRIMINALS."

We have the honour to be

Your Excellency's obedient, faithful servants,

C. F. BOURKE, *Chairman.*

J. BARLOW, *Vice-Chairman.*

W. P. O'BRIEN.

JOHN LENTAIGNE, *Hon. Member.*

APPENDICES

TO

SECOND REPORT OF GENERAL PRISONS BOARD, IRELAND, FOR THE YEAR 1879-80.

A.—LOCAL PRISONS.

PLANK BEDS.

Circular 100.

MEMORANDUM.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
10th April, 1879.

The general Prisons Board desire me to instruct you that prisoners under Rule of Penal Servitude awaiting transfer to a Convict Prison are subject to Rule 24 as to Plank beds.

To Governors of Local Gaols. By order,
RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

STAGE REGISTERS.

Addenda to Circular 101.

SIR,

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
18th April, 1879.

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to acquaint you that the Stage Register dockets transmitted to you on the 16th instant should be pasted at the four corners to a light piece of cardboard, and hung against the cell door by a small nail, and should be carefully filed when taken down.

To Governors of Local Gaols. I am, sir, your obedient servant,
RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

RECORDS OF REDUCTIONS OF MARKS.

Circular 102.

SIR,

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
16th April, 1879.

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to acquaint you that a book will be forwarded you this day for the purpose of recording the reduction of prisoners' marks, and I am to request that you will have it carefully kept in accordance with the pattern on the fly sheet.

To Governors of Local Gaols. I am, sir, your obedient servant,
RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

SENTENCES OF PRISONERS, how to be computed.

Circular 103.

SIR,

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
17th April, 1879.

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to inform you that a question having arisen respecting the detention in Bridewells of prisoners sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the County Gaol, the Law Adviser

of the Crown has given it as his opinion, that when a warrant directs a prisoner to be lodged in a certain Gaol and to be imprisoned there for a fixed period, the prisoner must spend the term of his sentence in such Gaol, and can get no credit for the period of time which is required to reach it.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To Governors of Gaols and Keepers of Bridewells.

N.B.—You will please acknowledge this, and all Circulars from this Department in the future.

PAYMENT OF EXPENSES OF CONVEYANCE OF PRISONERS.

Circular No. 104.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
15th April, 1879.

MEMORANDUM.

The expenses incurred in the removal of convicted Prisoners (including convicts under sentence of penal servitude) from one Prison to another Prison, from and after the 1st April, 1879, will be paid by the Governor of the Prison from which the Prisoners are removed.

When the removal is made by the Constabulary, the Governor will advance to the Constabulary Officer who furnishes the escort the amount necessary to pay the expenses of removal; and after it has been carried out, he will obtain from the Constabulary Officer detailed accounts of the expenses incurred, accompanied by vouchers, and the balance remaining (if any) of the sum advanced, in order that the expenses may be charged in the monthly accounts of the Governor, furnished to this Office.

A copy is sent herewith of a Circular issued by the Constabulary Department to the Constabulary Officers, containing instructions on this subject; these instructions must be carefully observed by the Governors of Prisons.

CHARLES F. BOURKE, Chairman.

The Governors of the several Convict and Local Prisons.

CIRCULAR TO CONSTABULARY OFFICERS.

On and after 1st April, 1879, in all cases where the Constabulary are required to escort convicted Prisoners removed from one Prison to another (whether Convict Prisons or County Prisons), the Officer who furnishes the Escort is to apply to the Governor of the Prison from which the Prisoners are removed for the funds necessary to carry out the duty. On receiving same, he will give the Governor a temporary receipt for the amount, first handing over the amount to the Head or other Constable in charge of the Escort, and taking his acknowledgment for it as an endorsement on the temporary receipt. The advances so made are to be accounted for to the Governor of the Gaol, through the District Officer, subject to the regulations contained in Sections 151 and 154 Finance Code, the word "Officer" in the latter being understood in that application of the Section to mean the Governor of the Prison. On the return of the Escort, the account, duly vouched, is to be rendered to the Sub-Inspector to whom the advance was made, who, after examining same, will submit it to the County Inspector for examination by him, and certificate as to its correctness. When so certified, it is to be forwarded by the Sub-Inspector to the Governor of the Gaol, together with any cash balance in hands,

upon which the temporary voucher given by the Sub-Inspector should be returned by the Governor. Form O may continue to be used for the accounts in question.

EXTRACT FROM CONSTABULARY FINANCE CODE.

ADVANCES.

151. *To be Accounted for without Delay.*—Persons receiving advances must account for same without delay (in no case later than twenty-four hours after the conclusion of the duty and return to quarters), by rendering an account on proper form with vouchers (ready to be submitted for approval), and paying or receiving, as the case may be, the difference in cash.

154. *Receipts for Expenses.*—Head and other Constables receiving advances when proceeding on Escorts or other duties are to procure the receipts for their expenses in the name of the Officer in whose accounts the charge is intended to appear.

STATEMENT OF ALLOWANCES PAYABLE UNDER CONSTABULARY REGULATIONS TO OFFICERS AND MEN EMPLOYED IN THE ESCORT OF PRISONERS.

Extra Pay.

Sub-Inspectors,	{ 10s. for a night's absence.
	{ 5s. for ten consecutive hours' absence.
Head Constables,	{ 3s. 6d. for a night's absence.
	{ 1s. 3d. for ten consecutive hours' absence.
Constables, Acting and	{ 2s. 6d. for a night's absence.
Sub-Constables,	{ 1s. for ten consecutive hours' absence.

Extra pay for any night and ten hours subsequently is allowed only when the absence amounts to 34 consecutive hours.

Railway Charges.—By Act of Parliament, Officers are not liable to pay more than 2d. per mile. Head and other Constables are not liable to pay more than 1d. per mile. Should a return ticket be cheaper, the Escort are to take return tickets. Convicts are always paid for at third class fare.

Car Hire.—The actual expense incurred in escorting Prisoners. Should an Officer accompany a large Escort, he is not obliged to travel on the same car with the men or Prisoners, and would be entitled to mileage at the rate of 3d. per statute mile.

Diet for Convicts, when necessary, 6d. per diem.

SUBORDINATE OFFICERS in INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Circular 105.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,

17th April, 1879.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to request that when a subordinate Prison Officer is found labouring under an infectious disease you will have such officer at once sent to the nearest public Hospital, or to the house of the officer, if the latter course be more acceptable to the sufferer.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD GREGG, Chief Clerk.

To Governors of Local Gaols.

CONVICTED PRISONERS to be dressed in PRISON CLOTHING when on removal from one PRISON to another.

Circular 106.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,

21st April, 1879.

SIR,

I am directed when issuing the accompanying amended Form to be forwarded with Convicted Prisoners on removal from one Prison to another, under warrant from the Lord Lieutenant, to inform you that it is the desire of the General Prisons Board.

I. That all such Prisoners shall be removed in Prison clothing.

II. That such clothing shall be returned to the Prison from which the Prisoners were removed.

III. That the Prisoners own clothing shall be sent in charge of the escort with a list of particulars in each case—to the Governor of the Prison to which the Prisoners are being removed.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To Governors of Local Gaols.

N.B.—The forms above referred to are not to be used in the case of convicts sentenced to penal servitude.

QUORUM OF VISITING COMMITTEES.

Circular 107.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,

21st April, 1879.

Sir,

Referring to the communication addressed to you from this Department on the 4th June, 1878, transmitting copies of the Rules for the Government of Local Prisons, the General Prisons Board beg to transmit to you, herewith, by command of His Grace the Lord Lieutenant two copies of the Rule as to the Quorum of Visiting Committees as approved of by Parliament.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

CHARLES F. BOURKE, Chairman.

The Chairman, Visiting Committee, Gaol.

By the LORD LIEUTENANT GENERAL and GENERAL GOVERNOR
of IRELAND.

MARLBOROUGH.

In pursuance of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, we, JOHN WINSTON, Duke of Marlborough, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland, do hereby make and publish the following rule with respect to Visiting Committees of Prisons, that is to say:—

Where a Visiting Committee consists of nine or more members, a quorum of such Committee shall consist of three members; and where a Visiting Committee consists of less than nine members, a quorum of such Committee shall consist of two members; and no act of any meeting of a Visiting Committee shall be valid, unless a quorum of its members shall be present thereat.

Given at Her Majesty's Castle at Dublin, this 2nd day of January, 1879.

By His Grace's Command,

(Signed), T. H. BURKE.

LUNATICS in PRISONS.

Circular No. 109.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,

29th April, 1879.

Sir,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to request that, in the case of a prisoner being found Insane, who had been transferred from another Prison, by warrant of the Lord Lieutenant, to your custody, you will forward, in addition to the necessary certificate, a statement from the Surgeon as to whether, in his opinion, the prisoner could with safety, be re-sent to the Prison to which he was in the first instance committed, in order that such prisoner may be transferred to the Asylum belonging to the County from which the original commitment was made.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governor, H. M. Prison.

DIETARIES in BRIDEWELLS.

Circular No. 110.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
30th April, 1879.

To EACH BRIDEWELL-KEEPER.

SIR,

Attached hereto is a copy of the Prison Dietary which is to come into use in "all Local Prisons" from and after the 15th May next.

In forwarding it for your information, I am directed by the General Prisons Board to draw your particular attention to those portions of it with which alone you will have to deal, particularly in the Bridewell of—

Under Class 3, and in the column marked B, you will find the Dietary to be issued to all "untried prisoners," and you will observe from the foot note that a power is given to substitute, when deemed necessary, 6 ozs. salt fish for 6 ozs. suet pudding on Fridays at the dinner meal.

Under Class 1, you will find the Dietary now prescribed for all prisoners under sentence for terms of seven days and under.

As the New Dietary must be followed in all "Local Prisons," whether gaols or bridewells, from the date fixed for bringing it into operation, the General Prisons Board request that the Local Bridewell-keepers will be careful to make such arrangements as will insure that the rule is followed in every instance without exception.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

HOURS of UNLOCKING.

Circular No. 112.

6351/79.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
6th May, 1879.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to inform you that the prisoners under your charge should, from the 1st April to the 30th September in each year, be unlocked on week-days at six o'clock a.m., and the "Lockings" should commence at six o'clock p.m.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

LOUIS O. OWENS, Pro-Chief Clerk.

To the Governors of H. M. Prisons.

ISSUE of DIETARIES.

Circular No. 114.

6668/79.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
13th May, 1879.

SIR,

With reference to Circular No. 97 issued from this Department on the 25th March last. I am desired by the General Prisons Board to acquaint you that his Grace the Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to direct that the new rules for the dietaries of Local Prisons in Ireland, approved by the Lord Lieutenant in Council, on 20th July, 1878, shall take effect on and after Tuesday the 3rd June next.

You are hereby requested to carry out the several directions in every particular from that date and to call the attention of the medical officer to the scale ordered for hospital use.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

LOUIS O. OWENS, Pro-Chief Clerk.

To the Governors of H. M. Prisons.

BY THE GENERAL PRISONS

In pursuance of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, the General to the Diets of Prisoners confined

CLASS 1.			CLASS 2.		
MEALS.	—	Men, Women, and Boys under 16 Years of Age, with and without Hard Labour.	—	Men with Hard Labour.	Men without Hard Labour, Women, and Boys under 16 Years of Age.
Breakfast.	Daily, Bread .	8 oz.	Daily	{ Bread . . 6 oz. . 5 oz. Gruel . . 1 pint . 1 pint.	
Dinner .	Daily { Starch, 1½ pints (containing 3 oz. Indian Meal and 3 oz. Oatmeal.) }	1½ pints.	Sunday and Wednesday	{ Bread . . 6 oz. . 5 oz. Sweet Pudding 8 oz. . 6 oz.	
			Monday and Friday	{ Bread . . 6 oz. . 5 oz. Potatoes . . 8 oz. . 8 oz.	
			Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday	{ Bread . . 6 oz. . 5 oz. Soup . . ½ pint . ½ pint.	
Supper .	Daily, Bread .	8 oz.	Daily	{ Bread . . 6 oz. . 5 oz. Gruel . . 1 pint . 1 pint.	

* On Thursdays, beans and fat bacon may be substituted for beef. At the expiration breakfast three days in the week in lieu of

† On Fridays, 6 oz. of salt fish may

The terms to which the above Diets are intended to be

TERM.	CLASS 1.
Seven days and under	Whole term.
More than seven days and not more than one month	Seven days
More than one month and not more than four months . . . . .	. . . . .
More than four months . . . . .	. . . . .

BOARD FOR IRELAND.

Prisons Board for Ireland hereby make the following Rules with respect to ordinary Prisons in Ireland.

CLASS 3.				CLASS 4.				
		Men with Hard Labour	Men without Hard Labour, Women, and Boys under 16 Years of Age.	Prisoners awaiting Trial; misdemeanors of the First Division who do not maintain themselves; and Desperate Debtors.		Men with Hard Labour	Men without Hard Labour, Women and Boys under 16 Years of Age.	
Daily	{ Bread Gruel Oatmeal	8 oz. 1 pint —	6 oz. 1 pint —	6 oz. 1 pint, or $\frac{1}{2}$ pint.	Daily	{ Bread Porridge Gruel	8 oz. 1 pint —	6 oz. — 1 pint.
Sunday, and Thursday	{ Bread Potatoes Cooked Beef without bone	8 oz. 8 oz. 3 oz.	6 oz. 8 oz. 3 oz.	6 oz. 8 oz. 3 oz.	Sunday and Thursday	{ Bread Potatoes Cooked Beef without bone	8 oz. 12 oz. 4 oz.	6 oz. 16 oz. 3 oz.
Monday and Friday	{ Bread Potatoes Suet Pudding	4 oz. 8 oz. 8 oz.	4 oz. 6 oz. 6 oz.	4 oz. 6 oz. 6 oz.	Monday and Friday	{ Bread Potatoes Suet Pudding	6 oz. 8 oz. 12 oz.	4 oz. 8 oz. 10 oz.
Tuesday, Wednesday, and Saturday	{ Bread Potatoes Soup	8 oz. 8 oz. $\frac{3}{4}$ pint	6 oz. 6 oz. $\frac{3}{4}$ pint	6 oz. 6 oz. $\frac{3}{4}$ pint	Tuesday, Wednesday, and Saturday	{ Bread Potatoes Soup	8 oz. 8 oz. 1 pint	6 oz. 8 oz. 1 pint.
Daily	{ Bread Gruel Oatmeal	6 oz. 1 pint —	6 oz. 1 pint —	6 oz. 1 pint, or $\frac{1}{2}$ pint.	Daily	{ Bread Porridge Gruel	8 oz. 1 pint —	6 oz. — 1 pint.

of nine months one pint of oatmeal, with two ounces extra bread may be given at one pint of porridge or gruel, if preferred.
be substituted for suet pudding.

severally applied are those set forth in the following TABLE :—

CLASS 2.	CLASS 3.	CLASS 4.
—	—	—
Remainder of term.	—	—
One month . . .	Remainder of term.	—
. . .	Four months . . .	Remainder of term.

INGREDIENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS.

- Bread, . . . To be made with whole meal, which is to consist of all the products of grinding the wheaten grain, with the exception of the coarser bran.
- Soup, . . . In every pint 4 ounces clod (or shoulder), cheek, neck, leg, or shin of beef; 4 ounces split peas; 2 ounces fresh vegetables; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce onions; pepper and salt.
- Suet Pudding, . . . $1\frac{1}{2}$ ounces mutton suet, 8 ounces flour, and about 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ounces water to make 1 pound.
- Gruel, . . . 2 ounces coarse oatmeal to the pint, with salt.
- Porridge, . . . 3 ounces coarse oatmeal to the pint, with salt.
- Stirabout, . . . Equal parts of Indian meal and oatmeal, with salt. The Indian meal requires more cooking than the oatmeal. To make $1\frac{1}{2}$ pint stirabout, boil $2\frac{1}{2}$ pints water, to which a $\frac{1}{2}$ of an ounce of salt should be added; stir in 3 ounces of Indian meal, and afterwards 3 ounces oatmeal; keep constantly stirring, and when the meals are cooked, the required quantity of $1\frac{1}{2}$ pint stirabout will be produced.
- Cocoa, . . . To every pint, $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce flaked or Admiralty cocoa. Sweetening:
For flaked cocoa, $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce molasses or sugar to the pint.
For Admiralty cocoa, $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce molasses or sugar to the pint.
- Meat liquor, or broth, The liquor in which the meat is cooked on Sundays and Thursdays is to be thickened with $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce flour, and flavoured with $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce onions to each ration, with pepper and salt to taste.

TABLE of Substitutes for Cooked Irish Beef.
(All the Meats to be weighed without Bone).

—	Colonial Beef or Mutton* Preserved by Heat.	Beans† and Fat Bacon (both weighed after cooking).	American or other Foreign Beef Preserved by Cold.‡	Cooked Fresh Fish.	Cooked Salt Meat.	Cooked Salt Fish.
	Ounces.		Ounces.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.
In lieu of 4 oz. cooked Irish beef, . . .	5	Beans 9 oz., . .	4	8	6	12
In lieu of 3 oz. cooked Irish beef, . . .	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	Fat bacon 1 oz. Beans 7 oz., . . Fat bacon $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.	3	6	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	9

* The nutritive properties of this meat are injured by further heating, and it should be served cold.

† Broad or Windsor Beans, dried in the green state and decocted; or Haricot beans.

‡ Weighed after cooking.

TABLE of Substitutes for Potatoes.
(All weighed after Cooking).

—	Cabbage or Turnip Tops.	Parsnips, Turnips, or Carrots.	Preserved (Dried) Potatoes.	Leeks.	Rice Steamed till Tender.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Oz.	Ounces.
In lieu of 12 oz. potatoes, . . .	8	12	12	8	12
In lieu of 10 oz. potatoes, . . .	7	10	10	7	10
In lieu of 8 oz. potatoes, . . .	6	8	8	6	8
In lieu of 6 oz. potatoes, . . .	4	6	6	4	6

DIETS FOR ILL-CONDUCTED OR IDLE PRISONERS.

No. 1.—BREAD AND WATER DIET.

MEN AND WOMEN.

1 lb. Bread per Diem, with Water.

This diet to be limited, in the first place, to three days; after that, one of the under-mentioned stirabout diets, according to labour performed, for three days before its repetition, when it is again to be limited to three days, and a second interval on the stirabout diet is to elapse before it is again repeated. The entire period, including intervals, for which any single term of this diet may be ordered, is not to exceed 15 days. No task of labour is to be enforced on any one of the nine days on which the bread and water constitute the sole food supplied to the prisoner.

No. 2.—STIRABOUT DIET.

For MEN and WOMEN performing a Daily Task of any Labour not expressly defined as Hard Labour.

Breakfast,	. . .	Bread, 8 ounces.
Dinner,	. . .	1 pint stirabout, containing 2 ounces oatmeal, and 2 ounces Indian meal, with salt. Potatoes, 8 ounces.
Supper,	. . .	Bread, 8 ounces.

This diet to be limited, in the first place, to 21 days; after that, the diet of the class to which the prisoner belongs, for one week before its repetition, when it is to be limited to 14 days. The entire period, including the interval, for which any single term of this diet may be ordered, is not to exceed 42 days.

No. 3.—FULL STIRABOUT DIET.

For MEN performing a Daily Task of Hard Labour.

Breakfast,	. . .	Bread, 8 ounces.
Dinner,	. . .	1½ pint stirabout, containing 3 ounces oatmeal, and 3 ounces Indian meal, with salt. Potatoes, 8 ounces.
Supper,	. . .	Bread, 8 ounces.

This diet to be limited, in the first place, to 42 days; after that, the diet of the class to which the prisoner belongs, for 14 days before its repetition, when it is to be limited to 28 days. The entire period, including the interval, for which any single term of this diet may be ordered, is not to exceed 84 days.

HOSPITAL DIETS.

MEN AND WOMEN.

DIETS.	PER DAY.							
	Bread.	Cooked Mutton, without Bone.	Cooked Fresh Fish.	Potatoes.	Rice Pudding.	Arrowroot, made with Milk.	Tea.	Milk, additional to that in Arrowroot.
	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.
Ordinary, .	16	5	—	8	8	—	30	—
Extra, . . .	20	6	—	8	8	—	30	—
Fish, . . .	16	—	10	8	—	—	30	—
Low, . . .	8	—	—	—	—	20	15	20

The following Articles may be ordered as Extras or Substitutes in the quantities deemed necessary by the Medical Officer.

Ale.	Corn Flour.	Jam.	Rice (ground).
Bacon.	Eggs.	Jelly.	Sago.
Beef Tea.	Fruit.	Lemonade (<i>see</i> below).	Spirits.
Biscuits.	Greens (or other Vegetables), in lieu of Potatoes.	low).	Stout.
Butter.		Milk.	Sugar.
Cake.		Porter.	Waters (Mineral).
Cocoa.	Ice.	Poultry.	Wine.

INSTRUCTIONS.

Rice Pudding, . . .	2 ounces rice; 1 pint milk; 1 ounce sugar; 1 egg and nutmeg, to produce 20 ounces.
Arrowroot, . . .	1 ounce arrowroot; 1 pint milk; 1 ounce sugar, to produce 1 pint.
Beef Tea, . . .	16 ounces of the lean parts of the neck of the ox to 1 pint water.
Tea, . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce tea; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce sugar; 2 ounces milk, and water to make up $\frac{1}{2}$ pint.
Cocoa, . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce flaked or Admiralty cocoa to 1 pint water, sweetened with $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce molasses or sugar for flaked cocoa, and $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce molasses or sugar for Admiralty cocoa.
Lemonade, . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce cream of tartar; $\frac{1}{2}$ lemon (sliced); 2 ounces loaf sugar; water $1\frac{1}{2}$ pint. The water to be added hot to the other ingredients, and the whole to be allowed to stand till cold; then strain.
Mutton, . . .	To be roasted or baked on four days in the week, and boiled on three days. On the days on which the mutton is boiled the meat liquor to be thickened with $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce flour, and flavoured with $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce onions per diet.

The foregoing rules shall apply to the prisoners confined in every ordinary prison, and shall come into operation upon the expiration of forty days after the same having been settled and approved by the Lord Lieutenant or Lords Justices and Privy Council, shall have been laid before Parliament.

Made and executed this 16th day of July, 1878, by "The General Prisons Board for Ireland."

CHARLES F. BOURKE, Vice-Chairman.

BY THE LORD LIEUTENANT AND PRIVY COUNCIL OF IRELAND.

MARLBOROUGH.

In pursuance of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, We, the Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland, with the approval, advice, and consent of the Privy Council of Ireland, have settled, and hereby approve of the foregoing rules made by the General Prisons Board for Ireland, with respect to the diets of the prisoners confined in ordinary prisons in Ireland.

Dated this 20th day of July, 1878.

Given at the Council Chamber in Dublin Castle.

J. T. BALL, C.
ED. GIBSON.

SUPERANNUATION of OFFICERS, TREASURY LETTER ON.

Circular No. 117.

6994/79.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
26th May, 1879.

The General Prisons Board have ascertained that misapprehension exists amongst the Prisons Officers who have been superannuated since the 1st April, 1878, as to the source from which they are to receive that portion of their pensions payable by the late Prison Authorities.

The misapprehension has apparently arisen from the Treasury having, in the first instance, advanced the sums in question, in addition to paying the portions of the pensions chargeable to Government.

The Board, therefore, desire to state for your information and guidance that for that portion of your pension payable to you by the County, you should look to the Grand Jury, and that it will be necessary for you, if you have not already done so, to place yourself in communication with the Secretary to that Body so as to ensure a presentment being made at the forthcoming Summer Assizes, of any sums due to you by the County since the 31st December, 1878.

The General Prison Board further directs your attention to the annexed copy of a communication, addressed in February last, to the several Ex-Local Inspectors of Prisons, by this Board on the subject of the superannuation of Prisons Officers.

I am your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To—

(Copy).

Circular 82.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
3rd February, 1879.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to send, for your information and that of the lately Superannuated Officers of the Goal formerly under your inspection the accompanying extract from a Letter dated the 14th January, 1879, addressed by the Lords of the Treasury to the Under Secretary for Ireland, on the subject of the Superannuation of Prison Officers, viz:—

"Their Lordships desire me to state for the information of His Grace the Lord Lieutenant that in the award of all pensions under the Prisons Ireland Act, 1877, they have followed the scale laid down in the Superannuation Act of 1859, my Lords will not however refuse to consider any recommendation for the grant of pensions at an increased rate for service rendered prior to the 1st April, 1878, on condition that whenever such a claim is made it should in the first place be made clear to them that the former Prison Authority is willing to charge itself with the increased rate of pension recommended, and in the second place that the claim should be supported by evidence as to the rate of pensions granted in the past to persons who may have held the situation from which the Officer in question is retiring, or if no such exact precedent can be found by evidence of the rates of pension awarded to persons who may have held some similar Office under the local authority."

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To Late Local Inspectors of Gaols.

WORKS CARRIED ON WITHOUT AUTHORITY.

Circular No. 124.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
14th June, 1879.

MEMORANDUM.

Works such as plumbing, winding clocks, &c., are in some instances carried on without sanction or authority, and are continued merely on the grounds that the parties performed similar works under the late Board of Superintendence.

I have therefore to request that a return may be as soon as possible furnished to this office, giving full particulars in all such instances, as to the nature of the works performed, or of supplies made, and the rates charged in each case.

J. BARLOW, Vice-Chairman.

The Governor,——Prison.

MEDICAL OFFICERS' BOOKS.

Circular 125.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
19th June, 1879.

SIR,

The General Prisons Board request that you will be good enough, in order to enable the Medical Officer to comply with the requirements of Rule 108, page 50, for Local Prisons, to alter the headings and rulings of the "Medical Officer's Inspection Book," No. 7, according to the attached specimen page, and that having done so you will call the attention of that officer to this communication.

By order,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of Local Prisons.

PENAL LABOUR for FEMALES.

Circular No. 126.

8783/79.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
20th June, 1879.

SIR,

Referring to the new form of Daily Reports issued from this department I am directed by the General Prisons Board to inform you that the "knitting and sewing," given under the head of "Penal Labour," is to be tasked when given as penal labour, and you are to be careful in future that this is attended to.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M.'s Local Prisons.

 ISSUE OF FOOD to and PAYMENT of CONVEYANCE to DISCHARGED PRISONERS.

Circular No. 128.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
27th June, 1879.

To GOVERNORS of PRISONS in IRELAND.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to transmit to you, for your information and guidance, the accompanying order which was made by the Board on the 21st inst.

Discharge of Prisoners.

Every Prisoner is to be furnished with breakfast, on the authorized scale, on the morning of his release.

If he is destitute, and his destination is at such a distance that he cannot reach it by mid-day, he is to be furnished with 16 ounces bread for his dinner; and, under the same circumstances, if the prisoner is unable to reach his destination on foot by mid-day, the Governor may at his discretion, provide for his passage by public conveyance to his destination.

This order is not to restrict the provision of Section 37 of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, by which a prisoner, who is confined in a prison situate beyond the limits of the county, borough, or place in which he was convicted of his offence, shall at the time of his discharge, be taken back, at the public expense, to the county, borough, or place in which he was so convicted.

By Order,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

COMPUTATION of SENTENCES of PRISONERS sentenced at ASSIZES.
Circular No. 129.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
27th June, 1879.

To GOVERNORS of H. M. PRISONS in IRELAND.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to state, for your information and guidance, that sentences imposed on prisoners at Assizes are to be calculated as commencing from the first day of the Commission—(the whole Assizes being in legal contemplation only a single day).

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

EXPENSES of removal of LUNATIC PRISONERS to ASYLUMS.

Circular No. 130.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
27th June, 1879.

To GOVERNORS of PRISONS in IRELAND.

SIR,

Referring to the Circular (No. 109) issued from this Department on the 29th April last, I am directed by the General Prisons Board to acquaint you that should a prisoner, who had been transferred by warrant of the Lord Lieutenant from another Prison to that under your charge, become insane, the expense of the removal of such prisoner to the Lunatic Asylum of the County in which the Conviction was made, will be borne by the Prisons Board.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

As to completion of BAIL-BONDS by PRISONERS. GOVERNOR'S DUTY.

Circular No. 131.

8564/79

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
4th July, 1879.

SIR,

The General Prisons Board desire to inform you, that it is the wish of the Executive that in all cases where prisoners, detained under rule of bail, are ready to enter into recognizances, the governor of the prison should place himself in communication, either by letter or otherwise, with the nearest Resident or other Magistrate, so as to facilitate as much as possible the perfecting of such documents.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To the Governors of H. M.'s Prisons

COMPETATION of SENTENCES of PRISONERS in CUSTODY under two or more Commitments.

Circular 135.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
14th July, 1879.

SIR,

The General Prisons Board having ascertained that it is the practice in some gaols in cases where prisoners are committed on two or more warrants in which directions are given that the one is to take effect after the other, to count the second warrant as beginning on the date the first expires, thereby giving double credit for the same day—for instance, a prisoner committed on the 5th June for four separate offences—

No. 1, for 14 days,	5 June to 18 June,
2, " 7 "	18 " to 24 "
3, " 7 "	24 " to 30 "
4, " 7 "	30 " to 6 July,

the sentence would thus expire on the 6th July—I am directed to acquaint you that the attention of the Law Adviser of the Crown having been drawn to the matter, he has given the subjoined opinion, which is sent you for your information and guidance.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To Governors of Prisons.

OPINION OF LAW ADVISER OF THE CROWN.

The system of giving double credit for the same day should not be pursued. The prisoner's sentence commences at 12 o'clock of the night previous to his imprisonment—thus, a person whose imprisonment commences at any time on the 5th June is supposed to be imprisoned from 12 o'clock on the night of the 4th June. The sentence would then expire (if for fourteen days) at 12 o'clock at night on the 18th June, and the second sentence would begin to run from that hour. But the 18th June should not be counted twice. The observance of this principle will enable the proper time of discharge to be calculated.

JOHN MONROE.
30/6/79.

CLASSIFICATION of PRISONERS.

Circular Memo.

9579-79.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
22nd July, 1879.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to forward you amended forms of Report by Surgeons of Prisons, in compliance with rule 114; and to request that you will take care that these forms are used instead of those formerly supplied.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To the Governors of H. M. Prisons.

FORM OF REPORT BY SURGEON OF PRISON.

Circular No. 44, No. 1.

(RULE 114.)

H. M. Prison, _____

SIR,—I have the honour to report, for the information of the Lord Lieutenant, that I consider the life of _____ a prisoner now confined in this prison, to be

C

in immediate danger by further confinement, and I hereby certify to the correctness of the statements attached hereto.

Signature of Surgeon of Prison, _____

Date, _____ 18

The Under Secretary, &c., &c., &c., Dublin Castle.

N.B.—A copy of this Report has been forwarded to the General Prisons Board.

QUERIES.

ANSWERS.

1. Name of Prisoner.
2. Age.
3. Nature of disease.
4. Has the disease been caused by confinement in Prison?
5. Has it been aggravated by confinement in Prison?
6. State in detail the grounds upon which you have arrived at the conclusion that the prisoner's life is in immediate danger.
7. What benefit would the prisoner be likely to derive by being discharged?
8. Would the prisoner be likely to derive benefit by removal to an Invalid Establishment, in which the conditions of ordinary prison life would be changed?
9. Is the prisoner in a fit state of health to be at once discharged?
10. If not, when will the prisoner be likely to be fit for discharge?
11. Has the prisoner any friends who are willing and able to take care of him or her? If so, give names and addresses?
12. Is the prisoner anxious to be discharged, or would he or she prefer to remain in the Gaol Hospital under proper Medical Treatment?
13. Where does the prisoner intend to go if discharged?

Name, _____

Date, _____ 18

QUERIES TO BE ANSWERED BY GOVERNOR.

- A. Crime.
- B. Sentence.
- C. Date of Conviction.
- D. Before whom tried.
- E. If before convicted, for what offence.
- F. Previous character and circumstances.

Signature of Governor, _____

Date, _____ 18

MILITARY PRISONERS—ISSUE OF CLOTHING to, on DISCHARGE, and
MAINTENANCE MONEY, &c.

Circular 142.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,

Sir,

30th July, 1879.

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to send you the following instructions with reference to Military Prisoners discharged from the Army with ignominy, and deserters from the Army and Navy.

1. The return of soldiers sentenced by Court Martial to be discharged with ignominy or as incorrigible, heretofore rendered to the Deputy Adjutant-General on or about the 15th of each month, in accordance with the instructions contained in Circular 72, dated 17th September, 1878, from this department, is to be discontinued, and the same information

need no longer be sent to the War Office on the 15th of each month, by Governors of Gaols.

2. Such prisoners will, on the expiration of their sentences, be sent to their places of enlistment, or to any other intended place of residence if no greater expense be thereby incurred; and all necessary arrangements will be made and carried out by Governors without previous reference to the War Office, which will no longer issue Railway Warrants for this purpose.

3. A suit of clothing, as heretofore, will be supplied to each prisoner. For this the War Department allows a sum of 12s. to be expended, which will provide the materials of a tweed coat, trousers, and cap. (See Circular 263, dated 25th June, 1872). The underclothing, boots, &c., should come with the prisoners; but if for medical reasons it is necessary to furnish flannels or any other articles, a statement to that effect should accompany the return referred to in paragraph 6, of this Circular.

4. The following disbursements may be made in each case, and the amount will be charged in the account under the sub-head "Advances for War Department:"

Railway fare (3rd class) or other necessary conveyance to destination as above.

For clothing, as above.

Subsistence money, at the rate of one shilling for every day to be occupied on the journey.

5. The subsistence money will be deducted from any gratuity earned, but the travelling expenses will be paid in addition to the gratuity.

6. A statement of the amounts thus disbursed during each financial year, with full particulars of each case, will be furnished to the General Prisons Board on or before 10th April, in each year.

7. The payments hitherto made for the maintenance of Deserters from the Army and Navy will be discontinued; but a certificate of the number of days' maintenance of each Naval deserter should be delivered to the escort in each case.

8. If the escort should not bring the Petty Sessions Clerk's fee, you will obtain it from the Local Military or Naval Authorities; but if under any circumstances you should pay it, it may be charged in your accounts under the subhead "Incidental Expenses."

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To Governors of Local Prisons.

PRISONERS acting as JURYMEN on CORONER'S INQUEST.

Circular No. 143.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
29th July, 1879.

Sir,

It having transpired, that on an inquest lately held in a prison the Governor permitted the Coroner to empanel some of the prisoners on the jury. The General Prisons Board have to draw your attention to Rule 23 attached to the 109 sec. of the 7 George IV. cap. 74, which enacts that "no prisoner confined in a prison shall be a juror," and to acquaint you that the Solicitor-General has given it as his opinion that this rule is still in force.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To Governors of Gaols.

RULES as to CHAPLAINS' SUBSTITUTES.

Circular No. 145.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
18th August, 1879.

Sir,

I am directed to send you the accompanying copies of Rules, made by the General Prisons Board, approved by the Lords Justices and Privy Council, and sanctioned by Parliament, revoking Rules 91 and 99, pages 46, 47, 48, "for Local Prisons," and substituting those now issued therefor.

You will please hand a copy to each of the Chaplains, drawing their attention thereto. A copy will also be handed by you to the Chairman of the Visiting Committee at their next meeting.

You are requested to secure the carrying out of these Rules, and to report to the General Prisons Board any departure from them.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governor, H. M. Prison, at ———

By the GENERAL PRISONS BOARD for IRELAND.

In pursuance of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, the General Prisons Board for Ireland hereby makes the following amended general rules for the government of prisons:—

I. "The chaplain shall see the sick and visit the prisoners, if any, confined in punishment cells, at least three times a week, Sundays included, and oftener if necessary, and shall pay special attention to juvenile offenders.

II. "The General Prisons Board may, upon the application of any chaplain, approve of certain clergymen, not exceeding three in number, of the same religious persuasion as such chaplain, from whom he may appoint a substitute or substitutes, or accept assistance under the circumstances, and in the cases hereinafter provided.

III. "The chaplain shall insert the names and residences of the clergymen so approved of, in the chaplain's journal.

IV. "The chaplain, when he is absent on leave, or when, from sickness or other sufficient cause, he is prevented from performing his duties in person, may nominate one or more of the clergymen so approved of as his substitute or substitutes, or may accept the assistance of any of the said clergymen in performance of his duties.

V. "The General Prisons Board may withdraw an approval given under Rule No. II.

VI. "The 91st and 99th of the Rules for Local Prisons in Ireland, approved by Order in Council, dated the 22nd day of March, 1878, are hereby revoked, and these rules are substituted therefor.

The foregoing rules shall apply to every ordinary prison, and shall come into operation upon the expiration of forty days after the same, having been settled and approved by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council, shall have been laid before Parliament.

Made and executed this 5th day of May, 1879, by "The General Prisons Board for Ireland."

CHARLES F. BOURKE, Chairman.

By the LORDS JUSTICES and PRIVY COUNCIL of IRELAND.

J. T. BALL, C.

HEDGES EYRE CHATTERTON.

In pursuance of the General Prisons (Ireland) Act, 1877, We, the

Lords Justices-General and General Governors of Ireland, with the approval, advice, and consent of the Privy Council of Ireland, have settled and hereby approve of the foregoing rules made by the General Prisons Board for Ireland.

Dated this 24th day of June, 1879.

Given at the Council Chamber in Dublin Castle.

M. MORRIS.

HENRY ORMSBY.

POLICE to PROSECUTE when PRISON OFFICERS are ASSAULTED.
Circular No. 146.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
25th August, 1879.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to acquaint you, for your information and future guidance, that the Law Advisor of the Crown is of opinion that when the General Prisons Board directs the prosecution of a prisoner for an assault on a prison officer, you should call on the Constabulary to prosecute, you supplying the necessary information, thus saving to this department the expenses of the prosecution.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To the Governors of Local Prisons.

ISSUE OF STORE BOOKS—INSTRUCTIONS AS TO KEEPING.
Circular No. 147.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
28th August, 1879.

MEMORANDUM.

Referring to the Store Books forwarded on the 31st May, 1879, to your Prison—the books are to be brought into use on the 5th September, 1879, and a code of instructions issued temporarily is attached herewith to facilitate the working of the different books.

Governors should always allow reasonable time for the delivery of articles that are manufactured specially for the service with distinctive marks, or for uniforms, or clothing for prisoners, &c., in most instances there appear to be no grounds why supplies of the above nature could not be anticipated at least two months. Should unreasonable delay take place in the supply of any stores, the Governor will if necessary, draw attention to the circumstance by memo. to the Board instead of repeating the articles on the requisition form, as if it were his first application for such.

In order that the store ledgers may be properly commenced, each Governor will on the 5th September, 1879, have an inventory taken of the entire stock of the provisions, materials, furniture, clothing, tools, &c., of his Prison, the same to be then carefully entered on the debit side of the provision or material Ledger as the case may be.

An entry will be at once made in the corresponding column, on the credit side of all portions of such stock as may be in use throughout the Prison or officers' quarters, the debit and credit will then in future be worked in accordance with instructions Nos. 27 and 28.

By order,

GEO. SPOULE, Superintendent of Stores.

The Governor,——— Prison.

SUPPLY of RAILWAY TICKETS instead of MONEY to DISCHARGED PRISONERS.

Circular No. 149.
12,948.General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
24th September, 1879.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to inform you that they desire that in every case where a discharged prisoner is about being sent home at the public expense, a prison officer shall be sent to the Railway Office with him to purchase a ticket to be handed to the prisoner when in the train, as abuses have been found to arise in cases where the travelling expenses have been given to prisoners in cash.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governor H. M. Prison,———

REGULATIONS as to WEARING ALARM WHISTLES.

Circular No. 150.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
25th September, 1879.

MEMORANDUM.

The alarm whistles asked for in reply to Circular 138, dated 21st July, 1879, will shortly be supplied from Mountjoy Male Prison, and it is desired that the following regulation and uniform code of signals may in future be complied with.

I. Warders of every grade when on duty will be required to wear the regulation whistle and chain.

II. The chain is to be hooked on the shank of the upper breast button next the neck, the whistle to be pushed into the lap of the tunic between the third and fourth buttons so that the chain may hang outside.

III. One long loud whistle to signify danger and requiring assistance.

IV. Two short whistles requiring assistance without danger.

V. Three short whistles requiring to see the Governor or next senior officer under him.

CHARLES F. BOURKE, Chairman.

The Governor,——— Prison.

RECORD of VISITS of GOVERNOR to PRISON at UNCERTAIN HOURS of NIGHT.

Circular No. 152.
13,473.General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
27th September, 1879.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to request that the entry of the "uncertain hours" at night at which the Governor visits the Prison, as required by Rule 66 of the General Rules for Local Prisons, may for the future be entered in RED INK in the Governor's Report of the Routine Duties carried out by him each day.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M. Prisons.

PRISONERS' APPLICATIONS and COMPLAINTS.

Circular No. 155.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
6th October, 1879.

It being desirable that some uniform practice should be established in regard to the manner of carrying into effect the rules which provide that Prisoners shall have opportunities of bringing forward complaints or applications to superior authority, the following instructions will be followed :—

1. The Governor will make provision by which any Prisoner who desires to see him, a Member of this Board, or the Inspector, shall be able, on any day, to have his name put down in the book kept for this purpose, which will be submitted to him daily.

2. Officers will be held strictly responsible for bringing forward according to their instructions, the requests of Prisoners for interviews, and any omission to forward a complaint will be severely punished.

3. In order to guard against the possibility of an application for an interview not reaching him through the regular channel, the Governor will, at least once in every week, and he will direct each Deputy-Governor or Chief Warder also, at least once in every week, to give to each Prisoner an opportunity of personally applying to have an interview with him, a Member of the Board, or an Inspector.

4. A Prisoner is further allowed to make a Memorial to the General Prisons Board, and to petition the Lord Lieutenant at any time. The Memorial to be at once forwarded by the Governor to the General Prisons Board with remarks thereon, should be considered such necessary.

5. Any complaint or Petition must be made according to the form or practice which may be established, must be couched in proper and respectful language, and any complaint must be made as soon as possible after the occurrence which gives rise to it.

6. The Book referred to in paragraph No. 1 is to be laid before the Member of the Board or the Inspector at each visit.

CHARLES F. BOURKE, Chairman.

Forms for the purpose to be used by Prisoners sent herewith.

DAILY REPORTS—FURNISHING OF.

Circular Memo.
13,924.General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
7th October, 1879.

SIR,

Inconvenience having been found to arise by the Daily Reports from the different Prisons not being received on the morning of the day following that for which they are made out; the General Prisons Board request that as far as possible the Governors of Prisons will have the Daily Reports posted in time to reach this office on the following morning.

The entries of any events which should be reported to this office occurring after the departure of the post, can be made on the report of the day following.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CREGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors, H. M. Prisons.

FORMS of PETITION for MILITARY OFFENDERS.

Circular No. 157.

14,313.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
15th October, 1879.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to transmit to you the accompanying Forms of Petition for the use of soldiers of the Regular Army, undergoing imprisonment by sentence of Court martial for six months or longer, in the Prison under your charge, and who enlisted before the passing of the Army Discipline and Regulation Act, 1879, viz. :—the 25th July, 1879, and to request that you will forward them, when filled, direct to the Deputy Adjutant General, Horse Guards, War Office, London, S.W.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governor, H. M. Prison,———
———

SUBORDINATE OFFICERS, CONFIRMATION of APPOINTMENTS of

Circular No. 158.

14,357.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
24th October, 1879.

SIR,

In order to secure an efficient staff of subordinate officers in the Local Prisons, the General Prisons Board desire that you will be careful to closely observe probationary officers, and to guard against recommending the confirmation of the appointments of such of them as are shown to be deficient in physical, mental, or moral qualification for their duties, as well as of those who have positively misconducted themselves.

If, after careful observation of any probationary officer, you are convinced that he or she does not possess, and is not likely to acquire, a fitness for the service, you will make a special report to that effect to the Board, stating the particular features of the officer's unsuitness. This report should, if possible, be made in time to enable the Board, if they so wish, to dispense with the Officer's services before the termination of his or her probation.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M. Prisons.
———

LUNATICS, MEDICAL REPORTS on.

Circular No. 166.

15,447.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
8th November, 1879.

SIR,

In compliance with His Grace the Lord Lieutenant's command, I am directed by the General Prisons Board to request that whenever application is made for the removal of an Insane Prisoner from the Prison under your charge to a District Lunatic Asylum, a detailed medical report, giving a short history of the case, and setting forth the

grounds upon which the certifying physicians have arrived at their conclusion as to the insanity of the Prisoner, may accompany the usual certificate of insanity, for the information and guidance of the Medical Officers of the Asylum in their treatment of the case.

You will please inform the Medical Officer of the Prison accordingly.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governor of the Prison at _____

LOCKINGS during WINTER.

15,495.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,

CIRCULAR MEMORANDUM.

11th November, 1879.

Since the issuing of the "Winter Time Table," Circular No. 119 having reference to "Lockings" does not apply, and is therefore cancelled.

By order,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors, H. M. Prisons.

FORMS of RETURN for CLERKS of CROWN and PEACE.

Circular No. 167.

15,590.

To GOVERNORS of LOCAL PRISONS.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,

SIR,

21st November, 1879.

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to inform you that His Grace the Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to approve of a revised form of warrant being sent to you by the Clerks of the Crown and Peace, immediately upon the termination of each Assizes or Quarter Sessions, and after being duly recorded, you will be required to forward it to this office.

A supply of these forms of warrant is being sent to the Clerks of the Peace and Crown, together with a Circular, copies of which are sent you for your information.

It is requested that no unnecessary delay may be allowed to take place in forwarding the forms to this office.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

As to DIET for PRISONERS under PUNISHMENT.

Circular No. 109.

16,455.

DIETS for ILL-CONDUCTED or IDLE PRISONERS.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,

SIR,

13th December, 1879.

It having been found that the Rules, page 5 of the Dietaries of Local Prisons, have not been in all cases strictly carried out in the case of Prisoners undergoing punishment, I am directed by the General

Prisons Board to inform you that, in the opinion of the Law Advisers of the Crown, "the new Dietary gives a definition of what bread and water diet means, and that this diet must be given according to the Dietary, to all Prisoners, whether in punishment cells or otherwise."

You will please lay a copy of this communication before the Visiting Committee of the Prison at their next meeting.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of Local Prisons.

SUBORDINATE OFFICERS SICK IN HOSPITAL.

Circular No. 170.

17,097.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
22nd December, 1879.

Sir,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to acquaint you that when sick officers are treated in *the Prison Hospital* they are to be allowed hospital diet, as ordered by the Medical Officer, but when treated elsewhere they must provide their own diet and extras, medicines excepted.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M. Prisons.

FORMS to be filled by CLERKS of CROWN AND PEACE.

Circular Memorandum.

17,276.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
23rd December, 1879.

Sir,

Referring to Circular No. 167, dated 21st November, 1879, I am directed by the General Prisons Board to forward to you a supply of forms on which you will make the record alluded to in the fifth paragraph of the copy of the Circular issued, to Clerks of the Crown and Peace, by the Under Secretary on 6th November, 1879.

You will be careful to retain the copy made by you for prison use, and forward the original to this office as directed.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M. Prisons.

CIRCULAR TO CLERKS OF CROWN AND PEACE.

16,166.

Dublin Castle,
6th November, 1879.

Sir,

I am directed by the Lord Lieutenant to acquaint you that the Government have had under consideration the various returns required to be made by Clerks of the Crown and Peace in connexion with the disposal of offenders at Assizes, Quarter Sessions, or other Courts.

His Grace would be glad to be able to relieve Clerks of the Crown and Peace from the duty of repeating the same information in different forms, or making any return which is not absolutely necessary, and of answering inquiries as to "nil" returns.

It has been suggested that by a re-arrangement of the form of Warrant to Governors of Prisons to receive and detain prisoners who have been sentenced, it might be made to answer the purpose of certain other returns, the necessity for making which in separate forms would thereby be removed.

At present Clerks of the Crown and Peace are required to furnish:—

1. The Warrant above mentioned—for Governors of Prisons.
2. Penal Servitude Return—for the Convict Prisons Department of the General Prisons Board.
3. Return of Capital Convictions and Penal Servitude Sentences—for the Chief Secretary's Office.
4. Police Supervision Return—for the Habitual Criminals Department of the General Prisons Board.
5. "Return of Offenders Disposed of," formerly made to Local Inspectors, and lately to Governors of Local Prisons.

I am to enclose herewith a revised form of Warrant which has been approved by His Grace, and I am to request that it may be used in future, and sent, instead of the old form, to the Governor of the Prison *immediately upon the termination of each Assizes or Quarter Sessions*. After being duly recorded by the Governor of the Prison, it will be sent by him to the General Prisons Board, and it will be accepted by the Government in lieu of the five returns above mentioned, which need no longer be furnished.

It will be observed that the new form makes special provision for the Statutory Returns of Sentences of Penal Servitude (17 & 18 Vic., cap. 76, sec. 27), and of Police Supervision (Prevention of Crimes Act, 1871, sec. 8), so as to be a fulfilment of the provisions of these Acts.

It is hoped that the arrangement herein indicated, while securing all necessary information, will considerably reduce the work heretofore entailed upon Clerks of the Crown and Peace in the preparation of returns of the class in question, and in sending up "nil" returns; but I am to observe that if, owing either to any want of promptitude in furnishing the new form of Warrant, or for any other reason, the present plan should be found not to answer its purpose, it may hereafter become necessary to revert to the old system of requiring separate returns.

In conclusion, I am to state that it must be distinctly understood that the foregoing arrangement has no reference whatever to the Return of Criminals annually, called for from Clerks of the Crown and Peace, under 56 Geo. III., cap. 120. That return, being specially required, by statutory enactment, for presentation to Parliament, must be furnished, as heretofore, in the separate form, which will be supplied for the purpose in the usual manner.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

T. H. BURKE.

P.S.—Copies of the Form herewith enclosed will in future be supplied, on application by you, to the General Prisons Board.

[RETURN.]

County of _____

A Review of Prisoners under Rule, Order, or Sentence at a _____ held in and for said County,
commencing on _____ the _____ day of _____ 18____

	Name.	Age.	Color.	Sentence.	Date of Conviction.	Before whom Tried.	Where Tried.	Remarks.
Part I.—Convicts under Rule, Order, or Sentence of Penal Institution, (Form A, provided in Statute 17 and 19 Vet., chap. 44, s. 11.)								
Part II.—Prisoners under Rule, Order, or Sentence of Police Supervision, (Form B, provided in the Prisoners of Crime Act, 1878, s. 8.)								
Part III.—Persons under Rule, Order, or Sentence other than Penal Institution or Police Supervision.								

WARRANT.

County of _____ to wit: _____
To the Governor of the _____ Prison.

Receive into your custody the bodies of the above-mentioned Persons, tried and convicted at a _____ held at _____ in the County of _____ on the _____ day of _____ and following days, before _____ and cause said Persons to be committed severally to undergo the sentence apposite to their respective names, and transmit above returns and this Warrant to the General Prison Board.

By order of the Court,

Dated this _____

day of _____

18____

Clerk of the _____

for _____

SUPPLY of PHOTOGRAPHS of CONVICTED PRISONERS.

Circular No. 173.
476/80.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
13th January, 1880.

SIR,

The General Prisons Board request that in future when prisoners awaiting trial for felony or larceny are suspected of having been previously convicted, photographs and descriptive particulars of such should be transmitted for identification to the Criminals Registration Office, General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle.

By order,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M. Prisons.

BOOKS for LIBRARIES, OFFICERS and PRISONERS.

Circular No. 174.
15,122/79.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
20th January, 1880.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to acquaint you that the Stationery Department will in future supply books to prisons in proportion to the average number of officers and prisoners in each, and it has been intimated that an allowance of 2s. for each officer, and 1s. 3d. for each Prisoner shall be annually set apart for this purpose.

It should be understood that this allowance is intended to cover the cost of both religious and secular works—*Bibles and prayer books alone excepted.*

The religious books will of course continue to be chosen by the respective chaplains, as provided for in Rule 50, page 36, but it will be desirable that all books of a secular character should be procured upon their, and the Governor's joint requisition, and be available for the use of the prisoners, generally, of every denomination.

In the event of the chaplains not agreeing as regards secular books with this regulation, each chaplain shall submit a list of such books as he desires for the consideration of the Prisons Board.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To Governors of H. M. Prisons.

LUNATICS—CERTIFICATE and MEDICAL REPORT.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
29th January, 1880.

Circular Memo.

Herewith is a supply of forms to be filled up, in cases when prisoners become insane, and sent to this office with the least possible delay.

You will please call the attention of the Medical Officer to the fly-leaf of form on which is to be made the special report (see Circular No. 166).

As the old forms are now obsolete, you will be good enough to forthwith transmit them to this office so as to prevent their use in the future.

By order,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M. Prisons.

Form L.

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE in case of an Insane Prisoner (under 1st Vic. c. 27, and 8 & 9 Vic. c. 107); and Certificate from the Governor or Superintendent of the Prison.

H.M. Prison } Having examined
 to wit, } now a prisoner in Prison,
 we hereby certify that } has become insane; and we are of opinion
 that } case may be considered as*
 Given under our hands this _____ day of _____ 18____
 _____ Medical Doctor or Surgeon.
 _____ Medical Doctor or Surgeon.

H.M. Prison,
 I hereby certify that the above-named prisoner, Reg. No. _____, whose
 particulars are given below, is now in my custody.
 _____ Governor or Superintendent.
 day of _____ 18____

PARTICULARS OF THE ABOVE-NAMED PRISONER.

Crime,
 Date of Conviction,
 Sentence,
 Where Convicted,
 By whom Committed,
 Age on Conviction,

MEDICAL REPORT, as required under Circular 166, dated 8th November, 1879.

* Here state whether probably Curable or Incurable, and whether likely to derive benefit or not from being placed in a Lunatic Asylum.

READING by GOVERNOR of CIRCULARS and ORDERS of BOARD to NEWLY APPOINTED OFFICERS.

Circular No. 175.
 1548/80.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
 6th February, 1880.

SIR,

I am directed by the General Prisons Board to request that you will take care to read to all newly appointed officers joining your staff, from time to time, all the Board's circulars having reference to their duties and responsibilities, and fully instruct them as to the rules of the service; as instances have occurred of subordinate officers pleading ignorance of orders, issued from this department, having reference to the particular charge brought against them.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
 RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governor, H. M. Prison, at _____.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
 11th February, 1880.

MEMO.

Referring to my memo. of the 25th ultimo, I beg to forward you a supply of revised classification sheets.

By order,
 R. CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M. Prisons.

**No. 1.—HARD LABOUR, MALES, UNDER RULES 26, 27, 28.
CLASSIFICATION AND LABOUR TABLE.**

	Class.	Penal Labour.	Industrial Labour.	Article.	Education.	Recreation.
1st Month, 50 Marks to be gained for promotion to Class 4.	Probation.	{ 10 Hours (indulgent) }	—	Common 7 Marks to 10.	Nil.	Pluck Ball without Master, " no School; no Gravelly.
2nd and 3rd Month, in which 100 Marks are to be gained for promotion to Class 5.	Class 4.	—	12 Hours (indulgent),	None.	{ State; Book; Book; School (if necessary); Gravelly.	
4th, 5th, and 6th Month, in which 150 Marks are to be gained for promotion to Class 6.	Class 5.	—	16 Hours (indulgent),	None.	{ State; reader and write a Letter, one Book (Book); School, if necessary, one Yard, increased Gravelly.	
7th to 12th Month, in which 200 Marks are to be gained for promotion to Class 7.	Class 6.	—	8 Hours (indulgent),	None.	{ State; one Book every Month; reader and write two Letters, one Yard, Felling, if not sufficient to Class 7; increased Gravelly; School; Felling.	
After 12 Months.	Class 7.	—	8 Hours.	None.	{ State; Letter writer and received one in two months; Felling; one in three months; one Book when required; Felling; School, if necessary.	

Classification and Progress will result from 50 Marks and reduction in Class and that, if promoted in, the Prisoner will be returned to the Probation Class.

The Money value of Marks is as follows—

For every 50 Marks gained in Class 4, 5d.
In „ Class 5, 6d.

For every 10 Marks gained in Class 5, 3d.
In „ Class 6, 4d.

Until the expiration of two years, after which period such rates will be considered.

Prison Labour will consist of Turnspinning, Stone-breaking (indulgent), Rope-making (indulgent), Rope-making, Cordage, and Boat Building, with such other occupations as may from time to time be added by the Prison Board.

The Conduct of Prisoners must be good in order to entitle them to receive Marks.

No Grade which has not Prisoners in Classes 1 and 2, the selection for Felling will be made from those brought in the Prison, provided their conduct has been satisfactory.

* See Circular No. 15, dated 16th April, 1878, as to admitting prisoners 16 years of age, women, and children under 12 years of age, with small alterations in Pluck Ball.

No. 2.—HARD LABOUR, FEMALE, UNDER RULES 24, 25, 26

CLASSIFICATION AND LABOUR TABLE.

	Class.	Labour.	Industrial Labour.	Trade.	Education.	Recreation.
1st Month, 60 Marks to be gained before promotion to Class 4.	Probation.	{ 10 Hours (worked) }	—	General Externally.	Nil.	Placed first with Male-boys; Cellular Labours; no Society or other privileges.
2nd and 3rd Month, in which 120 Marks to be gained before promotion to Class 3.	Class 4.	—	10 Hours (worked).	None.	{ State, Reader Book, School (if necessary), Grately.	
4th, 5th, and 6th Month, in which 180 Marks to be gained before promotion to Class 2.	Class 3.	—	10 Hours (worked).	None.	{ Class, reader and write a Letter; two Books (Reader), School, if necessary; see First, increased Grately.	
7th to 12th Month, in which 300 Marks to be gained before promotion to Class 1.	Class 2.	—	8 Hours (worked).	None.	{ State, new Book every Month; two Visits; read and write two Letters; increased Grately; Progress, if necessary to Class 1; School, if necessary.	
About 12 Months.	Class 1.	—	8 Hours.	None.	{ Progress of the Prisoner; Letter writing and printed case in two Months; Visits once in three Months; new Books when required; State, Interest, if necessary.	

Handicraft and Millwork will entail loss of Marks and reduction in Class and Diet, and if preserved in the Prison will be returned to the Probation Class.

The Money value of Marks is as follows:—

For every 10 Marks gained in Class 4, 3d.
Do., Class 3, 4d.

For every 10 Marks gained in Class 2, 5d.
Do., Class 1, 6d.

Until the expiration of two years, after which period such case will be considered.

LABOUR will consist of Cotton-picking (worked), Hair or Wash-picking, Knitting, Sewing, with such other labour as may from time to time be required by the Prison Board.

The Conduct of Prisoners must be good in order to enable them to receive Marks.

In Cases which have not Progress in Classes 1 and 2, the selection for Progress will be made from those lazier in the Prison, provided their conduct has been satisfactory.

No. 3.—IMPROVEMENT (Males and Females).

	Class.	Labor.	Marks.	Education.	Discipline.
1st Month, 50 Marks to be gained before promotion to Class 4.	Probation.	{ Sewing, or other, 10 Hours, or equivalent Labor for Reader.	Can read 2 Marks daily.	Nil.	{ - Pencil Book; no School; no Grammar.
2nd and 3rd Month, in which 100 to be gained before promotion to Class 3.	Class 4.	. Trade, 10 Hours, or ordinary Labor.	Nil.	{ None; Reader Book; School, if necessary.	
4th, 5th, and 6th Month, in which 150 to be gained before promotion to Class 2.	Class 3.	. Trade, 10 Hours, or ordinary Labor.	Nil.	{ None; receive and write a Letter, Two Reader Books; see Text; School, if necessary.	
7th to 12th Month, in which 250 to be gained before promotion to Class 1.	Class 2.	. Trade, 8 Hours, or ordinary Labor.	Nil.	{ None; New Book every Month; see Text; receive and write two Letters. Progress, if not sufficient in Class 1, School, if necessary.	
After 12 Months,	Class 1.	. Trade, 6 Hours, or ordinary Labor.	Nil.	{ None; Letters written and received once in two Months; Texts once in three Months; New Books, when required; Progress of the Prison; School, if necessary.	

Recommenced or Missions will retain lost Marks, and re-advance to Class and Day, and if prevented as the Prisoner will be returned to the Probation Class.

The Money value of Marks is as follows:—

For every 50 Marks gained in Class 4, 5d.
Do, Class 3, 3d.

For every 10 Marks gained in Class 3, 1d.
Do, Class 2, 3d.

Until the expiration of two years, after which period each man will be reckoned.

19 The Conduct of Prisoners must be good in order to entitle them to receive Marks.

In Quota which have no Prisoners in Classes 1 and 2, the allowance for Progress will be made from those longest in the Prison, provided their conduct has been satisfactory.

* See Circular No. 16, 25th September, 1838, as to furnishing Males over 16 years of age, Women, and Children under 16 years of age, with small Manuscript or Pencil Books.

As to ANNUAL INCREMENTS of SALARY to OFFICERS of PRISON,
Circular No. 176.
1234.

SIR,
General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
27th February, 1880.

The General Prisons Board having had reason to believe that an erroneous impression prevails on the part of intern officers of prisons whose salaries are advanced by annual increments, as to their right to receive such increases irrespective of any question as to their conduct or general efficiency, have recently been in communication with the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury on the subject, who, in a letter dated the 28th instant, state as follows, viz. :—

"My Lords apprehend that it is within the discretion of the Irish General Prisons Board, in common with the heads of other public departments, to withhold the annual increment of salary of any officer in their service, who, by his or her unsatisfactory conduct, appears to them to merit such a punishment."

You will, therefore, in forwarding application from your prison for any such increments, accompany it by an extract from the Officers' Conduct Book for the previous twelve months, when the Board will decide whether the conduct of the officer has been such during the current year as to warrant its approval of the annual increment sanctioned by the Treasury. All such applications to be forwarded one month *prior* to the date from which the increment is to take effect.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

To Governors of H. M. Prisons.

QUARTERLY REPORTS of MEDICAL OFFICERS,
Circular No. 177.
2058/80.

SIR,
General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
20th February, 1880.

Referring to Circular No. 68, dated 2nd December, 1878, I am directed by the General Prisons Board to inform you that it is desirable that in the future copies of the Reports as to the State of the Prison, &c., directed by the 53rd section of the Prisons Act, 1877, to be made by the Medical Officer and entered in the journal, shall be furnished not later than seven days after the commencement of each quarter, viz. :—1st January, 1st April, 1st July, and 1st October in each year.

You will please call the attention of the Medical Officer to this circular.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors, H. M. Prisons.

As to calling in of MEDICAL ASSISTANCE to MEDICAL OFFICER.
Circular No. 178.

SIR,
General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
6th March, 1880.

Referring to circular of 6th February, 1879, No. 83, I am directed to apprise you, for the information and future guidance of the Medical

Officer, that it is the desire of the General Prisons Board that when he deems it necessary to call in additional medical assistance—under the authority of Rule 105, page 49, (for local prisons) he will previously, in cases that will reasonably admit of the necessary delay, refer to the Board for their approbation.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors, H. M. Prisons.

ISSUE of FURNITURE, &c., to SUBORDINATE OFFICERS on PROBATION.

Circular No. 179.

2682/80.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
23rd March, 1880.

Sir,
The General Prisons Board desire me to inform you that the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury have approved of the articles of furniture, named in the margin, being supplied for the future to warders and assistant matrons on probation residing in the prison, for use until their appointment has been confirmed or their services dispensed with.

Bedstead,
coir mat-
tress, table,
two chairs.

You will therefore be so good as to take the necessary steps to carry out this practice, and to ensure the furniture being returned to store in the event either of the officer being confirmed in his, or her, situation or leaving the Prisons service.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M. Prisons.

As to SUPPLY of MEDICINES to PRISONS.

Circular No. 180.

3450/80.

General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle,
15th March, 1880.

Sir,
The General Prisons Board request that you will inform the Medical Officer that all applications for supplies of medicines are to be made out on the usual requisition form, to be signed by the Medical Officer, and forwarded by you.

The Prisons Board will not object that, in case of emergency, to be specially certified by the Medical Officer, medicines urgently required and not in store may be obtained from a local apothecary; and the Board will also approve of the obtaining from the same source, from time to time, of such medicines as are of a perishable, or more than usual dangerous nature, such as poisons, and which it would not be advisable to keep in store, and it will be therefore unnecessary to keep such medicines in store.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD CLEGG, Chief Clerk.

The Governors of H. M. Prisons.

TABLE I.—NUMBER of COMMITMENTS to LOCAL PRISONS

NAMES OF PRISONS.	CONVICTED.																			
	At Arrivals and Quarter Sessions.				Summarily.				Under Reformatory Laws.		Under Poor Law Act.		By Court Martial.	Deserters.	Under Vagrancy Act.				Drunkards.	
	Found Guilty.		Found Insane.		Offences under Larceny Act.		Misdemeanours.		M.	F.	M.	F.			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.												
Armagh,	35	8	—	—	45	20	258	46	4	2	1	1	19	5	8	6	308	128		
Belfast,	88	29	1	—	118	28	1,428	455	19	5	21	8	62	43	20	9	1,797	1,304		
Carlisle,	9	7	1	—	12	4	40	4	—	—	—	—	—	6	0	—	75	4		
Carriek-on-Shannon,	20	3	—	—	6	2	90	10	2	1	1	0	—	0	8	—	45	16		
Castlebar,	61	21	—	—	6	7	176	47	5	2	2	5	4	—	0	2	164	25		
Cavan,	33	6	—	—	16	10	217	6	—	—	1	—	1	4	—	—	102	25		
Clonmel,	46	8	—	—	22	10	172	113	—	—	4	—	28	4	33	6	544	163		
Cork, Male,	158	—	1	—	144	—	867	—	—	—	33	—	127	17	65	—	1,478	—		
Cork, Female,	—	88	—	—	—	97	—	636	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	20	—	1,308		
Downpatrick,	70	0	1	—	22	9	105	32	—	—	5	2	18	9	12	18	143	89		
Downs,	9	6	—	—	5	5	63	18	6	1	8	—	—	7	4	3	105	42		
Dundalk,	19	4	—	—	26	7	123	34	1	—	—	—	—	9	3	2	114	47		
Ennis,	10	1	—	—	16	7	84	30	8	—	1	—	4	—	14	2	82	38		
Enniskillen,	15	3	1	—	24	8	52	13	1	1	3	2	25	1	0	2	120	33		
Galway,	78	14	2	—	4	2	403	178	6	9	12	2	6	—	36	14	814	126		
Grangegorman,	5	84	—	—	44	63	1,487	1,559	—	—	—	—	—	—	54	71	2,073	2,673		
Kilkenny,	87	8	1	—	11	8	97	34	1	—	—	—	8	5	37	7	116	52		
Kilmainham,	59	9	1	—	89	16	542	189	—	—	1	—	84	4	45	14	497	345		
Lifford,	27	2	—	—	12	5	141	14	22	0	0	—	11	3	5	—	84	26		
Limerick, Male,	44	—	—	—	52	—	461	—	—	—	26	—	97	13	40	—	437	—		
Limerick, Female,	—	23	—	—	—	50	—	203	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	136		
Londonderry,	69	6	—	—	19	13	254	57	3	—	5	—	11	2	8	5	312	294		
Longford,	23	3	2	—	9	3	88	66	—	—	4	3	1	2	19	—	135	27		
Maryboro',	14	3	1	—	11	5	56	9	—	—	4	1	1	4	20	2	61	16		
Monaghan,	17	2	1	—	23	4	61	8	4	—	1	—	8	8	0	3	66	26		
Mullingar,	25	6	—	—	15	10	103	38	2	1	16	6	2	6	—	—	131	26		
Nass,	25	4	—	—	50	11	187	100	—	—	18	5	32	6	21	15	389	294		
Nenagh,	22	7	—	—	14	2	124	19	—	—	5	2	2	2	26	6	274	51		
O'agh,	69	19	—	—	26	18	170	25	2	—	—	—	84	1	6	27	143	57		
Richmond,	251	—	—	—	162	—	824	—	1	—	4	—	1	88	—	—	4	—		
Rosecommon,	31	8	1	—	7	2	114	35	—	—	10	8	—	1	22	2	87	24		
Sligo,	22	4	—	—	6	4	124	13	3	9	—	1	10	1	1	1	73	22		
Trillick,	44	14	—	—	45	26	245	25	3	—	15	2	2	7	2	—	278	66		
Trim,	21	4	—	—	16	4	108	6	8	2	6	8	—	3	28	3	100	14		
Tullamore,	27	11	—	—	4	1	112	54	—	—	—	—	51	—	7	—	132	34		
Waterford,	35	6	—	—	43	19	277	100	2	—	7	—	—	6	9	3	401	191		
Wexford,	19	7	—	—	15	4	80	14	3	—	1	—	3	2	14	3	61	11		
Wicklow,	19	2	8	—	21	7	149	29	2	—	67	4	—	10	16	4	177	56		
Total, 1879-80,	1610	889	17	—	1112	478	10098	4,319	101	32	261	73	643	83	329	279	13016	8,402		
Total, 1878-79,	1840	840	14	4	994	458	10761	5,320	116	29	455	104	738	608	558	240	10039	8,512		

from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

		NOT CONVICTED.						Untried Prisoners in Custody on 31st March, 1880.		TOTAL COMMITMENTS.			NAMES OF PRISONS.
TOTAL.		Acquitted on Trial.		For Further Examination, Remanded, and Discharged.		TOTAL.							
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.	
073	215	9	2	43	3	52	5	0	-	731	220	951	Armagh.
3,567	1,808	64	10	221	50	281	75	22	19	8,570	1,888	5,758	Belfast.
152	23	3	3	18	0	17	12	-	-	179	33	235	Carlow.
180	43	8	3	38	7	46	10	1	-	227	53	280	Carrick-on-Shannon.
303	109	45	12	54	8	99	20	1	1	403	180	593	Castlebar.
374	50	14	0	33	10	47	20	0	2	426	72	498	Cavan.
863	300	21	0	84	7	55	10	0	-	614	310	1,223	Clonmel.
2,803	-	40	-	152	-	192	-	7	-	3,002	-	3,002	Cork, Male.
-	1,012	-	12	-	35	-	45	-	2	-	1,050	1,050	Cork, Female.
300	108	8	0	30	4	38	0	1	1	435	178	613	Donegal.
307	72	15	3	-	-	15	3	1	-	323	83	406	Drogheda.
309	04	4	-	49	0	53	0	4	-	367	100	467	Dundalk.
214	78	-	-	140	21	140	21	0	-	303	90	393	Ennis.
251	00	00	00	31	13	61	23	-	-	312	80	392	Enniskillen.
950	327	43	13	40	11	92	24	4	-	1,653	351	1,400	Galway.
4,275	5,444	-	39	-	294	-	243	-	28	4,275	5,715	9,990	Grangeovergreen.
310	108	5	1	56	0	61	0	4	1	370	115	485	Kilkenny.
1,302	544	10	0	86	48	102	53	10	2	1,814	609	1,613	Kilmainham.
310	40	7	-	5	-	12	-	1	-	323	40	363	Lifford.
1,239	-	11	-	150	-	167	-	5	-	1,411	-	1,411	Limerick, Male.
-	403	-	0	-	22	-	27	-	2	-	522	522	Limerick, Female.
073	215	9	2	43	3	52	5	0	-	731	220	951	Londonderry.
284	61	3	1	20	3	23	4	3	1	318	66	384	Longford.
303	81	10	3	17	2	27	5	-	-	220	30	250	Maryborough.
219	45	-	-	20	0	20	0	2	-	247	50	297	Monaghan.
287	110	0	1	34	5	40	6	4	1	331	120	451	Mullingar.
648	200	80	-	35	9	74	9	1	-	723	408	1,131	Near.
471	78	9	1	20	-	29	1	1	1	501	73	574	Nenagh.
483	134	4	1	82	23	86	24	2	1	670	159	829	Omagh.
1,303	-	112	-	785	-	877	-	87	-	2,280	-	2,280	Richmond.
290	70	10	2	59	0	69	0	4	-	353	87	440	Rooscommon.
270	64	0	-	41	5	47	5	3	2	320	71	391	Sligo.
641	127	19	7	33	6	52	13	4	-	607	140	747	Tralee.
357	36	0	2	82	5	87	7	4	-	399	45	444	Trim.
313	180	3	4	12	2	15	6	1	-	390	100	490	Tullamore.
783	303	4	4	52	18	60	22	2	2	841	355	1,197	Waterford.
298	38	1	-	14	0	15	0	-	1	213	45	258	Wexford.
433	78	-	-	21	8	21	8	2	-	450	84	534	Wicklow.
26,639	13,984	575	100	3,471	583	3,046	740	213	58	29,888	14,771	44,659	Total, 1878-80.
20,319	10,009	516	108	2,477	611	2,097	774	185	38	29,485	13,812	43,297	Total, 1878-79.

TABLE II.—NUMBER of PRISONERS in each of the LOCAL PRISONS on the First

PRISONS.	1st April, 1879.			1st May, 1879.			1st June, 1879.			1st July, 1879.			1st August, 1879.			1st September, 1879.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Armagh,	86	17	70	70	21	91	64	17	81	57	21	78	57	21	78	54	21	75
Belfast,	268	108	376	279	118	394	271	187	458	816	189	455	257	184	441	256	188	444
Carlow,	6	2	8	11	—	11	9	2	11	8	2	10	10	2	12	6	2	8
Car-on-Shannon, .	8	3	11	11	3	14	12	3	15	18	6	24	8	2	10	6	2	8
Castlebar, . . .	27	4	31	24	8	32	63	10	42	50	10	40	20	11	41	28	8	36
Cavan,	8	0	8	60	1	61	18	1	19	16	7	23	8	4	12	7	0	7
Clonmel,	69	10	79	54	19	73	89	22	85	98	24	122	104	20	124	107	22	129
Cork, Male, . . .	211	—	211	225	—	225	264	—	264	194	—	194	208	—	208	212	—	212
Cork, Female, . .	—	198	198	—	101	101	—	102	102	—	127	127	—	132	132	—	132	132
Dowpatrick, . . .	42	18	60	40	12	52	38	22	60	88	18	66	47	24	71	48	28	76
Drogheda,	18	2	20	12	9	21	16	1	17	23	6	29	21	8	29	21	2	23
Dundalk,	49	10	59	46	6	52	49	4	53	40	8	48	88	10	98	74	6	80
Ennis,	8	1	9	9	3	12	8	6	14	11	4	15	21	8	29	16	6	22
Enniskillen, . . .	11	2	13	8	1	9	17	3	20	11	6	17	7	—	7	7	4	11
Galway,	64	8	72	57	12	70	40	11	51	48	12	60	43	16	59	84	12	96
Grangegorman, . .	90	182	272	89	140	229	124	141	265	189	175	314	108	180	288	118	184	302
Kilkenny,	20	6	26	27	6	33	21	4	25	21	4	25	18	8	26	21	14	35
Kilmainham, . . .	72	12	84	51	27	78	88	82	170	101	81	182	94	18	112	96	22	118
Lifford,	12	2	14	11	—	11	26	2	28	18	1	19	14	1	15	6	—	6
Limerick, Male, .	108	—	108	160	—	160	184	—	184	106	—	106	98	—	98	100	—	100
Limerick, Female, .	—	36	36	—	29	29	—	23	23	—	26	26	—	29	29	—	26	26
Londonderry, . . .	86	18	104	77	21	98	62	18	80	68	18	86	51	18	69	56	15	71
Loughford, . . .	13	8	21	4	2	6	8	3	11	6	2	8	9	2	11	9	4	13
Maryboro',	21	—	21	18	3	21	18	4	22	22	4	26	28	1	29	16	2	18
Monaghan,	14	4	18	7	3	10	18	6	24	22	2	24	7	0	7	6	2	8
Naflingar,	41	7	48	58	5	63	41	14	55	43	8	51	84	16	48	88	14	42
Nass,	74	9	83	66	16	82	45	12	57	84	14	98	63	21	84	68	8	76
Navagh,	26	2	28	28	3	31	28	6	34	45	6	51	41	4	45	23	2	25
Omagh,	89	13	102	47	11	58	51	19	70	48	14	62	47	18	65	62	13	75
Richmond,	243	—	243	252	—	252	248	—	248	272	—	272	208	—	208	281	—	281
Rosecommon, . . .	17	7	24	17	3	20	21	8	29	19	6	25	11	3	14	17	8	25
Sligo,	8	1	9	21	2	23	20	3	23	17	8	25	86	7	43	23	8	31
Tralee,	28	4	32	40	8	48	28	8	36	28	9	37	37	7	44	32	4	36
Trim,	8	—	8	19	4	23	18	3	21	12	2	14	26	3	29	27	—	27
Tullamore,	62	2	64	83	8	91	84	5	89	88	8	96	85	8	44	34	7	41
Waterford,	41	13	54	57	7	64	42	24	66	68	18	86	40	21	61	48	17	65
Wexford,	22	8	30	30	8	38	24	7	31	27	9	36	40	4	44	27	9	36
Wicklow,	8	1	9	17	1	18	16	8	24	14	6	20	18	8	26	11	8	19
Convict Prisons*—																		
Mountjoy, Male, .	120	—	120	148	—	148	148	—	148	173	—	173	164	—	164	183	—	183
Mountjoy, Fem., .	—	74	74	—	80	80	—	88	80	—	88	88	—	89	89	—	84	84
Total, 1878-80, .	2060	985	3045	2134	684	2818	2254	777	3031	2293	828	3119	2229	850	3089	2240	818	3058
Total, 1878-79, .	2008	744	2752	2088	726	2814	2081	778	2859	2036	724	2754	2198	904	3108	2296	884	3180

* County Prisoners.

Day in each Month during the Year ended 31st March, 1880.

1st October, 1879.			1st November, 1879.			1st December, 1879.			1st January, 1880.			1st February, 1880.			1st March, 1880.			PRISONS.
M.	P.	Tot.	M.	P.	Tot.	M.	P.	Tot.	M.	P.	Tot.	M.	P.	Tot.	M.	P.	Tot.	
58	18	68	61	17	78	57	15	72	49	14	63	58	15	73	62	21	78	Armagh.
264	133	897	289	100	449	209	162	423	276	183	460	297	104	401	272	175	450	Belfast.
2	4	6	8	-	8	5	1	6	5	3	8	2	-	2	4	-	4	Carlow.
4	7	11	11	3	14	7	3	10	7	1	8	4	-	4	2	1	3	Car-on-Shannon.
23	6	29	21	7	28	2	1	3	24	10	34	42	7	49	35	4	39	Castlebar.
12	4	16	10	5	15	10	8	18	4	17	18	5	20	6	4	10	16	Cavan.
87	29	107	88	21	109	88	27	115	70	20	90	74	17	91	67	10	84	Cionnchel.
218	-	218	179	-	179	187	-	187	161	-	161	191	-	191	149	-	149	Cork, Male.
-	114	114	-	118	118	-	133	133	-	94	94	-	82	82	-	82	82	Cork, Female.
43	28	73	37	25	82	48	18	67	35	9	44	42	22	64	52	43	98	Downpatrick.
17	13	30	28	5	33	14	3	17	13	2	15	10	1	20	25	3	28	Drogheda.
58	8	71	62	10	72	61	17	78	44	4	48	59	7	66	70	3	73	Dundalk.
7	6	13	29	6	35	11	3	14	10	1	11	8	5	13	11	3	14	Ennis.
4	4	8	7	4	11	15	3	18	7	1	8	13	3	16	9	1	10	Enniskillen.
57	18	75	59	9	68	58	7	65	37	9	46	59	9	68	41	5	46	Galway.
07	202	209	87	239	316	04	133	227	68	118	155	77	145	222	88	154	242	Grangeegorman.
42	4	46	49	7	56	30	0	30	31	5	36	21	8	29	19	6	25	Kilkenny.
90	24	122	88	25	113	71	23	94	78	13	91	89	14	103	69	15	84	Kilmainham.
14	3	16	10	4	14	16	2	18	10	-	10	21	-	21	12	2	14	Lifford.
118	-	118	111	-	111	87	-	87	83	-	83	98	-	98	102	-	102	Limerick, Male.
-	49	49	-	68	68	-	42	42	-	46	46	-	37	37	-	32	32	Limerick, Female.
71	18	89	72	24	100	80	20	100	62	21	83	62	18	80	74	21	95	Londonderry.
13	1	14	17	3	20	21	1	22	13	8	21	9	22	3	4	10	16	Longford.
14	3	17	26	3	29	15	4	19	11	9	20	8	1	9	9	1	10	Maryboro'.
7	3	10	7	-	7	8	1	9	4	2	6	11	1	12	7	1	8	Monaghan.
28	8	37	43	13	56	23	16	37	21	6	27	40	8	48	39	10	69	Mullingar.
57	19	69	70	18	91	67	16	83	46	18	64	17	61	69	11	61	131	Nass.
48	3	51	58	10	68	70	9	79	25	6	31	39	4	43	22	0	22	Nenagh.
41	23	64	33	14	47	43	9	52	50	61	69	14	83	45	13	60	Omagh.	
287	-	287	278	-	278	250	-	250	201	-	201	252	-	252	204	-	204	Richmond.
13	3	16	11	3	14	8	0	8	8	2	10	14	1	15	15	-	15	Roscommon.
21	7	28	26	8	34	28	7	35	21	8	29	14	5	21	15	6	21	Sligo.
44	7	51	50	9	59	50	9	59	26	4	30	26	8	34	28	9	47	Tralee.
24	3	27	22	4	26	15	1	16	8	1	9	14	2	16	6	3	9	Trim.
35	8	43	34	6	40	48	4	52	81	5	86	81	3	84	89	8	72	Tullamore.
50	18	68	59	20	79	61	21	82	51	15	66	51	16	67	50	18	68	Waterford.
29	8	37	38	0	38	45	7	52	30	5	35	22	5	27	18	8	21	Wexford.
19	2	21	17	1	18	9	2	11	14	1	15	7	1	8	12	3	15	Wicklow.
178	-	178	180	-	180	188	-	188	187	-	187	181	-	181	188	-	188	Convict Prisons—
-	89	89	-	77	77	-	92	92	-	80	80	-	79	79	-	80	80	Mountjoy, Male.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Mountjoy, Fem.
2194	856	3050	2295	627	3332	2170	525	3080	1974	718	3080	2132	775	2805	2108	767	2875	Total, 1870-80.
2302	905	3207	2100	650	3350	2153	807	3260	1870	621	3487	1869	461	2530	1896	451	2647	Total, 1876-79.

TABLE III.—DAILY AVERAGE NUMBER of PRISONERS in CUSTODY, &c., &c., from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

NAMES OF PRISONERS.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners.			Highest Number confined at any one time. (Both Sexes.)		Lowest Number confined at any one time (Both Sexes)		Highest Number of Male Prisoners confined at any one time.		Highest Number of Female Prisoners confined at any one time.		Lowest Number of Male Prisoners confined at any one time.		Lowest Number of Female Prisoners confined at any one time.	
	M.	F.	Total.	No.	Date.	No.	Date.	No.	Date.	No.	Date.	No.	Date.	No.	Date.
Armagh, . . .	88	10	77	197	18:7	84	18:12	88	18:7	27	8:7	40	18:12	12	20:22
Belfast, . . .	277	108	435	528	8:2	308	18:4	325	27:8	211	6:3	228	18:8	150	18:1
Carlow, . . .	5	1	8	15	18:10	1	27:1	13	7:8	6	10:10	1	27:1	1	28:1
Carrick-on-Shan, . . .	9	8	12	37	12:12	8	10:3	32	12:12	7	17:7	2	14:2	-	-
Castlesbar, . . .	20	6	37	79	20:5	28	18:4	88	20:8	17	8:5	18	18:12	1	20:2
Cavan, . . .	13	4	17	38	22:0	8	10:2	31	23:8	8	5:7	5	8:8	1	28:2
Clonmel, . . .	80	22	102	141	7:7	67	4:5	120	7:7	20	7:5	40	4:5	15	2:3
Cork, Male, . . .	242	-	242	882	11:5	178	8:1	322	11:0	-	-	178	8:1	-	-
Cork, Female, . . .	-	168	168	148	27:8	74	28:2	-	-	148	27:8	-	-	74	28:2
Downpatrick, . . .	48	21	69	186	8:0	44	8:1	63	30:8	30	13:8	27	14:8	0	18:12
Drogheda, . . .	19	2	21	80	1:3	13	28:11	36	1:5	8	28:1	8	28:11	1	21:22
Dundalk, . . .	59	7	66	36	10:8	42	22:0	90	18:8	21	12:11	37	27:8	2	26:8
Dunelm, . . .	11	4	15	30	28:11	5	5:1	24	25:10	8	5:10	4	5:1	-	2:1
Eniskillen, . . .	8	2	10	17	20:10	8	18:9	10	20:10	8	6:9	1	16:9	-	30:3
Galway, . . .	51	11	62	14	8:4	84	28:12	83	24:8	22	27:9	28	28:12	8	28
Grangegorm, . . .	93	173	205	408	8:7	172	28:12	201	8:7	250	18:10	57	28:12	115	28:22
Kilkenny, . . .	20	1	31	72	25:2	21	18:2	58	31:8	21	25:8	16	21:7	-	28:1
Kilmaham, . . .	84	21	105	152	28:2	79	16:2	121	28:8	98	19:10	37	16:2	10	28:12
Lifford, . . .	14	2	16	34	10:5	7	24:7	31	31:8	3	28:10	1	28:2	-	-
Limerick, Male, . . .	163	-	163	157	16:9	80	0:25	197	18:8	-	-	80	0:12	-	-
Limerick, Female, . . .	-	88	88	64	31:10	19	9:7	-	-	64	31:10	-	-	19	9:7
Londonderry, . . .	79	20	99	138	28:1	69	29:10	104	28:8	81	18:8	52	22:10	11	24:6
Longford, . . .	31	2	33	17	28:11	5	18:8	35	28:11	0	21:5	3	8:3	-	-
Maryborough, . . .	71	8	79	85	31:10	54	27:1	80	31:10	0	28:4	53	27:1	-	27:10
Monaghan, . . .	18	2	12	27	28:6	1	29:2	24	29:0	0	27:4	1	28:8	1	28:8
Mullingar, . . .	42	11	53	85	5:0	27	29:12	71	12:5	20	4:0	20	29:12	7	4:5
Nass, . . .	69	18	72	100	21:8	57	3:8	98	21:8	28	20:8	43	1:2	8	12:7
Nenagh, . . .	85	5	40	31	28:11	21	8:9	71	24:11	11	3:11	18	28:5	1	7:4
Omagh, . . .	50	14	64	98	8:2	48	10:5	77	8:2	24	28:2	31	21:5	7	8:1
Richmond, . . .	272	-	272	313	18:8	227	28:5	313	18:8	-	-	227	28:5	-	-
Rosemount, . . .	18	4	17	23	12:0	5	0:12	30	0:12	10	13:5	2	0:12	-	3:0
Sligo, . . .	23	6	29	49	24:11	8	0:5	49	25:11	11	18:10	8	3:4	1	0:4
Trillick, . . .	87	7	44	62	25:9	29	0:4	88	25:9	12	8:7	23	2:8	2	15:4
Trim, . . .	10	1	17	41	27:10	4	0:6	55	27:10	7	6:5	3	4:0	-	18:7
Tullamore, . . .	52	5	27	92	24:1	88	7:10	87	24:1	11	20:9	26	7:10	1	7:0
Waterford, . . .	51	17	68	100	18:7	42	20:4	78	8:7	84	10:7	33	88:4	7	88:4
Wexford, . . .	80	8	88	84	18:10	20	2:9	47	18:10	12	8:7	17	12:8	8	26:7
Wicklow, . . .	13	5	18	27	3:8	6	30:5	24	8:3	3	28:10	4	28:2	1	18:11
Total, 1878-80, . . .	2,887	725	2,812	4,120	-	1,838	-	3,188	-	1,280	-	1,280	-	410	-
Total, 1878-79, . . .	2,102	725	2,825	4,184	-	1,712	-	2,220	-	1,128	-	1,174	-	330	-

County Prisoners—

Mountjoy Male—Daily average No. of Prisoners, 1878-0, . . . 64 1878-80, . . . 169
 Do. Female . . . do. 1878-0, . . . 64 1878-80, . . . 81

TABLE IV.—DEATHS IN LOCAL PRISONS and their CAUSES from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

NAMES OF PRISONS.	No.	Initials of Name.	Sex.	Age.	Crime, &c., for which Convicted or charged.	Date of Commitment.	Date of Death.	Disease, &c., which caused Death.
Armagh, . . .	1	P. G.	M.	—	Larceny, . . .	1:2:79	14:6:79	Pneumonia of left lung.
" . . .	2	M. G.	F.	—	Vagrancy, . . .	3:7:79	20:8:79	Fever.
Belfast, . . .	3	T. S.	M.	50	Assault, . . .	22:8:79	7:9:79	Small pox.
" . . .	4	J. T.	M.	29	Assault and idle person.	8:8:79	14:3:80	Debility.
Carlow, . . .	5	J. D.	M.	40	Assault, . . .	14:2:80	15:2:80	Died suddenly, natural causes.
Clongmel, . . .	6	J. O.	M.	29	Assault, &c., . . .	10:10:79	12:13:79	Diarrhoea.
" . . .	7	J. M.	M.	19	Military offence.	13:2:79	4:1:80	Pulmonary consumption.
" . . .	8	D. M.	M.	30	Neglect to maintain his wife.	3:1:80	16:1:80	Inflammation of bowels.
Cork, Male, . . .	9	J. P.	M.	42	Wilful murder.	1:4:79	25:8:79	Executed.
" . . .	10	A. H.	M.	29	Larceny, . . .	13:8:79	23:8:79	Sudden effusion into the chest.
Galway, . . .	11	M. M'H.	M.	35	Murder, . . .	10:12:79	10:1:80	Executed.
Grangegorman, . . .	12	E. C.	F.	27	Drunkenness, . . .	15:7:79	14:8:79	Pulmonary consumption.
" . . .	13	K. D.	F.	27	" . . .	27:9:79	4:10:79	Do.
" . . .	14	T. B.	F.	33	" . . .	5:12:79	14:12:79	Congestion of lungs.
Kilkeenny, . . .	15	W. O.	M.	35	Cerebrius to defend, Usual factory answering before Judge of Bankruptcy Court.	9:12:79	5:1:80	Consumption.
Kilmainham, . . .	16	M. L.	M.	—	" . . .	9:12:79	17:12:79	Pneumonia.
Limerick, Male, . . .	17	J. G.	M.	29	Stealing four calves.	29:4:79	22:6:79	Consumption.
" Female, . . .	18	H. M'C.	F.	30	On remand, and waiting trial.	12:3:79	22:6:79	Child Birth.
Longford, . . .	19	P. S.	M.	27	Assault, . . .	16:3:79	4:4:79	Injury to skull, caused by a blow.
Nass, . . .	20	W. R.	M.	24	Insubordination, military offence.	24:10:79	17:3:80	Heart disease.
Omagh, . . .	21	J. B.	M.	82	Begging, . . .	20:5:79	28:5:79	Apoplexy.
Richmond, . . .	22	J. P.	M.	27	Breaking glass, . . .	23:5:79	12:6:79	Small pox.
Tullamore, . . .	23	M. C.	M.	22	Absence without leave, and fraud. enlistment.	8:8:79	20:1:80	Pulmonary consumption.
Co. Prisoners:—								
Mountjoy, Male, . . .	24	F. C.	M.	—	—	14:3:79	4:9:79	Paralysis.
" Female, . . .	25	M. F.	F.	—	—	6:6:79	3:7:79	Renal Dropsy.

TABLE V.—ESCAPES FROM LOCAL PRISONS and BRIDEWELLS from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

PERSONS.	Initials of Name.	Sex.	Age.	Date.	Offence of which convicted or charged.	Tried or Untried.	Whether confined separately or with others.	Whether retaken or not.
London-derry Prison, . . .	J. N.	M.	26	34:12:79	Larceny, . . .	Untried.	Separately, . . .	No.
" . . .	P. H.	M.	24	17:3:80	" . . .	Untried.	Separately, . . .	No.
Belfast . . .	W. G.	M.	36	2:1:80	Drunken, idle person.	Under rule of bail.	Separately, . . .	Yes.
Fermoy Bridewell, . . .	T. R.	M.	19	2:10:79	Stealing a coat.	Untried.	With others.	Yes.
Leighrea Bridewell, . . .	P. W.	M.	26	31:11:79	Assault, . . .	Untried.	Separately, . . .	Yes.
Kilmainham Prison, . . .	T. M.	M.	21	6:12:79	Stealing a ham.	Tried, . . .	Separately, . . .	Yes.

TABLE VI.—NUMBER of INDIVIDUALS, exclusive of DEBTORS, committed to each were not known to have been in Prison before that year, and the Number first Commitment in any year,—to 31st March, 1880.

Prisons.	Number of Commitments.		Number of Individuals Committed.		Number of them who had not been in Prison before 1st April, 1879.		Number					
							Once only.		Twice.		Thrice.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh,	731	220	692	111	602	58	318	48	61	12	26	6
Belfast,	3,870	1,668	2,520	840	1,351	817	1,110	290	566	77	179	58
Carlisle,	170	37	120	28	152	39	90	22	22	5	6	1
Carriek-on-Shannon,	227	58	205	34	108	30	167	10	12	3	0	3
Castlchar,	463	130	404	80	324	61	327	61	30	8	7	1
Cavan,	426	72	350	54	313	42	316	44	18	4	4	3
Clonmel,	614	618	781	181	400	80	463	84	61	24	59	12
Cork, Male,	8,094	—	2,360	—	1,300	—	1,266	—	454	—	180	—
Cork, Female,	—	1,059	—	1,051	—	617	—	611	—	171	—	80
Downpatrick,	438	178	870	188	283	71	270	60	36	6	21	9
Drogheda,	223	73	168	40	118	21	101	24	30	6	8	3
Dundalk,	357	106	227	51	185	28	140	23	31	2	9	4
Ennis,	303	98	222	42	183	28	161	20	32	7	10	1
Keshmullen,	312	83	312	80	87	21	193	69	14	8	5	8
Galway,	1,066	351	797	282	608	228	630	164	37	29	27	9
Orangevaun,	4,273	5,716	3,178	1,885	1,716	961	1,290	916	684	166	421	107
Kilkenney,	373	116	302	61	108	36	187	34	56	6	21	5
Kilmainham,	1,314	569	1,013	330	687	161	636	210	119	32	74	14
Lifford,	323	46	310	46	181	25	165	25	21	4	20	4
Limerick, Male,	1,411	—	1,060	—	787	—	717	—	188	—	84	—
Limerick, Female,	—	622	—	625	—	261	—	183	—	61	—	18
Londonderry,	706	324	601	159	620	62	322	77	68	7	12	6
Longford,	318	69	242	88	142	19	140	18	26	4	10	1
Maryborough,	229	69	165	32	111	22	127	22	58	0	8	2
Monaghan,	247	60	216	45	203	40	200	40	9	2	4	1
Mullingar,	381	193	274	85	225	60	231	66	16	6	18	3
Nass,	723	408	673	170	207	27	297	28	88	22	42	12
Neungh,	661	76	383	61	296	41	209	82	42	8	32	5
Omagh,	570	159	460	107	402	81	374	77	59	12	12	4
Richmond,	2,283	—	2,054	—	1,263	—	1,310	—	406	—	196	—
Rosecommon,	653	87	278	55	166	28	238	46	12	2	10	3
Sligo,	320	71	202	54	187	42	166	87	39	4	19	9
Trillick,	697	140	623	103	336	70	390	68	87	14	35	3
Trim,	300	45	294	85	203	11	263	10	14	7	4	4
Trillick,	322	165	248	54	242	38	223	51	24	6	19	4
Waterford,	841	350	688	178	300	68	247	48	92	20	55	20
Wexford,	213	45	204	40	120	19	187	21	20	4	11	6
Wicklow,	456	84	423	60	245	36	302	28	27	14	19	6
Total, 1870-80,	26,884	14,771	22,903	6,961	14,022	6,561	18,040	3,426	3,236	757	1,669	424
Total, 1878-79,	29,489	15,812	22,237	7,688	14,260	3,700	18,563	3,391	3,234	920	1,647	499

LOCAL PRISON from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880; Number of them who of them who had undergone One, Two, Three, &c., &c., Commitments from their

WHO HAD BEEN UP TO THE 31st MARCH, 1880, COMMITTED.—

Four times.		Five times.		Six times.		Seven to Eleven times.		Twelve to Sixteen times.		Seventeen to Twenty times.		Twenty-one times and upwards.		Number of Imprisonments known to have been undergone by the Individuals committed up to 31st March, 1880. (Column No. 2.)		Parsons.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
21	4	13	2	0	3	33	13	10	8	3	4	10	11	2,070	803	Armagh.
143	51	98	31	78	18	250	87	114	55	51	24	138	203	13,519	13,567	Belfast.
1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	170	35	Carlow.
4	2	0	1	5	1	12	7	1	1	—	—	—	1	383	135	Currik-on-Shan.
6	4	2	1	5	—	18	1	0	1	—	2	3	5	670	441	Castletar.
5	1	0	—	—	—	2	1	1	—	1	1	—	—	408	93	Cavan.
39	6	24	0	30	7	49	20	3	9	3	4	3	10	1,797	1,933	Clonmel.
133	—	60	—	68	—	110	—	53	—	13	—	7	—	6,983	—	Cork, Male.
—	50	—	21	—	20	—	74	—	38	—	11	—	02	—	6,556	Cork, Female.
0	5	4	4	2	3	18	8	4	4	—	5	8	14	900	1,181	Dowrypatrick.
2	2	8	1	1	1	6	9	3	2	—	—	4	2	440	103	Drogheda.
12	4	5	3	2	—	4	4	7	3	3	1	5	0	723	303	Dundalk.
13	—	4	—	3	1	9	0	2	—	1	—	1	8	508	291	Ennis.
9	4	6	0	11	9	23	—	20	4	12	—	14	1	1,612	224	Enniskillen.
17	7	10	4	2	8	6	17	5	11	—	—	3	4	1,302	801	Galway.
218	100	174	48	150	54	238	144	51	97	13	60	23	19	10,628	17,000	Grangegorman.
8	4	4	2	2	2	14	3	0	2	2	1	2	2	707	237	Kilkenny.
37	8	31	11	22	6	47	14	19	14	6	7	21	30	2,070	3,078	Kilmainham.
23	0	15	2	10	1	43	3	3	—	1	—	1	1	940	145	Lifford.
30	—	23	—	20	—	80	—	4	—	—	—	8	—	3,263	—	Limerick, Male.
—	10	—	10	—	13	—	14	—	2	—	4	—	9	—	1,144	Limerick, Fem.
23	9	19	4	13	3	25	9	10	7	3	2	9	24	1,479	1,890	Londonderry.
14	2	6	1	3	2	17	3	6	—	3	—	11	7	1,084	415	Loughboro.
2	—	3	—	2	—	4	1	3	—	—	1	1	1	303	60	Maryborough.
2	—	1	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	247	50	Monaghan.
2	1	1	—	—	4	5	1	3	2	—	—	1	2	422	323	Mullharg.
38	11	29	12	32	11	48	23	7	19	8	8	6	37	1,700	2,122	Near.
1	4	8	1	0	2	11	3	5	—	3	—	11	—	1,117	124	Nenagh.
0	2	5	—	0	2	8	2	3	2	—	—	—	6	715	596	Omagh.
77	—	43	—	39	—	87	—	24	—	19	—	15	—	5,127	—	Richmond.
4	2	3	1	2	—	2	4	3	2	1	1	—	—	418	193	Rosecommon.
9	2	4	1	0	1	9	4	5	—	1	—	7	3	774	255	Sligo.
10	4	14	2	19	1	27	3	11	3	3	2	8	5	1,580	510	Trillick.
6	3	2	1	—	—	1	1	3	—	—	—	1	—	421	72	Trillick.
5	4	3	2	5	—	3	3	5	4	—	—	6	—	620	158	Tullamore.
37	11	34	4	24	7	43	19	20	17	6	6	29	26	2,552	2,049	Waterford.
8	1	4	—	5	1	7	2	4	3	2	1	6	1	637	150	Wexford.
14	7	3	—	1	6	3	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	574	171	Wicklow.
681	344	720	180	578	178	1211	504	423	302	163	154	378	502	64,190	50,907	Total, 1870-80.
618	328	650	241	527	207	1164	574	442	329	178	200	394	402	57,883	68,683	Total, 1878-79.

TABLE VII.—SENTENCES OF DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE, IMPRI-

PAROCS.	Death.	PENAL SERVITUDE FOR												IMPRISONMENT FOR			
		Life.		Above 15 Years.		15 Years and above 10.		10 Years and above 7.		7 Years.		5 Years.		3 Years and above 2.		2 Years and above 16 Months.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	1	-
Belfast, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	5	1	-	-	3	-
Carlow, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . .	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Castlebar, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	1
Cavan, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1
Clonmel, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	3	-
Cork, Male, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	18	-	-	-	11	-
Cork, Female, . . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Downpatrick, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	1	-
Drogheda, . . .	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Dundalk, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dunelm, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Dundskiff, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Galway, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
Grangegorman, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Kilkenney, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	1	-	-	-	-
Kilmainham, . . .	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Lifford, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Limerick, Male, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	4	-
Limerick, Female, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3
Londonderry, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	2
Longford, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Maryborough, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Monaghan, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Mullingar, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Nass, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-
Newagh, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-
Omagh, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Richmond, . . .	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	5	-	19	-	-	-	1	-
Roscommon, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Sligo, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Tralee, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trim, . . .	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	-
Tullamore, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Waterford, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Wexford, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Wicklow, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
Total, 1870-80, . . .	4	2	-	2	2	2	2	1	14	2	38	6	69	9	-	44	15
Total, 1878-79, . . .	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	14	-	47	24	65	21	-	34	4

SONMENT, &c., passed from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

IMPRISONMENT FOR													Prison.
18 Months and above 12.		12 Months only.		Under 12 Months and above 6.		9 Months and above 6.		6 Months only.		Under 6 Months and above 3.			
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
-	-	12	1	-	-	13	-	19	2	12	4	Armagh.	
8	2	26	8	1	-	19	5	164	105	26	8	Belfast.	
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	1	-	Carlow.	
-	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	1	1	-	Carriek-on-Shannon.	
-	-	8	-	-	-	3	-	19	5	5	1	Castlebar.	
1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	8	1	-	-	Cavan.	
-	1	21	-	-	-	3	-	22	4	-	-	Clonsmel.	
5	-	51	-	2	-	12	-	57	-	33	-	Cork, Male.	
-	-	-	8	-	-	-	3	-	16	-	6	Cork, Female.	
-	1	8	1	-	-	3	2	21	4	2	7	Downpatrick.	
1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	Drogheda.	
1	-	7	-	3	-	2	-	8	1	2	-	Dundalk.	
-	-	2	-	-	-	4	-	2	-	2	-	Ennis.	
-	-	6	2	4	-	8	-	12	-	16	-	Enniskillen.	
-	-	4	-	1	-	6	-	30	8	5	1	Galway.	
-	4	-	19	-	-	-	6	-	27	-	10	Grangegorman.	
-	-	3	1	-	-	2	1	7	2	2	-	Kilkenny.	
1	-	8	2	5	-	7	1	13	2	30	3	Kilmainham.	
-	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	6	1	3	1	Lifford.	
5	-	23	-	-	-	5	-	28	-	3	-	Limerick, Male.	
-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	-	Limerick, Female.	
-	-	11	1	-	-	2	-	8	3	13	2	Londonderry.	
1	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	Longford.	
1	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	2	-	Maryborough.	
-	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	5	1	3	-	Monaghan.	
1	-	3	2	-	-	1	-	5	3	2	-	Mullingar.	
-	1	7	-	2	-	2	-	18	3	10	5	Nam.	
1	-	1	-	2	-	1	1	6	4	4	-	Nenagh.	
-	-	2	1	-	-	8	-	8	-	6	2	Omagh.	
8	-	43	-	-	-	68	-	170	-	7	-	Richmond.	
1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	4	2	4	-	Rosecommon.	
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	6	1	Sligo.	
1	1	6	2	-	-	2	-	9	-	4	1	Trillick.	
8	-	2	1	1	-	2	-	5	-	3	-	Trim.	
1	-	19	1	-	-	6	1	9	-	5	-	Tullamore.	
1	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	11	4	-	-	Waterford.	
1	-	2	-	1	-	2	1	2	2	3	1	Wexford.	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	-	Wicklow.	
42	11	295	41	25	-	176	23	675	283	216	58	Total, 1879-80.	
62	18	221	48	47	2	171	30	601	125	221	50	Total, 1878-79.	

[continued.]

TABLE VII., *concluded*.—SENTENCES OF DEATH, PENAL SERVITUDE,

Prisons.	IMPRISONMENT FOR											
	3 Months only.		Under 3 Months and above 2.		2 Months and above 1.		1 Month and above 14 Days.		14 Days and above 7.		7 Days and above 48 Hours.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh, . . .	43	16	25	7	107	45	164	09	109	25	118	33
Belfast, . . .	116	75	45	4	278	40	1,147	748	898	343	823	307
Carlow, . . .	1	—	—	—	11	4	17	4	22	0	70	6
Carriken-Shannon, . . .	5	2	—	—	23	1	46	6	25	16	43	11
Castlebar, . . .	11	9	—	—	17	6	51	17	68	21	132	31
Cavan, . . .	8	3	—	—	44	2	53	18	77	12	94	10
Clonmel, . . .	13	14	—	11	41	8	76	113	112	82	532	131
Cork, Male, . . .	81	—	17	—	240	—	428	—	493	—	1,339	—
Cork, Female, . . .	—	53	—	8	—	70	—	370	—	842	—	759
Downpatrick, . . .	7	0	3	2	50	17	74	63	63	22	116	42
Drogheda, . . .	1	8	—	—	13	4	24	9	21	0	58	23
Dundalk, . . .	8	1	3	—	18	2	69	50	43	14	92	21
Ennis, . . .	8	2	2	1	17	8	54	88	45	11	56	15
Enniskillen, . . .	17	10	14	10	20	8	36	11	89	7	37	10
Galway, . . .	86	4	9	—	40	6	182	58	149	68	268	105
Grangegorman, . . .	—	63	—	5	—	133	852	321	851	1,218	1,571	2,612
Kilkenny, . . .	7	3	—	—	21	5	49	14	41	10	127	54
Kilmainham, . . .	23	10	8	—	88	7	206	67	237	135	479	263
Lifford, . . .	26	7	—	—	30	1	71	7	54	9	75	17
Limerick, Male, . . .	44	—	—	—	192	—	276	—	232	—	814	—
Limerick, Female, . . .	—	24	—	1	—	20	—	219	—	42	—	119
Londonderry, . . .	32	0	12	—	54	14	142	101	183	83	197	81
Longford, . . .	—	—	4	—	30	8	67	9	48	6	117	46
Maryborough, . . .	5	2	—	—	15	2	48	13	47	3	64	0
Monaghan, . . .	10	—	—	—	21	4	48	7	33	0	68	9
Mullingar, . . .	8	2	—	—	43	11	55	45	54	21	88	32
Nans, . . .	26	20	8	14	50	23	78	45	70	54	191	140
Navagh, . . .	14	4	—	1	49	0	87	15	45	7	142	14
Omagh, . . .	16	11	12	2	82	25	112	36	151	33	104	13
Richmond, . . .	267	—	11	—	463	—	35	—	84	—	35	—
Rosemount, . . .	9	—	—	—	16	9	40	19	47	15	89	21
Sligo, . . .	7	3	—	—	27	9	62	19	49	11	67	16
Tralee, . . .	10	5	—	—	30	4	130	33	147	39	292	44
Trim, . . .	9	1	1	—	30	3	65	7	70	6	160	16
Tullamore, . . .	10	3	—	—	18	3	49	16	51	13	137	58
Waterford, . . .	28	8	2	—	38	2	114	121	59	28	230	88
Wexford, . . .	5	2	4	—	25	4	53	6	46	8	71	13
Wicklow, . . .	15	—	6	—	24	8	16	14	173	21	135	24
Total, 1870-80, . . .	921	372	179	66	2,163	514	5,098	3,118	4,844	2,712	8,708	5,270
Total, 1878-79, . . .	836	216	182	28	1,984	542	5,197	3,152	4,249	3,000	9,018	6,121

IMPRISONMENT, &c., passed from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

IMPRISONMENT FOR										Sentences credited and not passed.		Total Number of Sentences.		Prisons.
45 Hours.		24 Hours and under.		Fines without any alternative imprisonment.		Unlimited.								
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
19	5	25	7	-	-	5	-	-	-	673	215	Armagh.		
8	2	31	5	-	-	22	-	-	-	3,509	1,803	Belfast.		
11	-	5	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	102	23	Carlow.		
22	5	1	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	180	43	Carriek-on-Shannon.		
24	10	12	2	-	-	-	-	10	4	308	100	Castlebar.		
48	2	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	374	50	Cavan.		
8	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	15	2	803	890	Clonmel.		
24	-	28	-	-	-	10	-	7	-	2,808	-	Cork, Male.		
-	21	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1,912	Cork, Female.		
17	1	2	1	-	-	0	-	14	-	590	168	Downpatrick.		
53	20	21	1	-	-	7	-	-	-	297	70	Drogheda.		
82	5	15	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	390	04	Dundalk.		
12	1	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	214	78	Ennis.		
33	8	8	6	-	-	2	-	-	-	251	06	Enniskillen.		
141	56	00	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	859	327	Galway.		
509	839	201	152	-	-	-	2	-	7	4,275	5,444	Grangegorman.		
32	15	5	2	-	-	6	-	-	-	210	108	Kilkenny.		
30	19	10	3	-	-	5	-	1	2	1,202	544	Kilmainham.		
29	3	11	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	210	46	Lifford.		
38	-	144	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,239	-	Limerick, Male.		
-	10	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	403	Limerick, Female.		
80	21	1	-	-	-	3	-	1	2	673	310	Londonderry.		
15	4	11	10	-	-	2	-	1	1	284	91	Longford.		
14	4	-	-	1	-	9	-	-	-	302	31	Maryborough.		
14	10	0	5	-	-	1	-	-	-	219	45	Monaghan.		
11	8	4	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	257	110	Mullingar.		
90	50	83	40	-	-	15	-	-	-	648	500	Nass.		
15	8	03	17	-	-	2	-	4	1	471	73	Newagh.		
50	4	18	6	-	-	1	-	-	-	482	134	Omagh.		
25	-	3	-	2	-	89	-	46	-	1,365	-	Richmond.		
31	10	31	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	250	79	Rosecommon.		
25	-	21	4	1	-	1	-	-	-	270	84	Sligo.		
23	2	10	2	1	-	3	-	0	2	641	127	Trillick.		
4	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	357	38	Trim.		
1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	213	100	Tullamore.		
175	48	109	31	-	-	10	1	1	-	783	332	Waterford.		
4	1	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	228	39	Wexford.		
69	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	433	76	Wicklow.		
1,898	1,001	1,020	484	6	-	247	8	108	24	28,471	13,954	Total, 1879-80.		
1,812	1,166	1,115	448	7	-	349	2	149	33	26,330	15,015	Total, 1878-79.		

TABLE VIII.—AGES, EDUCATIONAL CONDITION on COMMITMENT, and from 1st April, 1879, to 31st

PRISONS.	Total Number of Commitments.			AGE.											
				Under 12 Years.		12 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Above 16 to 21 Years.		21 to 31 Years.		31 to 41 Years.			
	M.	F.	M. & F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
Armagh,	781	230	951	7	1	22	1	145	23	327	66	163	76		
Belfast,	3,570	1,888	5,758	0	1	115	10	841	210	1,502	936	784	615		
Carlow,	170	35	205	2	-	-	3	31	5	72	10	27	11		
Carrick-on-Shannon,	227	53	280	-	-	2	2	44	6	67	13	66	29		
Castlebar,	405	180	585	3	1	11	4	90	11	165	35	77	46		
Cavan,	420	72	496	-	-	4	2	124	12	187	17	60	17		
Clonmel,	914	319	1,235	1	-	25	5	238	0	356	81	230	98		
Cork, Male,	8,092	-	8,092	14	-	78	-	674	-	1,273	-	549	-		
Cork, Female,	-	1,039	1,039	-	8	-	17	-	155	-	912	-	729		
Downpatrick,	455	115	570	4	-	17	-	79	14	164	60	60	37		
Drogheda,	223	78	301	4	1	2	-	58	2	84	18	38	19		
Dundalk,	357	100	457	2	-	9	-	68	9	146	43	68	28		
Ennis,	308	96	404	0	-	33	-	74	20	120	25	81	37		
Enniskillen,	312	80	392	1	-	7	2	83	18	76	22	62	22		
Galway,	1,055	361	1,406	4	3	34	19	274	73	358	58	277	192		
Grangegorman,	4,270	5,716	9,986	-	8	1	65	914	737	1,738	2,083	1,929	1,461		
Kilkeny,	370	115	485	4	-	7	1	88	8	137	44	79	36		
Kilmainham,	1,314	599	1,913	9	1	40	8	439	66	447	304	201	123		
Lifford,	323	46	369	1	-	23	-	63	5	128	12	48	13		
Limerick, Male,	1,411	-	1,411	3	-	88	-	853	-	680	-	240	-		
Limerick, Female,	-	532	532	-	-	-	11	-	106	-	197	-	147		
Londonderry,	700	324	1,024	7	-	33	1	129	34	280	128	143	81		
Loughboro',	318	96	414	1	-	4	-	72	24	111	17	58	37		
Maryborough,	220	86	306	1	-	9	-	37	2	90	10	43	10		
Meenagham,	247	50	297	1	1	16	2	63	3	84	11	50	8		
Mullingar,	331	128	457	-	-	6	2	65	11	139	48	63	36		
Nass,	723	408	1,131	3	-	20	3	80	36	225	164	163	122		
Nenagh,	501	75	576	-	-	9	1	69	6	169	22	135	28		
Omagh,	579	159	738	4	-	17	-	206	42	160	45	81	42		
Richmond,	2,289	-	2,289	23	-	203	-	558	-	888	-	353	-		
Rosecommon,	654	87	741	-	-	10	-	67	16	113	28	83	20		
Sligo,	323	71	394	2	-	11	-	92	8	128	29	41	20		
Tralee,	697	149	847	4	1	43	7	159	11	241	25	144	69		
Trim,	399	43	444	1	-	1	-	61	4	168	17	93	10		
Tullamore,	329	100	429	2	-	8	1	57	19	139	61	81	28		
Waterford,	841	836	1,197	4	1	16	8	148	27	341	116	169	106		
Wexford,	243	40	283	1	2	11	2	37	7	106	10	31	12		
Wicklow,	459	84	543	-	-	7	1	79	33	123	34	145	9		
Total, 1879-80,	29,887	14,771	44,658	121	24	947	104	6,681	1,836	11,324	5,620	6,111	4,387		
Total, 1878-79,	29,480	15,812	45,292	122	22	834	150	7,040	1,700	10,926	5,988	5,913	4,742		

RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONS of all Persons Committed to Local Prisons
March, 1880, exclusive of Debtors.

AGES.				EDUCATION OF COMMITTEES.												Prisons.			
41 Years and upwards.		Age could not be ascertained.		Read and Write.		Read imperfectly.		Knew Spelling.		Knew Alphabet.		Wholly Illiterate.		Education not ascertained.					
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.				
127	13	-	-	277	83	100	46	00	23	72	15	213	104	-	-	Armagh.			
619	416	-	-	2,312	568	630	580	-	-	-	-	657	720	-	-	Belfast.			
38	6	-	-	77	12	16	9	-	-	-	-	77	14	-	-	Callow.			
49	9	-	-	123	11	8	8	-	-	-	-	96	34	-	-	Carrick-on-Shan.			
88	50	20	8	181	20	19	8	-	-	11	4	230	80	23	3	Castlebar.			
51	24	-	-	245	28	81	16	-	-	-	-	104	20	-	-	Cavan.			
154	67	-	-	392	126	100	70	-	-	-	-	392	123	-	-	Clonmel.			
000	-	-	-	1,000	-	430	-	8	-	42	-	1,000	-	-	-	Cork, Male.			
-	438	-	-	-	342	-	429	-	121	-	408	-	809	-	-	Cork, Female.			
85	67	-	-	208	19	74	60	1	5	8	1	144	87	-	-	Downpatrick.			
41	33	-	-	90	12	23	10	1	-	2	-	102	43	-	-	Drogheda.			
63	20	-	-	221	25	37	19	-	-	-	-	26	50	-	-	Dundalk.			
51	17	-	-	103	20	40	13	4	-	-	-	118	80	-	-	Ennis.			
77	26	-	-	150	41	10	8	30	7	21	6	92	25	-	-	Enniskillen.			
108	75	-	-	340	49	28	10	-	-	-	-	657	280	-	-	Galway.			
004	810	-	-	2,568	1,809	304	1,250	-	1	-	0	1,423	2,583	-	-	Grangegorman.			
29	20	1	-	188	24	28	19	3	-	0	7	140	71	1	-	Kilkenny.			
170	88	-	-	800	230	123	98	1	-	-	-	391	273	-	-	Kilmainham.			
54	16	7	1	142	18	13	8	8	2	2	-	105	24	-	-	Lifford.			
144	-	8	-	894	-	102	-	100	-	50	-	223	-	7	-	Limerick, Male.			
-	59	-	-	-	88	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	412	-	-	Limerick, Female.			
120	62	-	-	203	16	173	88	13	5	8	17	240	199	-	-	Londonderry.			
72	18	-	-	133	11	50	6	7	4	-	5	125	70	-	-	Longford.			
47	14	-	-	122	11	27	6	5	-	7	-	64	20	-	-	Maryborough.			
43	25	-	-	122	7	33	19	27	3	-	-	61	22	-	-	Monaghan.			
42	20	-	-	120	30	104	21	19	20	47	20	43	20	-	-	Mullingar.			
203	69	-	-	270	173	203	117	13	5	3	-	234	113	-	-	New.			
105	21	-	-	200	21	27	10	1	-	-	-	174	44	-	-	Newagh.			
96	30	-	-	183	47	238	58	-	4	-	-	154	50	-	-	Omagh.			
106	-	41	-	1,400	-	250	-	-	-	40	-	547	-	41	-	Richmond.			
63	21	-	-	228	81	31	13	-	-	-	-	104	43	-	-	Roscommon.			
40	14	-	-	167	17	32	13	4	-	16	1	101	40	-	-	Sligo.			
106	40	-	-	344	23	54	5	-	-	-	-	200	112	-	-	Tralee.			
88	14	-	-	221	11	30	6	-	-	-	-	148	28	-	-	Trim.			
67	29	-	-	170	10	14	10	9	5	10	5	136	70	-	-	Tullamore.			
136	104	-	-	312	17	93	41	-	-	-	-	436	298	-	-	Waterford.			
57	12	-	-	103	13	26	5	-	-	-	-	117	27	-	-	Wexford.			
100	7	-	-	245	50	92	15	20	-	11	2	103	8	-	-	Wicklow.			
4,024	2,831	80	4	16,081	4,000	3,714	3,128	346	204	363	260	9,762	7,168	72	3	Total, 1875-80.			
4,430	3,312	75	19	14,875	3,940	3,403	3,018	468	308	388	362	10,082	8,047	208	131	Total, 1875-79.			

[continues.]

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TABLE VIII., *concluded*.—AGES, EDUCATIONAL CONDITION OR COMMITMENT, and RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONS of all Persons Committed to Local Prisons from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880, exclusive of Debtors.

PRISONS.	RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONS.										Total Number of Commitments.			
	Protestant Episcopalians of Ireland.		Presbyterians.		Roman Catholics.		Other Religious Professions.		Could not be ascertained.					
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. & F.	
Armagh,	179	58	37	7	518	155	-	-	-	-	731	230	961	
Belfast,	924	493	934	270	2,098	1,128	49	-	-	-	3,670	1,888	5,558	
Carlow,	19	2	2	-	153	89	-	-	2	-	179	39	218	
Carrick-on-Shannon, . .	9	1	1	-	217	69	-	-	-	-	227	53	280	
Castlebar,	129	8	-	-	428	119	-	-	23	3	469	130	599	
Cavan,	31	8	1	1	394	64	-	-	-	-	420	72	492	
Clonmel,	26	13	2	-	896	308	-	-	-	-	914	319	1,233	
Cork, Male,	160	-	19	-	2,907	-	96	-	-	-	3,093	-	3,093	
Cork, Female,	-	135	-	-	-	1,917	-	71	-	-	-	1,006	1,950	
Downpatrick,	142	49	66	10	224	179	39	-	-	-	435	178	613	
Drogheda,	19	4	3	-	209	69	-	-	-	-	223	73	296	
Dundalk,	39	13	12	-	306	87	-	-	-	-	357	100	457	
Ennis,	3	-	1	-	853	99	12	-	-	-	303	99	402	
Enniskillen,	71	39	6	-	235	51	-	-	-	-	312	89	401	
Galway,	20	-	-	-	1,684	348	12	-	-	-	1,755	351	1,400	
Grangegorman,	244	371	30	21	4,601	5,817	-	36	-	4	4,273	5,715	9,988	
Kilkenny,	5	13	-	-	379	102	-	-	-	-	373	115	488	
Kilmainham,	131	37	5	9	1,175	650	39	80	-	-	1,314	809	1,918	
Lifford,	20	5	16	3	381	43	-	-	-	-	393	40	509	
Limerick, Male,	94	-	9	-	1,329	-	0	-	0	-	1,411	-	1,411	
Limerick, Female,	-	7	-	-	-	519	-	-	-	-	-	522	523	
Londonderry,	137	89	99	11	479	224	-	-	-	-	700	324	1,024	
Longford,	7	-	-	-	311	90	-	-	-	-	318	90	414	
Maryborough,	23	1	-	-	208	35	-	-	-	-	220	36	256	
Monaghan,	22	3	4	11	221	36	-	-	-	-	247	60	297	
Mullingar,	15	3	-	-	310	121	-	-	-	-	331	129	457	
Naas,	75	49	8	-	635	368	39	-	3	-	723	408	1,131	
Nenagh,	23	9	-	-	471	67	2	-	-	-	501	75	576	
Omagh,	98	27	39	4	478	128	-	-	-	-	570	150	720	
Richmond,	112	-	-	-	2,110	-	129	-	41	-	2,369	-	2,369	
Roscommon,	19	8	-	-	334	84	-	-	-	-	338	87	440	
Sligo,	12	1	1	-	307	70	-	-	-	-	320	71	391	
Tralee,	19	4	1	-	689	136	-	-	-	-	697	140	837	
Trim,	49	3	2	-	357	42	-	-	-	-	390	45	441	
Tullamore,	28	11	3	-	297	93	12	-	-	-	329	109	435	
Waterford,	12	1	2	1	826	354	12	-	-	-	841	359	1,197	
Wexford,	19	2	-	-	229	49	-	-	1	-	243	45	285	
Wicklow,	44	12	2	1	410	71	-	-	-	-	450	84	540	
Total, 1878-80,	2,804	1,420	1,300	358	25,663	12,938	46	12	70	7	29,888	14,771	44,659	
Total, 1878-79,	2,905	1,433	1,129	443	25,208	13,399	24	1	103	38	29,439	14,812	45,297	

a Jews, 6.
 b Methodists, 2.
 c Presbyterians, 1.
 d Wesleyans, 3.
 e Jews, 4.

a Wesleyans, 4.
 b Methodists, 2.
 c Independent, 1.
 d Baptist, 1.
 e Dissenters, 1.

a Methodists, 2.
 b Wesleyans, 3.
 c Unitarians, 5.
 d Methodists, 2.
 e Atheists, 1.

a Baptist, 1.
 b Quakers, 5.
 c Jews, 2.
 d Wesleyans, 2.
 e Baptist, 1.

TABLE IX.—SCHOOLS.—NUMBER of PRISONERS in Attendance, Number of Days Schools were held, Number of Teachers, &c., from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

Prisons.	Number of Individual Prisoners who attended School.		Number of Days School was held.		Average Daily Number of Pupils.		Number of Teachers.		Number of Hours allotted daily for Instruction of each Prisoner.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh, . . .	73	34	206	238	0	4	1	1	1	1
Belfast, . . .	170	86	276	204	17	11	1	1	2	2
Carlow, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Castletar, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cavan, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clonmel, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cork, Male, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cork, Female, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Downpatrick, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Drogheda, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dundalk, . . .	40	4	280	100	23	1	1	1	2	2
Ennis, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Keshikillen, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Galway, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grangegorman, . . .	—	144	—	274	—	12	—	1	—	2
Kilkenny, . . .	17	—	40	—	1	—	1	—	$\frac{7}{8}$	—
Kilmainham, . . .	35	2	278	58	7.2	1	1	1	1	1
Lifford, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Limerick, Male, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Limerick, Female, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Londonderry, . . .	33	—	68	—	9	—	1	—	1	—
Longford, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryborough, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Monaghan, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mullingar, . . .	121	24	269	210	13	8	1	—	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Nass, . . .	82	—	289	—	10	—	1	—	9 min.	—
Nenagh, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Omagh, . . .	98	—	248	—	12	—	1	—	1	—
Richmond, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Roscommon, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sligo, . . .	60	14	272	272	7	1	1	1	1	1
Trillick, . . .	6	2	60	60	11	5	1	1	—	—
Trim, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tullamore, . . .	22	—	206	—	3	—	1	—	1	—
Waterford, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wexford, . . .	33	12	246	218	0	1	1	1	1	1
Wicklow, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total, 1879-80, . . .	788	322	2,790	1,773	127.3	38	13	8	$18\frac{5}{8}$	$10\frac{1}{2}$
Total, 1878-79, . . .	1,206	586	3,608	2,047	234.302	53.621	13	13	$20\frac{1}{2}$	$14\frac{1}{2}$

TABLE X.—RETURN of PRISON OFFENCES and PUNISHMENTS in

PRISONS.	Total number of Prisoners during the Year.		Irish or Hard-cuffs.		Prison Punishments.				Total number of Prisoners punished.		Violence.	
					Punishment Cells.		Dietary Punishment.					
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh, . . .	570	129	1	2	191	—	51	15	162	9	1	2
Belfast, . . .	2,791	942	1	—	811	39	1,857	315	1,059	854	5	—
Carlow, . . .	175	37	—	—	—	—	10	—	10	—	—	—
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . .	210	37	—	—	5	2	—	—	5	2	1	—
Castlebar, . . .	427	94	—	—	—	—	35	4	21	4	3	—
Cavan, . . .	879	64	—	—	2	—	3	—	5	—	—	—
Clonmel, . . .	897	200	—	—	92	19	408	25	838	38	—	—
Cork, Male, . . .	2,611	—	—	—	266	—	1,056	—	851	—	1	—
Cork, Female, . . .	—	1,184	—	7	—	3	—	340	—	148	—	—
Downpatrick, . . .	415	142	—	—	42	8	180	1	114	3	2	2
Drogheda, . . .	241	80	—	—	9	—	75	2	48	2	2	—
Dundalk, . . .	278	61	1	—	—	—	146	2	101	2	6	—
Ennis, . . .	247	45	—	—	37	8	15	2	52	5	—	—
Kinniskillen, . . .	323	92	—	—	—	—	8	—	8	—	—	—
Galway, . . .	824	295	—	—	—	3	267	19	367	22	5	—
Grangegorman, . . .	8,256	2,911	—	—	315	82	1,485	219	1,745	284	—	—
Kilkenny, . . .	826	64	—	—	1	—	100	6	66	4	—	1
Kilmaham, . . .	1,097	349	—	—	48	5	1,666	292	282	75	—	—
Lafford, . . .	341	47	—	—	—	—	16	—	10	—	—	—
Limerick, Male, . . .	1,301	—	1	—	165	—	307	—	278	—	4	—
Limerick, Female, . . .	—	367	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	22	—	—
Londonderry, . . .	583	160	—	—	18	4	720	168	441	90	3	3
Loughboro', . . .	255	44	—	—	6	—	5	—	9	—	—	—
Maryborough, . . .	253	32	—	—	27	—	66	2	77	2	—	—
Monaghan, . . .	232	45	—	—	1	—	25	—	26	—	1	—
Mullingar, . . .	813	92	—	—	60	11	127	26	217	31	—	—
Nass, . . .	655	188	1	1	45	25	89	7	64	24	3	5
Nenagh, . . .	418	83	—	—	6	—	165	2	170	2	4	—
Omagh, . . .	509	118	—	—	123	8	162	4	281	13	—	—
Richmond, . . .	2,296	—	—	—	116	—	428	—	880	—	48	—
Rosecommon, . . .	295	62	—	—	6	—	18	—	18	—	—	—
Sligo, . . .	273	55	—	—	8	—	23	—	24	—	—	—
Tralee, . . .	558	107	—	—	28	1	356	26	179	18	—	—
Trim, . . .	466	45	—	—	—	—	25	—	25	—	—	—
Tullamore, . . .	353	36	—	—	17	1	20	—	29	1	—	1
Waterford, . . .	632	186	—	—	10	3	150	29	190	32	—	—
Wexford, . . .	225	45	—	—	10	5	87	19	97	24	1	—
Wicklow, . . .	461	85	—	—	9	—	58	—	37	—	—	—
Totals, 1879-80, . . .	25,233	7,654	5	16	2,008	239	9,686	1,465	8,668	1,305	88	14
Totals, 1878-79, . . .	29,805	15,599	18	6	3,564	427	4,912	830	5,348	802	79	16
Co. Prisoners in—												
Mountjoy, Male, . . .	314	—	7	—	61	—	130	—	168	—	16	—
" Female, . . .	—	61	—	2	—	7	—	6	—	12	—	1
during 1878-80.												

LOCAL PRISONS from 1st APRIL, 1879, to the 31st MARCH, 1880.

Prison Offences.								Deprivation of Marks or Stages.		Persons.
Escapes and Attempts to Escape.		Idleness.		Other Breaches of Regulations.		Total Offences.				
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
-	-	108	-	139	15	243	17	5	1	Armagh.
-	-	955	115	1,000	230	1,900	334	150	79	Belfast.
-	-	5	-	5	-	10	-	6	-	Carlow.
-	-	4	2	-	-	5	2	-	-	Carrik-on-Shannon.
-	-	5	4	28	-	35	4	1	-	Castlebar.
1	-	1	-	8	-	5	-	-	-	Cavan.
-	-	334	9	160	35	500	44	37	1	Clewmei.
-	-	370	-	1,281	-	1,652	-	48	-	Cork, Male.
-	-	-	116	-	224	-	340	-	2	Cork, Female.
-	-	90	1	130	1	222	4	26	-	Downpatrick.
-	-	45	1	40	1	87	2	3	-	Drogheda.
-	-	79	2	86	-	170	2	21	-	Dundalk.
-	-	2	-	50	5	52	5	-	-	Ennis.
-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	Keshkillen.
-	-	100	7	163	15	268	22	1	-	Galway.
-	-	1,195	100	605	157	1,800	305	-	3	Grangegorman.
-	-	65	1	47	4	112	6	11	-	Kilkenny.
1	-	653	278	402	25	1,055	307	3	-	Kilmainham.
-	-	8	-	7	-	10	-	-	-	Lifford.
-	-	54	-	215	-	273	-	19	-	Limerick, Male.
-	-	-	6	-	18	-	22	-	1	Limerick, Female.
-	-	214	34	579	75	806	112	100	-	Londonderry.
-	-	1	-	10	-	11	-	-	-	Longford.
-	-	69	-	13	2	82	2	5	-	Maryborough.
-	-	11	-	14	-	25	-	1	-	Monaghan.
-	-	86	16	151	15	217	31	16	-	Mullingar.
-	-	38	8	44	20	85	33	8	1	Nass.
-	-	42	-	124	2	170	2	1	-	Neagh.
-	-	120	-	152	12	281	12	61	-	Omagh.
-	-	206	-	290	-	544	-	376	-	Richmond.
-	-	12	-	7	-	19	-	-	-	Roscommon.
-	-	10	-	28	1	38	1	7	1	Sligo.
-	-	162	19	200	7	363	26	10	-	Trillick.
-	-	15	-	9	-	25	-	-	-	Trim.
-	-	16	-	21	-	37	1	16	-	Tullamore.
-	-	73	-	119	32	192	33	2	-	Waterford.
-	-	64	14	32	10	97	24	11	1	Wexford.
-	-	28	-	9	-	37	-	-	-	Wicklow.
2	-	5,240	740	6,201	950	11,591	1,713	968	90	Totals, 1879-80.
3	-	3,470	410	5,338	850	9,190	1,275	-	-	Totals, 1878-79.
-	-	15	-	220	-	251	-	150	-	
-	-	-	-	-	30	-	31	-	4	

TABLE XI.—OFFENCES AND COMMITMENTS OF JUVENILES, *i.e.*, PRISONERS included in

PRISONS.	COMMITMENTS.									
	CONVICTED									
	AT ASSIZES AND QUARTER SESSIONS.				SUMMARILY.				BY COURTS MARTIAL, AND OTHERWISE.	
	Under 12 Years.		12 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Under 12 Years.		12 and not exceeding 16 Years.		12 and not exceeding 16 Years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	
Armagh,	—	—	1	—	7	1	20	1	—	
Belfast,	—	—	1	—	7	1	94	9	—	
Carlisle,	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	
Carrick-on-Shannon,	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	
Castlesbar,	—	—	2	—	2	—	8	4	—	
Cavan,	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	2	—	
Clonmel,	—	—	1	—	1	—	22	6	—	
Cork, Male,	—	—	—	—	11	—	64	—	—	
Cork, Female,	—	—	—	1	—	6	—	15	—	
Downpatrick,	—	—	—	—	8	—	10	—	—	
Drogheda,	1	1	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	
Dundalk,	—	—	—	—	2	—	9	—	—	
Ennis,	—	—	—	—	2	—	14	—	—	
Enniskillen,	—	—	—	—	1	—	7	2	—	
Galway,	—	—	1	—	4	1	81	7	—	
Grangeoversea,	—	1	—	—	—	2	1	68	—	
Kilkenney,	—	—	—	—	1	—	3	1	—	
Kilmaleham,	—	—	1	—	2	—	80	4	—	
Lifford,	1	—	1	—	—	—	19	—	—	1
Limerick, Male,	—	—	—	—	2	—	25	—	—	
Limerick, Female,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	
Londonderry,	—	—	1	—	7	—	24	1	—	
Longford,	—	—	—	—	1	—	4	—	—	
Maryborough,	1	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	
Monaghan,	—	—	1	—	1	—	14	1	—	
Mullingar,	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	2	—	
Nass,	—	—	1	—	8	—	19	1	—	
Nenagh,	—	—	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	
Omagh,	—	—	1	—	4	—	11	—	—	
Richmond,	1	—	17	—	13	—	168	—	—	
Roscommon,	—	—	1	—	—	—	8	—	—	
Sligo,	—	—	—	—	2	—	10	—	—	
Tralee,	—	—	8	1	4	1	37	6	—	
Trim,	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	
Tullamore,	—	—	—	—	2	—	8	1	—	
Waterford,	—	—	1	—	3	1	14	3	—	
Wexford,	—	1	—	—	—	—	10	1	—	
Wicklow,	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	1	—	
Total, 1879-80,	4	3	30	3	88	13	702	129	1	
Total, 1878-79,	1	—	32	2	85	16	601	128	2	

not exceeding 16 years of age, from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880, foregoing Tables.

COMMITTEES.								TOTAL NUMBER OF COMMITTEES.				PRISONS
TOTAL CONVICTED.				NOT CONVICTED AND UNTRIED.								
Under 12 Years.		12 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Under 12 Years.		12 and not exceeding 16 Years.		Under 12 Years.		12 and not exceeding 16 Years.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
7	1	21	1	-	-	1	-	7	1	22	1	Armagh.
7	1	25	0	2	-	20	1	9	1	116	10	Belfast.
2	-	2	2	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	3	Carlow.
-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Carrick-on-Shannon.
2	-	10	4	1	1	1	-	3	1	11	4	Castlebar.
-	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	Clonmel.
1	-	23	5	-	-	8	-	1	-	20	5	Clonmel.
11	-	01	-	3	-	9	-	14	-	73	-	Cork, Male.
-	0	-	16	-	3	-	-	-	9	-	10	Cork, Female.
3	-	10	-	1	-	7	-	4	-	17	-	Downpatrick.
2	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	4	1	2	-	Drogheda.
2	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	9	-	Dundalk.
2	-	14	-	1	-	22	-	3	-	30	-	Ennis.
1	-	7	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	7	2	Rossiskillen.
4	1	32	7	-	2	2	8	4	3	34	10	Galway.
-	8	1	03	-	-	-	12	-	3	1	05	Grangegorman.
1	-	3	1	3	-	4	-	4	-	7	1	Kilkenney.
2	-	31	4	-	1	18	4	2	1	49	8	Kilmainham.
1	-	21	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	23	-	Lifford.
2	-	25	-	1	-	8	-	3	-	33	-	Limerick, Male.
-	-	-	6	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	11	Limerick, Female.
7	-	25	1	-	-	8	-	7	-	33	1	Londonderry.
1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	-	Longford.
1	-	7	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	9	-	Maryborough.
1	-	15	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	10	1	Monaghan.
-	-	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	Mullingar.
3	-	20	1	-	-	-	2	3	-	20	3	Nave.
-	-	8	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	9	1	Nenagh.
4	-	12	-	-	-	5	-	4	-	17	-	Omagh.
14	-	175	-	9	-	88	-	23	-	203	-	Richmond.
-	-	9	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	10	-	Roscommon.
2	-	10	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	11	-	Sligo.
4	1	40	0	-	-	8	1	4	1	43	7	Trillick.
-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	Trim.
2	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	1	Tullamore.
3	1	10	3	1	-	1	-	4	1	10	3	Waterford.
-	1	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	11	2	Wexford.
-	-	4	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	7	1	Wicklow.
92	16	728	123	20	0	214	31	118	25	650	102	Total, 1870-80.
80	16	635	129	25	0	188	19	121	22	623	148	Total, 1879-79.

TABLE XII.—SENTENCES of PENAL SERVITUDE and IMPRISONMENT passed

Parsons.	Penal Servitude for 7 Years.		IMPRISONMENT FOR															
			2 Years and above 18 Months.		12 Months and above 9.		9 Months and above 6.		6 Months and above 3.		3 Months and above 2.		2 Months and above 1.		1 Month and above 14 Days.			
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	-	-	-
Belfast, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	1	6	-	10	-	1	-
Carlow, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Castlebar, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
Cavan, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	-
Clonmel, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	1	-
Cork, Male, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	9	-	-	-
Cork, Female, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-
Downpatrick, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-
Drogheda, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Dundalk, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
Ennis, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	-	-
Enniskillen, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Galway, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-
Grangegorman, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Kilkenny, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Kilmainham, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	6	-	1	-
Lifford, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	6	-	-	-
Limerick, Male, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	-	-
Limerick, Female, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Londonderry, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	11	-	-	-
Longford, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Maryborough, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Monaghan, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	4	-	1	-
Mullingar, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nass, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Nenagh, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	5	-	-	-
Omagh, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Richmond, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	11	-	14	-	25	-	-	-
Roscommon, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Silgo, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-
Tralee, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	6	-	-	-
Trim, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Tullamore, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Waterford, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	8	-	2	-
Wexford, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	-
Wicklow, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
Total, 1878-83, . . .	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	-	28	6	48	2	144	-	11	-
Total, 1878-79, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	13	5	30	-	141	-	12	-

on JUVENILE PRISONERS from the 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

IMPRISONMENT FOR										Sentence respited and not passed.		Total.		Prisons.
14 Days and above 7.		7 Days and above 48 Hours.		48 Hours.		24 Hours.		Unlimited.						
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
17	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20	2	Armagh.
43	6	11	2	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	102	10	Belfast.
-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Carlow.
3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Carrick-on-Shannon.
0	-	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	4	Castlebar.
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	Cavan.
13	1	8	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	5	Clonmel.
39	-	17	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	Cork, Male.
-	14	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	22	Cork, Female.
7	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	Downpatrick.
2	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	Drughda.
2	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	Dundalk.
5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	Dunbl.
5	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	2	Enniskillen.
4	1	14	5	8	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	38	8	Galway.
-	20	1	20	-	4	-	11	-	-	-	-	1	56	Grangegeorman.
1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	Kilkenny.
15	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	4	Kilmainham.
6	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	Lifford.
17	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	Limerick, Male.
-	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	Limerick, Female.
11	1	3	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	1	Londonderry.
2	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	Longford.
2	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	Maryborough.
5	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	1	Monaghan.
5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	Mullingar.
8	1	8	-	2	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	23	1	Naas.
1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1	Nonagh.
7	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	Omagh.
74	-	30	-	22	-	3	-	-	-	5	-	191	-	Robinson.
8	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	Roscommon.
2	-	5	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	Sligo.
24	4	9	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	44	7	Trillick.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	Trim.
4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	Tullamore.
1	1	4	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	17	4	Waterford.
4	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	2	Wexford.
5	-	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	4	Wicklow.
341	62	174	47	41	9	58	13	1	-	7	1	848	160	Total, 1879-80.
271	49	157	44	38	7	51	31	-	-	6	1	726	151	Total, 1878-79.

TABLE XIII.—CONDITION of JUVENILES as to

Prisons.	EDUCATION.											
	Read and Write.				Read Imperfectly.				Knew Spelling.			
	Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh,	3	—	6	—	—	1	3	—	1	—	2	—
Belfast,	—	—	67	6	2	1	17	3	—	—	—	—
Carlow,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Carrick-on-Shannon,	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Castlebar,	1	1	7	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Cavan,	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clonmel,	—	—	11	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Cork, Male,	1	—	81	—	4	—	14	—	—	—	—	—
Cork, Female,	—	3	—	4	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Downpatrick,	—	—	9	—	2	—	2	—	1	—	4	—
Drogheda,	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Dundalk,	2	—	6	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Eania,	1	—	22	—	1	—	7	—	—	—	2	—
Enniskillen,	—	—	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Galway,	—	—	16	4	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Grangegorman,	—	—	1	16	—	—	—	4	—	1	—	—
Kilkenny,	3	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Kilmainham,	1	—	28	2	—	—	3	—	—	—	1	—
Lifford,	—	—	7	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	—
Limerick, Male,	—	—	17	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	—
Limerick, Female,	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Londonderry,	—	—	9	—	3	—	7	1	3	—	1	—
Longford,	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Maryborough,	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Monaghan,	—	1	6	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	—
Mullingar,	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Nans,	—	—	4	3	1	—	2	—	—	—	3	—
Nenagh,	—	—	5	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Omagh,	—	—	5	—	1	—	2	—	1	—	4	—
Richmond,	4	—	161	—	4	—	18	—	—	—	—	—
Rosecommon,	—	—	5	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Sligo,	—	—	7	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
Trillick,	4	—	33	6	—	1	2	1	—	—	—	—
Trim,	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tullamore,	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Waterford,	—	—	1	—	2	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
Wexford,	—	1	4	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—
Wicklow,	—	—	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Total, 1879-80,	22	0	495	48	24	0	97	13	8	2	28	2
Total, 1878-79,	37	2	365	46	14	1	75	19	6	1	31	2

EDUCATION and RELIGION in 1879-80.

COMMITTEES.																PRISONS.	
Know Alphabet.				Wholly Illiterate.				Could not be ascertained.				TOTAL.					
Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.			
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
-	-	2	1	3	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	7	1	22	1		Armagh.
-	-	-	-	7	-	31	2	-	-	-	-	9	1	116	10		Belfast.
-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3		Carlow.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2		Carr-on-Shannon.
-	-	3	1	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	1	11	4		Castlebar.
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2		Cavan.
-	-	-	-	1	-	13	4	-	-	-	-	1	-	26	5		Clonmel.
3	-	6	-	6	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	73	-		Cork, Male.
-	-	-	3	-	3	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	16		Cork, Female.
-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	17	-		Downpatrick.
1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	-		Drogheda.
-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	9	-		Dundalk.
-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	58	-		Ennis.
-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	7	2		Enniskillen.
-	-	-	-	3	3	16	8	-	-	-	-	4	3	84	10		Galway.
-	1	-	2	-	1	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	65		Grangegorman.
-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	7	1		Kilkenny.
-	-	-	-	1	1	17	6	-	-	-	-	2	1	49	8		Kilmainham.
-	-	-	-	1	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	23	-		Lifford.
-	-	4	-	2	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	34	-		Limerick, Male.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11		Limerick, Female.
-	-	4	-	1	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	33	1		Londonderry.
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	-		Longford.
-	-	1	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	9	-		Maryborough.
-	-	-	-	1	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	16	1		Monaghan.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2		Mullingar.
1	-	3	-	1	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	20	3		Naas.
-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	1		Nenagh.
-	-	-	-	2	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	17	-		Omagh.
3	-	8	-	12	-	73	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	263	-		Richmond.
-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-		Roscommon.
-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	11	-		Sligo.
-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	43	7		Tralee.
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-		Trim.
-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	1		Tullamore.
-	-	-	-	2	1	13	3	-	-	-	-	4	1	19	3		Waterford.
-	-	1	-	1	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	11	2		Wexford.
-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	1		Wicklow.
8	1	35	7	55	10	294	92	-	-	-	-	117	25	949	102	Total, 1879-80.	
13	2	66	9	51	16	326	72	-	-	-	-	121	22	823	148	Total, 1878-79.	

[continued.]

TABLE XIII. *concluded.*—CONDITION of JUVENILES

PRISONS.	RELIGION.											
	Protestant Episcopalians of Ireland.				Presbyterian.				Roman Catholic.			
	Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh,	1	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	6	1	18	1
Belfast,	2	-	20	1	-	-	23	1	7	1	64	8
Carlow,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-
Carrick-on-Shannon,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Castlebar,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	10	4
Cavan,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
Clonmel,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	25	3
Cork, Male,	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	71	-
Cork, Female,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	15
Downpatrick,	1	-	18	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	2	-
Droghda,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	2	-
Dundalk,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	9	-
Ennis,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	35	-
Enniskillen,	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	7	-
Galway,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	3	38	10
Grangeorman,	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	33
Kilkenny,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	7	1
Kilmainham,	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	45	3
Lifford,	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	21	-
Limerick, Male,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	34	-
Limerick, Female,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Londonderry,	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	6	-	30	1
Longford,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	-
Maryborough,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	9	-
Monaghan,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	16	1
Mullingar,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2
Nees,	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	18	3
Nenagh,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	1
Omagh,	1	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	10	-
Richmond,	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	253	-
Roscommon,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-
Sligo,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	11	-
Tralee,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	43	7
Trim,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Tullamore,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	1
Waterford,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	16	8
Wexford,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	11	1
Wicklow,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	1
Total, 1879-80,	7	-	30	8	1	-	27	1	110	48	843	150
Total, 1878-79,	15	1	88	2	2	-	18	-	104	21	719	149

as to EDUCATION and RELIGION in 1879-80.

RELIGION.												PRISONS.
Other Religions.				Could not be ascertained.				TOTAL.				
Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		Under 12 years.		12 and not exceeding 16 years.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	1	22	1	Armagh.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	1	115	10	Belfast.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	Carlow.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	Carrick-on-Shannon.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	11	4	Castlebar.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	Cavan.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	20	5	Clonmel.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	73	-	Cork, Male.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	10	Cork, Female.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	17	-	Downpatrick.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	2	-	Drogheda.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	9	-	Dundalk.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	56	-	Ennis.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	7	2	Enniskillen.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	3	34	10	Galway.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	65	Grangegorman.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	7	1	Kilkenny.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	49	8	Kilmainham.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	28	-	Lifford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	34	-	Limerick, Male.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	Limerick, Female.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	33	1	Londonderry.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	-	Longford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	9	-	Maryborough.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	16	1	Monaghan.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	Mullingar.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	20	3	Nass.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	1	Nonagh.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	17	-	Omagh.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	203	-	Richmond.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	Rosemount.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	11	-	Sligo.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	43	7	Trillick.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	Trim.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	1	Tullamore.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	16	3	Waterford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	11	2	Wexford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	1	Wicklow.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118	28	950	159	Total, 1879-80.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121	22	823	148	Total, 1878-79.

TABLE XIV.—NUMBER of CONVICTED PRISONERS in Custody in Local Prisons on

Prisons.	5 Years and over.	3 Years and above 2.		2 Years and above 18 Months.		18 Months and above 12.		12 Months only.		Under 12 Months and above 6.		6 Months and above 3.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Belfast,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	2	1	—	10	2
Carlow,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carrick-on-Shannon,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Castlebar,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	1	—
Coram,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clonsilla,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	6	1
Cork, Male,	33	—	—	8	—	2	—	28	—	—	—	5	—
Cork, Female,	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Downpatrick,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	4	—
Drogheda,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dundalk,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	5	—
Ennis,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enniskillen,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Galway,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	1	—	4	—
Grangeborough,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Kilkenney,	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	—
Kilrush,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	3	—	5	—
Lifford,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Limerick, Male,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	6	—
Limerick, Female,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Londonderry,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	1	—	—	3	—
Longford,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryborough,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Meenagh,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mullingar,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	1	—	4	—
Nass,	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	4	—	4	—	3	—
Nenagh,	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	1	—
Omagh,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	—
Richmond,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	—	—	—	21	—
Rosecommon,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Sligo,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Trillick,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	2	—
Trim,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Tullamore,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	—	—	—	7	—
Waterford,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	7	—	—	—
Wexford,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—
Wicklow,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total, 1879-80,	34	—	—	4	1	3	—	231	3	20	—	102	3
Total, 1878-79,	—	—	—	8	1	15	—	181	4	45	—	101	1

the 31st March, 1880, sentenced to the under-mentioned terms of Imprisonment.

6 Months only.		Under 6 Months and above 3.		3 Months only.		Under 3 Months and above 2.		2 Months and above 1.		1 Month or Under.		PRISON.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
9	1	2	3	10	6	-	-	14	4	10	7	Armagh.
72	131	4	-	30	1	1	1	37	7	121	40	Belfast.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	Carlow.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	Carrick-on-Shannon.
14	4	3	-	4	4	-	-	9	3	6	4	Castlebar.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	7	1	Cavan.
13	-	-	-	-	2	0	8	6	6	16	4	Clonmel.
19	-	9	-	17	-	-	-	29	-	40	-	Cork, Male.
-	8	-	1	-	4	-	-	-	13	-	49	Cork, Female.
21	17	8	3	14	7	-	-	17	3	11	10	Downpatrick.
1	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	5	-	2	1	Drogheda.
22	1	9	1	9	1	-	-	1	-	5	1	Duodalk.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	Ennis.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	Keshkillen.
13	3	5	1	15	-	-	-	11	2	23	3	Galway.
3	13	3	3	18	13	-	1	12	26	108	96	Grangeegorman.
5	2	1	-	3	3	-	-	2	-	4	8	Kilkenny.
9	-	4	2	-	3	4	1	10	-	30	11	Kilmainham.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Lifford.
14	-	3	-	5	-	1	-	17	-	29	-	Limerick, Male.
-	11	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	14	-	5	Limerick, Female.
23	3	14	3	16	12	-	-	7	1	4	8	Londonderry.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	Longford.
2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	5	-	Maryborough.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	-	Monaghan.
7	3	4	1	12	2	-	-	7	3	5	2	Mullingar.
10	-	-	-	5	-	6	1	8	1	13	10	Nass.
1	2	1	-	2	2	-	-	5	-	10	4	Nenagh.
9	-	8	-	3	5	3	3	3	4	11	6	Omagh.
57	-	10	-	35	-	-	-	63	-	-	-	Richmond.
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	Roscommon.
2	1	2	-	3	1	-	-	1	1	16	1	Sligo.
5	-	1	-	-	4	-	-	2	-	12	5	Tralee.
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	Trim.
9	1	4	-	0	1	-	-	5	2	5	3	Tullamore.
5	1	-	-	9	4	-	-	3	-	16	9	Waterford.
4	2	3	-	5	-	-	-	7	4	8	-	Wexford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	Wicklow.
346	204	166	19	225	76	21	15	285	94	514	296	Total, 1879-80.
221	52	68	5	191	32	21	5	247	97	647	341	Total, 1878-79.

TABLE XV.—RETURN OF COMMITTEES, &c., TO BRIDEWELLS

BRIDEWELLS.	COUNTY.	Number of Direct Commitments.		Number received from other Bridewells on way to County Gaol.		Number otherwise received.		Total in Bridewell.		Number of Drunkenards committed from 1st April, 1870, to 31st March, 1880.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Bailieborough, .	Cavan, . .	20	3	—	—	—	—	20	3	3	—
Ballina, . .	Mayo, . .	5	1	—	—	34	20	39	21	—	—
Ballinacree, . .	Galway, . .	126	83	—	—	61	15	187	98	68	20
Ballinacree, . .	Mayo, . .	23	7	—	1	—	—	23	8	12	—
Ballymena, . .	Antrim, . .	63	37	—	—	16	2	100	20	68	18
Ballinglass, . .	Wicklow, . .	14	—	10	—	6	—	30	—	—	—
Bantry, . .	Cork, . .	52	18	—	—	—	—	52	18	6	—
Boyle, . .	Roscommon, . .	23	2	—	—	16	10	38	12	—	—
Buncrana, . .	Donegal, . .	18	4	—	—	4	1	22	5	3	5
Cahirciveen, . .	Kerry, . .	45	2	—	—	—	—	45	2	19	—
Carrickmacross, . .	Monaghan, . .	4	1	—	—	—	—	4	1	4	1
Charleville, . .	Cork, . .	48	10	—	—	—	—	48	10	24	3
Clifton, . .	Galway, . .	85	7	35	12	—	—	120	19	61	1
Clonakilty, . .	Cork, . .	26	10	13	9	—	—	37	19	10	4
Coleraine, . .	Londonderry, . .	70	25	—	—	7	6	77	31	26	15
Dingle, . .	Kerry, . .	11	1	—	—	—	—	11	1	—	—
Donegal, . .	Donegal, . .	48	12	—	—	18	—	61	12	21	8
Dungannon, . .	Tyrone, . .	131	31	—	—	18	6	149	37	99	15
Dungarvan, . .	Waterford, . .	115	24	—	—	46	12	161	36	60	9
Fermoy, . .	Cork, . .	107	46	—	—	—	—	107	46	—	—
Killaloe, . .	Clare, . .	22	4	—	—	—	—	22	4	10	—
Killarney, . .	Kerry, . .	54	4	—	—	1	—	55	4	18	—
Kilrush, . .	Clare, . .	48	6	—	—	—	—	48	6	—	—
Kinsale, . .	Cork, . .	15	3	—	—	—	—	15	3	—	—
Lettistown, . .	Donegal, . .	36	15	—	—	18	3	102	18	72	0
Listowel, . .	Kerry, . .	30	15	—	—	—	—	30	15	18	6
Loughrea, . .	Galway, . .	75	14	—	—	—	—	75	14	32	9
Lurgan, . .	Armagh, . .	132	21	—	—	—	—	132	21	50	9
Magherafelt, . .	Londonderry, . .	74	20	—	—	18	1	80	21	—	—
Mallow, . .	Cork, . .	121	19	—	—	—	—	121	19	4	—
Manorhamilton, . .	Lisburn, . .	29	4	—	—	—	—	29	4	18	1
Mitchelstown, . .	Cork, . .	11	—	—	—	43	5	54	5	11	—
Navan, . .	Monagh, . .	41	3	—	—	11	3	52	6	35	3
New Ross, . .	Wexford, . .	—	—	0	1	58	12	64	13	4	—
Newry, . .	Down, . .	329	70	—	—	15	1	344	71	229	60
Parsonstown, . .	King's, . .	191	10	19	4	57	16	177	30	36	7
Quinnstown, . .	Cork, . .	66	6	—	—	—	—	66	6	4	—
Rathkeale, . .	Limerick, . .	21	6	—	—	27	7	48	13	—	—
Skinbarrow, . .	Cork, . .	43	10	—	—	58	16	101	26	—	—
Thurles, . .	Tipperary, . .	76	5	—	—	0	—	83	5	10	2
Tipperary, . .	Tipperary, . .	121	24	—	—	12	3	133	27	20	3
Tuam, . .	Galway, . .	100	18	—	—	72	14	172	32	79	10
Youghal, . .	Cork, . .	57	10	—	—	5	—	62	10	28	11
Total, 1875-80,		2,811	522	83	27	621	153	3,515	732	1,181	223
Total, 1878-79,		2,855	521	111	26	550	93	3,516	740	1,090	254

from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

Sentences carried out during the above Period.								Greatest No. of Males and Females in custody at any one time during above period.		BRISKEWILLAS.
24 Hours and under.		48 Hours and above 24 Hours.		7 Days and above 48 Hours.		Above 7 Days.				
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	1	Bailieborough.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	Ballina.
27	4	27	13	12	-	2	3	3	3	Ballinasloe.
3	-	9	-	19	7	-	-	3	2	Balliarobe.
22	11	23	7	-	-	-	-	3	4	Ballymena.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	Ballinglass.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	2	Bantry.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	4	Boyle.
3	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	Buncrana.
10	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	Cahiriveen.
4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	Carrickmacross.
3	-	14	3	-	-	-	-	5	2	Charleville.
3	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	9	4	Clifden.
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	3	Clonsilla.
12	6	13	8	-	-	-	-	5	4	Coleraine.
8	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	1	1	Dingle.
6	-	19	0	-	-	-	-	7	3	Donegal.
13	2	24	4	35	19	-	-	11	4	Dungannon.
8	1	2	2	49	13	-	-	8	1	Dungarvan.
7	1	9	1	-	-	-	-	11	1	Fermoy.
4	-	1	-	5	-	-	-	4	1	Killalee.
-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	Killarnoy.
-	-	8	1	1	-	-	-	10	2	Kilrush.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	Kinsale.
43	8	25	2	7	-	-	-	3	1	Lottakenney.
7	8	13	0	8	2	2	2	4	2	Listowel.
13	-	24	5	-	-	-	-	6	3	Loughrea.
0	-	16	1	7	-	-	-	14	3	Lurgan.
4	3	25	11	-	-	-	-	13	2	Magherafelt.
2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	0	4	Mallow.
4	-	14	1	-	-	-	-	3	1	Manorhamilton.
3	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	Mitchelstown.
1	-	25	3	6	-	-	-	11	2	Navan.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	2	New Ross.
103	18	66	48	-	-	-	-	15	2	Newry.
6	1	17	1	70	7	2	2	10	4	Parsonstown.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	2	Queenstown.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	Rathkeale.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	Skibbereen.
1	1	4	1	-	-	4	-	6	1	Thurles.
3	-	2	-	29	10	-	-	3	3	Tipperary.
7	-	23	7	-	-	-	-	9	3	Tuam.
8	6	22	2	12	1	-	-	4	2	Youghal.
414	63	571	136	368	59	12	7	286	53	Total, 1879-80.
276	63	493	145	312	40	25	1	242	97	Total, 1878-79.

TABLE XVI.—Cases of SICKNESS and LUNACY, from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

Prisons.	Number in Prison Hospital.		Daily average Number in Hospital.		Number of Cases of Illness or Disease prescribed for out of Hospital.		Number of Lunatics in Custody during the above period.		Number of Days passed by Lunatics in Custody.		Greatest Number Sick at any one time in and out of Hospital, including Lunatics.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh, . . .	80	33	3'	2'	711	140	—	—	—	—	15	4
Belfast, . . .	115	73	5'	3'	3,574	2,126	3	—	18	—	38	18
Carlow, . . .	1	1	1'	1'	11	6	1	—	10	—	1	1
Carrick-on-Shannon, . . .	—	—	—	—	47	4	—	—	—	—	4	1
Castlebar, . . .	30	25	1'	1'	190	65	2	2	20	8	9	4
Cavan, . . .	—	—	—	—	18	9	1	—	7	—	2	1
Clonmel, . . .	94	69	4'	3'	990	884	2	—	25	—	12	9
Cork, Male, . . .	79	—	1'	—	970	—	8	—	260	—	5	—
Cork, Female, . . .	—	113	—	2'	—	799	—	3	—	32	—	18
Downpatrick, . . .	2	1	11	11	276	46	4	1	54	3	9	2
Drogheda, . . .	2	1	—	—	36	15	1	—	7	—	2	1
Dundalk, . . .	—	—	—	—	125	27	3	—	47	—	3	2
Ennis, . . .	3	5	—	—	107	88	—	—	—	—	2	3
Enniskillen, . . .	6	4	—	—	60	43	1	—	1	—	4	3
Galway, . . .	26	8	—	—	139	46	2	—	42	—	6	2
Grangegorman, . . .	345	711	10'	20'	2,551	3,013	2	3	33	72	37	63
Kilkenny, . . .	2	—	15'	—	240	79	3	1	43	9	5	2
Kilmainham, . . .	7	7	35	3	533	172	2	—	34	—	13	8
Lifford, . . .	4	1	—	—	49	2	—	—	—	—	3	1
Limerick, Male, . . .	125	—	3'	—	1,173	—	11	—	148	—	10	—
Limerick, Female, . . .	—	10	—	27	—	67	—	2	—	13	—	4
Londonderry, . . .	34	8	2'	1'	141	93	—	—	—	—	6	2
Longford, . . .	28	6	6	06	43	24	2	—	10	—	8	1
Maryborough, . . .	219	15	6	04	468	23	1	—	25	—	10	1
Monaghan, . . .	—	—	—	—	12	4	1	—	—	—	2	1
Mullingar, . . .	8	6	15	11	120	52	—	—	—	—	3	2
Nass, . . .	—	57	—	10'	123	77	2	—	17	—	1	2
Nenagh, . . .	1	—	—	—	309	63	—	—	—	—	7	1
Omagh, . . .	5	1	30	00	73	32	1	1	4	16	3	2
Richmond, . . .	749	—	25'	—	5,562	—	10	—	101	—	35	—
Roseammon, . . .	—	—	—	—	214	53	1	—	33	—	3	1
Sligo, . . .	—	—	12	04	161	31	4	—	64	—	4	1
Tralee, . . .	5	2	3	2	185	72	3	—	37	—	6	2
Trim, . . .	1	1	—	—	113	12	—	—	—	—	1	1
Tullamore, . . .	5	1	—	—	526	26	—	—	—	—	13	—
Waterford, . . .	28	7	8	3	805	141	3	1	32	10	4	8
Wexford, . . .	5	3	—	—	335	66	—	—	—	—	12	3
Wicklow, . . .	—	—	—	—	31	38	3	—	51	—	5	4
Total, 1879-80, . . .	2,004	1,170	73'28	62'55	24,936	8,852	77	14	1,149	103	308	174
Total, 1878-79, . . .	1,050	990	72'264	47'46374	20,180	6,730	78	22	1,507	636	237	131

TABLE XVII.—RETURN of the ACTUAL STAFF of the under-mentioned Prisons on 31st March, 1879.

PRISONS.	Local Inspectors.	Governors and Deputy-Governors.	Head or Chief Warders.	Chaplains.	Sergeants and Apothecaries.	Clerks, School-masters, and School-mistresses.		Matrons.	Warders.		Other Subordinate Officers.		Total.	
						M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh,	-	1	1	3	1	-	1	1	6	1	-	-	12	3
Belfast,	-	2	-	3	2	2	1	1	16	4	-	1	27	7
Carlow,	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	6	1
Carrick-on-Shannon,	-	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	8	1
Castlebar,	-	1	-	2	2	1	-	1	5	-	-	2	11	3
Cavan,	-	1	-	3	1	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	8	1
Clewett,	-	1	1	2	1	1	-	1	9	1	-	1	15	3
Cork, Male,	-	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	16	-	8	-	27	-
Cork, Female,	-	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	2	9	-	-	8	9
Downpatrick,	-	2	-	3	1	1	-	1	5	1	-	-	12	2
Drogheda,	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	7	1
Dundalk,	-	1	1	3	1	-	-	1	6	1	-	-	12	2
Ennis,	-	1	1	2	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	1	8	2
Enniskillen,	-	1	-	3	1	-	-	1	3	-	-	1	8	2
Galway,	-	1	1	2	1	1	-	2	7	-	-	-	13	2
Grangegorman,	-	2	1	3	1	2	1	5	7	12	2	2	18	29
Kilkenny,	-	1	1	2	1	1	-	1	5	1	1	-	12	2
Kilmainham,	-	2	-	2	1	-	-	1	11	2	1	-	17	3
Lifford,	-	1	-	3	1	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	8	1
Limerick, Male,	-	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	12	-	-	-	19	-
Limerick, Female,	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	1	-	4	1	1	6	6
Londonderry,	-	2	-	3	-	1	-	1	7	2	2	-	16	3
Longford,	-	1	1	3	1	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	9	1
Maryborough,	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	3	-	3	-	9	1
Monaghan,	-	1	-	3	1	-	-	1	3	-	1	-	9	1
Mullingar,	-	2	-	2	2	-	-	1	9	2	-	-	15	3
Nass,	-	1	1	2	1	2	-	1	7	2	-	-	14	3
Nenagh,	-	1	-	2	2	2	-	1	6	1	-	-	10	2
Omagh,	-	2	-	3	1	1	-	1	6	1	-	-	13	2
Richmond,	-	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	20	-	6	1	32	1
Roscommon,	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	7	1
Silgo,	-	1	-	2	1	1	-	1	4	-	-	-	9	1
Trillick,	-	1	1	2	1	1	-	1	5	1	3	-	14	2
Trim,	-	1	-	2	2	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	8	1
Tullamore,	-	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	13	1
Waterford,	-	1	1	2	1	1	-	1	6	1	1	1	13	3
Wexford,	-	2	-	2	1	1	-	1	5	1	-	-	11	2
Wicklow,	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	7	1
Mountjoy, Male,*	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	10	-
Mountjoy, Female,*	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	4	-	-	-	6
Total,	-	48	17	67	44	26	4	37	230	54	21	11	432	106

Number of Officers in Bridewells—Males 42; Females 16; Total 58.

* In charge of Prisoners not Convicts.

TABLE XVIII.—RETURN of the ACTUAL STAFF of the under-mentioned PRISONS on 31st March, 1880.

PRISONS.	Governors or Deputy Governors and Female Superintendents.		Head or Chief Wardens.	Chaplains.	Surgeons and Apothecaries.	Clerks, Schoolmasters, and Schoolmistresses.		Matrons.	Wardens.	Other Subordinate Officers, including Bridewell Keepers.		Total.	
	M.	F.				M.	F.			M.	F.	M.	F.
Armagh,	1	—	1	3	1	1	—	1	6	1	2	14	3
Belfast,	2	—	—	2	2	5	—	1	10	1	9	30	10
Carlow,	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	3	—	2	5	2
Curick-on-Shannon,	1	—	1	2	2	—	—	—	1	—	2	7	3
Castlebar,	1	—	1	2	2	—	—	1	5	2	2	12	3
Cavan,	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	2	1	1	5	1
Clonmel,	1	—	1	2	1	1	—	1	9	1	3	16	4
Cork, Male,	2	—	1	2	1	1	—	—	10	11	—	37	—
Cork, Female,	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	1	3	—	2	7	10
Downpatrick,	2	—	—	3	2	—	—	1	6	1	2	14	3
Drughda,	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	3	—	2	7	2
Dundalk,	1	—	1	3	2	—	—	1	6	—	1	12	2
Durke,	1	—	—	2	2	—	—	1	3	2	3	10	4
Enniskillen,	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	3	—	—	6	—
Galway,	1	—	1	2	1	1	—	1	7	—	1	12	2
Grangegorman,	1	1	1	3	1	2	—	1	10	2	13	20	20
Kilkenny,	1	—	1	2	1	—	—	1	6	—	1	11	2
Kilmainham,	2	—	—	2	1	—	—	1	10	—	2	—	—
Lifford,	1	—	—	3	2	—	—	1	3	2	4	12	5
Limerick, Male,	1	—	1	2	2	2	—	—	12	1	1	21	1
Limerick, Female,	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	1	2	—	4	6	5
Londonderry,	2	—	—	3	1	1	—	1	8	3	4	18	6
Longford,	—	—	1	3	1	—	—	—	2	—	2	7	2
Maryborough,	1	—	1	2	1	1	—	—	6	—	2	12	2
Monaghan,	1	—	—	3	1	—	—	1	3	1	1	6	2
Mullingar,	2	—	—	2	2	—	—	1	8	—	2	16	5
Nass,	1	—	1	2	1	1	—	1	8	—	1	14	2
Nonagh,	1	—	1	2	2	—	—	—	7	1	2	14	2
Omagh,	2	—	—	3	1	—	—	1	7	1	2	14	3
Richmond,	1	—	1	2	1	1	—	—	23	2	1	21	1
Roscommon,	1	—	1	2	1	—	—	1	2	1	1	8	2
Sligo,	1	—	—	2	1	1	—	1	4	—	1	9	2
Trillick,	1	—	1	2	1	—	—	—	9	4	2	18	2
Trim,	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	3	1	4	8	4
Tullamore,	1	—	1	2	1	1	—	—	3	1	3	16	3
Waterford,	1	—	1	3	1	—	—	1	7	2	3	14	4
Wexford,	1	—	1	2	1	—	—	1	8	1	2	11	3
Wicklow,	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	8	1	2	8	2
Mountjoy, Male,	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	8	—	—	10	—
Mountjoy, Female,	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	2	—	5
Total,	43	1	21	53	48	18	1	24	261	55	107	408	120

TABLE XIX.—WORKS OF RECONSTRUCTION, REPAIRS, &c., during the Year ended 31st March, 1880, done by CONTRACT or other than PRISON LABOUR.

Prisons.	Estimated Value.	Works.
	£ s. d.	
Armagh, . . .	233 3 11	Flue-boring work, alterations to cooking kitchen, ladders and iron grating for windows, fitting up heating apparatus in reception cells, altering gas pipes, &c., repairs to locks and keys, resetting boilers, papering and painting.
Belfast, . . .	171 9 10	Repairs to cooking boilers, mangle, locks, roof, and boilers; painting railings.
Carlow, . . .	49 5 9	Repairing pump; papering, painting, and general repairs to Governor's house; new bell; repairs to gate-lodge, tread-wheel, and roof of male prison; painting and glazing; removing gas-pump; cleaning out gas-pipes; repairs to male prison and gate-lodge; repairs to keys and bells.
Carriek-on-Shannon, . . .	34 15 0	Repairs to roof, bath, &c.; papering and painting Governor's house; repairing soil-pipes, entrance-lodge, cistern, clocks, &c.
Castlebar, . . .	—	Nil.
Cavan, . . .	16 16 5	Plastering chapel, building foundation for tank, placing bars on cook-house windows, repairing pipe and pump.
Clonmel, . . .	37 0 0	Repairs of heating apparatus of male prison, providing and fitting up new boiler, removing old boiler.
Cork, Male, . . .	680 4 2	Building works still in progress; fitting up quarters for chief warder; repairing, papering, and other improvements in Governor's and officers' apartments; erection of lamps, removal of pumps; repairs to tread-wheel, weighing-machine, boiler, and large bell, &c.
Cork, Female, . . .	343 18 1	Alterations of prison—laundry, kitchen, and chapels; repairs of roof, water-cocks, and pipes, and general repairs.
Downpatrick, . . .	48 14 3	Gasfitting in both hospitals; repairs of weigh-bridge, shelves in prisoners' cells, new tub and trough in cook-house, altar in chapel enlarged, repairs of gas and water pipes and cocks, portable boiler and oval pot for cook-house.
Drogheda, . . .	12 9 6	Repairing locks, force-pump, and bells; fencing, glazing, fitting warders' quarters and cell tables.
Dundalk, . . .	37 11 0	Repairs to steam boiler; Indian-rubber rings for pumps; repairing water pipes, water taps and pipes, gas pipes, steam boiler and pipes.
Easin, . . .	42 9 1	Altering water-closets; removing bath and boiler and resetting same; improving ventilation, new door and repairs to cell, sewer from bath to main sewer.
Enniskillen, . . .	59 19 9	Works executed—setting a cooking range, erecting gates, repairing kitchen and laundry pipes, hanging bells, plumb-line, pipe and cock and lead pipe, repairing laundry yard cistern and closet in hospital, &c.
Galway, . . .	46 15 0	Painting and papering in Governor's quarters.
Grangegorman, . . .	99 2 0	General plumbing works, heating apparatus, tension bars, &c.
Kilkenny, . . .	411 4 3	Repairing two cisterns, heating apparatus; altering visiting hall, carpenter's shop, &c.; papering, new trough and alterations in laundry, steam boiler with fittings complete, putting up pumps in connection with tread-mills, repairing slates, &c.
Kilmainham, . . .	—	Repairs to crank-pumps, new cooking stove in kitchen, fitting up twelve cells as reception cells with baths and heating apparatus.

TABLE XIX.—WORKS OF RECONSTRUCTION, REPAIRS, &c.—*continued*.

PRISONS.	Estimated Value.	Works.
	£ s. d.	
Lifford, . . .	80 15 7	Erecting door; painting, papering, and repairs; repairing clock, setting range, receiving balcony, plumbers' work.
Limerick, Male, . .	65 1 9	Removing tread-mill, and converting house into cooking kitchen; removing bath and boiler, and refitting them in new bath-room; plumbing.
Limerick, Female, .	96 4 0	Repairs to sink-trap, locks, bells, water-pipes, laundry, cook-house; plumbing, alteration in pump-house and heating pipes.
Londonderry, . . .	101 9 0	Repairs to boundary wall and steam boiler, plumbing and gasfitting, stove and pipes, locks, keys, &c.
Longford, . . .	5 2 2	Repairs to door and water-cocks, brackets in cells, putting up and supplying gasfitting to Matron's quarters, altering locks, glazing, &c.
Maryborough, . . .	—	Very extensive building works in progress.
Monaghan, . . .	24 14 0	Erecting new pump, flywheel, pistons, &c.; taking out old pump, erecting platform, repairing pump and skylights, glazing.
Mullingar, . . .	53 9 0	Alteration to corn-mill, new stove, &c., in cook-house, erecting hot water pipes, &c.
Nass, . . .	465 5 0	Erecting gas apparatus, &c.; works at new female prison.
Nenagh, . . .	44 15 0	Erecting bath, alteration in laundry.
Omagh, . . .	25 16 11	Repairing roof and wringing-machine, setting kitchen boiler, gasfitting, plumbing, bricks, cement, and timber, &c.
Richmond, . . .	20 7 0	Heating cells, repairing bells, cast-iron boiler.
Rosecommon, . . .	28 5 6	Repairing female prison, pump, tread-mill, pipes and distern, stoves, closets in Governor's house, locks, &c.
Sligo, . . .	98 14 6	Hydrants and hose-pipe and bells supplied and put up; hand-brake for tread-mill; repairs—pipes, cocks, locks, keys, water-closets, tread-mill, pumps, &c.; shed roofed and slated.
Tralee, . . .	83 12 0	Erecting gate, seventeen sheds; repairs to water-closets, plumbing, &c.
Trim, . . .	30 14 3	Repairs to water-pipes, gasfittings, gate, boiler, pump, fire-grate, and keys; papering and painting Governor's house; erecting range.
Tullamore, . . .	5 0 0	Repairing weighing machine.
Waterford, . . .	119 4 2	Repairing pump, pump-house, door, windows; supplying skylights, water-shoots, locks, &c., stove, range; cleaning and repairing 160 cell-door locks.
Wexford, . . .	82 12 6	Erecting stairs, new gas retorts, fire range; making new sewer and tank; repairs to gasfittings and water pipes; fitting up a padded cell, &c.
Wicklow, . . .	—	Nil.

TABLE XX.—COMPARATIVE TABLE, showing the Number of Prisoners committed to Local Prisons from the 1st April, 1878, to the 31st March, 1879, and from that date to the 31st March, 1880, distinguishing the Sexes and Classes.

CLASS OF OFFENDERS.	To 31st March, 1879.			To 31st March, 1880.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
CONVICTED.						
At Assizes and Quarter Sessions, . . .	1,340	340	1,680	1,510	386	1,896
Criminal Lunatics, . . .	14	4	18	17	.	17
Summarily :—						
Offenders under Larceny Acts, . . .	924	458	1,452	1,112	478	1,590
Misdemeanants, . . .	10,761	5,330	16,091	10,003	4,315	14,318
Under Revenue Laws, . . .	116	29	145	101	32	133
Under Poor Law Acts, . . .	455	104	559	361	73	434
By Courts-martial, . . .	738	.	738	612	.	612
Deserters, . . .	403	.	403	205	.	205
Under Vagrant Acts, . . .	553	240	793	602	279	881
Drunkards, . . .	10,939	6,510	17,449	12,016	6,401	18,417
TOTAL, . . .	28,313	15,003	43,316	26,629	13,964	40,593
NOT CONVICTED.						
Acquitted, . . .	510	163	673	575	166	741
No Bills, or no Prosecution, . . .		611	3,038	2,471	583	3,054
For further Examination & Discharged	2,477					
TOTAL, . . .	2,987	774	3,761	3,046	749	3,795
In Custody for Trial on 31st March, . .	105	33	218	213	58	271
GENERAL TOTAL, . . .	29,485	15,812	45,297	29,888	14,771	44,659

[TABLE XXI.]

TABLE XXI.—INDUSTRIAL and TRADES PURSUITS by

Persons.	Stone-breaking.	Oakum and Yarn Picking.	Mat-making.	Brush-making.	Washing.	Whitewashing.	Wearing.	Sewing.	Knitting.	Tailoring.	Folding.	Carpeting.	Shoemaking.	Clay-making.	Tinkering and Plumbering.	Masons' and Bricklayers' Work.	Glazing.	Carpet-binding.	Pailling Yarn.	Bobbin-winding.	Hair-twisting.
Armagh,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Belfast,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Carlow,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Carriock-on-Shannon, . .	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Castlebar,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cavan,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cionnach,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cork, Male,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cork, Female,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Downpatrick,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Drogheda,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dundalk,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ennis,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Enniskillen,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Galway,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Grangegorman,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Kilcomny,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Kilmalsham,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lifford,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Limerick, Male,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Limerick, Female,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Londonderry,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Longford,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Maryborough,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Monaghan,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mullingar,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Nias,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Nenagh,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Omagh,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Richmond,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rosecommon,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sligo,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Trillick,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Trim,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tullamore,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Waterford,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wexford,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wicklow,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Prisoners not Convicts—																					
Mountjoy, Male,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mountjoy, Female,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Prisoners during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

Black-smithing.	Coopering.	Sack-making and mending.	Quarrying Stone.	Plastering.	Net-making.	Grofiting, &c.	Garden Work.	Baking Bread.	Making Lace.	Quilting.	Making & Repairing Bedding and Clothing.	Shoe-making.	Shedding.	Wool-making.	Wire-working.	Basket-making.	Cutting Linen.	Garment-making.	Prisons.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Armagh.
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	Belfast.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Carlow.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Currick-on-Swannon.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Castlebar.
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cavan.
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Clonmel.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cork, Male.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cork, Female.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Downpatrick.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Drogheda.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dundalk.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ennis.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Enniskillen.
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Galway.
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Grangegorman.
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Kilkenny.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Kilmainham.
-	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Lisford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Limerick, Male.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Limerick, Female.
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Londonderry.
-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	Longford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Maryborough.
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Monaghan.
-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Mullingar.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Nase.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	Nenagh.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Omagh.
1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	Richmond.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Roscommon.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Sligo.
-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Tralee.
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Trim.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Tullamore.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Waterford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	Wexford.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Wicklow.
-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Prisoners not Convicts—
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Mountjoy, Male.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Mountjoy Female.

REPORTS BY THE GOVERNORS ON EACH OF THE LOCAL PRISONS.

ARMAGH PRISON.

RETURN by the Governor, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Gardening,				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Tailors,				—	8 1 0	8 1 0
Carpenters,				0 17 0	33 12 0	19 9 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	6	—	6	—	32 0 0	32 0 0
Painters and glaziers,				—	26 18 0	26 18 0
Whitewashers,				—	10 10 0	10 10 0
Service of prison,	4	2	6	—	5 17 6	5 17 6
Washing clothing and bedding,					109 16 0	109 16 0
Making bedding and clothing,	—	8	8	0 4 0	27 4 8	27 4 8
Repairing bedding and clothing,					48 15 0	48 15 0
Stone-breaking,	18	—	18	43 19 10	—	43 19 10
Weaving linen,	22	6	28	1 19 10	—	1 19 10
Picking rope junk,	3	2	5	—	—	—
Sick,	5	1	6	—	—	—
Unemployed,						
Total,	58	19	77	47 0 8	387 14 2	444 14 10

There has been 127 cwt. 9 lb. of rope junk picked into oakum during the year ending 31st March, 1880; net profit on this work not known, as none of the oakum has been disposed of.

RETURN by the Governor, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

BELFAST PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.			Total.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.							
Mat-making, picking colr, &c.	14	—	14	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Weaving and winding.	1	1	2	—	15 3 0	15 3 0	15 3 0	15 3 0	15 3 0	15 3 0
Tailors.	9	—	9	0 17 3	245 6 6	245 6 6	245 6 6	245 6 6	245 6 6	245 6 6
Shoemakers.	3	—	3	—	113 12 6	113 12 6	113 12 6	113 12 6	113 12 6	113 12 6
Carpenters.	2	—	2	—	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0
Bricklayers and labourers.	11	—	11	—	166 18 0	166 18 0	166 18 0	166 18 0	166 18 0	166 18 0
Painters and glaziers.	1	—	1	—	87 17 6	87 17 6	87 17 6	87 17 6	87 17 6	87 17 6
Thesmiths, blacksmiths, and gas-fitters.	2	—	2	—	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0
Whitewashers.	1	—	1	—	22 14 6	22 14 6	22 14 6	22 14 6	22 14 6	22 14 6
Service of prison.	11	5	16	—	121 4 8	121 4 8	121 4 8	121 4 8	121 4 8	121 4 8
Cooking.	5	—	5	—	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0	75 15 0
Washing clothing and bedding.	2	11	13	17 0 16	179 12 2	179 12 2	179 12 2	179 12 2	179 12 2	179 12 2
Making bedding and clothing.	—	46	46	4 5 4	228 0 8	228 0 8	228 0 8	228 0 8	228 0 8	228 0 8
Repairing bedding and clothing.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Knitting.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Breaking stones.	90	—	90	101 4 0	17 14 9	17 14 9	17 14 9	17 14 9	17 14 9	17 14 9
Rope-picking.	59	63	122	181 17 1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hair-picking.	—	3	3	0 4 3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cleaning carpets.	6	—	6	151 10 3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cutting linen.	—	3	3	6 12 3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Discharged before labour hours.	19	4	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sick.	8	5	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed.	42	16	58	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total.	277	158	435	452 0 6	1,375 11 1	1,375 11 1	1,375 11 1	1,375 11 1	1,375 11 1	1,375 11 1

Net profit on work done, includes 1,552 tons broken stones, and 20 tons 5 cwt. of oakum on hand at 31st March, 1879. It does not include stock of mats and brushes, value for £35.

Trades.—Regular tradesmen are charged at one-half ordinary rates, learners, one-fourth, viz.:—2s. 6d. and 1s. 3d. per day, respectively. Whitewashers, 1s. 6d.; labourers, washers (female), and cooks, 1s.; cleaners, 6d.; females making and repairing clothing, and knitting, 4d. There has been a considerable increase in number of tailors, knitters and sewers, and corresponding amount of work done. The large delivery of broken stones, rendered necessary an increase in number of labourers. The surplus stock of oakum has been sold. Public washing has been discontinued. The unemployed are represented by untried, bail (unwilling to work), and those physically unfit. Excepting in manufacture of actual material, the prison is generally self-supplying.

Return by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

CARLOW PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Female.	Total.			
Carpenters,	1	—	1	£ s. d.	3 10 0	3 10 0
Painters,	1	—	1	—	3 0 0	3 0 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	6 0 0	6 0 0
Treadwheel,	2	—	2	—	—	—
Service of prison,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	1	1	—	12 0 0	12 0 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	1	1	—	1 10 0	1 10 0
Picking rope junk,	2	—	2	—	—	—
Sick,	1	1	2	—	—	—
Unemployed,	1	1	2	—	—	—
Total,	10	4	14	—	26 0 0	26 0 0

CARRICK-ON-SHANNON PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Gardening,	24	—	24	—	3 18 0	3 18 0
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	1 14 0	1 14 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	01	—	01	—	0 8 0	0 8 0
Painters and glaziers,	02	—	02	—	0 18 0	0 18 0
Thermists,	05	—	05	—	0 16 0	0 16 0
Whitewashers,	4	16	56	—	7 10 0	7 10 0
Pumping water,	2	—	2	—	2 16 0	2 16 0
Service of prison,	26	45	8 05	—	44 12 0	44 12 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	3	3	—	4 12 0	4 12 0
Making bedding and clothing,	—	7	7	—	1 16 8	1 16 8
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	26	26	—	1 12 3	1 12 3
Picking oakum,	22	—	22	—	—	2 2 0
Nursing,	—	14	14	—	—	—
Sick,	06	06	14	—	—	—
Unemployed,	21	38	4 04	—	—	—
Total,	9	3	12	2 2 0	70 14 4	72 16 4

[CASTLEBAR PRISON.]

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

CASTLEBAR PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking cotton, &c.	1	—	1	*1 0 0	—	1 0 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Bricklayers and labourers, . .	2	—	2	—	18 5 0	18 5 0
Painters and glaziers, . . .	1	—	1	—	18 5 0	18 5 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	18 5 0	18 5 0
Treadwheel,	10	—	10	—	—	—
Pumping water,	4	—	4	—	38 10 0	38 10 0
Service of prison,	3	1	4	—	45 10 0	45 10 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	2	2	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	1	1	2	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Stone-breaking,	—	—	—	0 7 7	—	0 7 7
Knitting and sewing,	—	3	3	—	12 0 0	12 0 0
Stone-cutting, i.e. re-dressing flagway,	—	—	—	—	5 0 0	5 0 0
Plastering and masonry, . . .	—	—	—	—	5 0 0	5 0 0
Sick,	1	1	2	—	—	—
Unemployed,	4	—	4	—	—	—
Total,	29	8	37	1 7 7	218 15 0	220 2 7

* Unsold.

The prisoners here are chiefly of land labouring class. Very few tradesmen, and these rarely exceeding probation. Stone is so abundant in this county that road metal can be had cheaper on the roadsides, than stone could be carted in and out of the prison to the places needed by contractors. All trades repairs for the prison I have endeavoured to have executed by prisoners labour.

CAVAN PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Whitewashers,	2	—	2	—	7 10 0	—
Pumping water,	2	—	2	—	7 10 0	—
Service of prison,	3	1	4	—	20 0 0	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	2	2	—	10 0 0	—
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	1	1	—	5 0 0	—
Stone-breaking,	2	—	2	—	10 0 0	—
Oakum-picking,	2	—	2	—	10 0 0	—
Unemployed,	2	—	2	—	—	—
Total,	13	4	17	—	70 0 0	—

I allowed 3d. per diem for whitewashers for the working days, 300; same for pumping water, and 4d. per diem for the other employments.

RETURNS by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

CLONMEL PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking cotz, &c.	2	—	2	2 0 1	4 10 0	2 10 1
Tailors,	2	—	2	—	3 18 6	3 18 6
Shoemakers,	4	—	4	—	57 10 8	57 10 8
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	55 10 6	55 10 6
Bricklayers and labourers,	8	—	8	—	21 3 0	21 3 0
Painters and glaziers,	1	—	1	—	8 0 0	8 0 0
Turnsmiths,	1	—	1	—	1 0 0	1 0 0
Blacksmiths,	1	—	1	—	4 10 0	4 10 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Treadwheel, & pumping water,	10	—	10	—	—	—
Service of prison,	4	1	5	—	—	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	12	6	18	208 13 8	63 14 0	532 8 2
Making bedding and clothing,	1	4	5	—	0 18 2	0 18 2
Repairing bedding and clothing,	2	5	7	—	19 0 8	10 6 3
Cutting timber,	6	—	6	7 13 4	8 4 0	10 17 4
Picking rope junk,	10	—	10	—	—	—
Tessing oakum,	4	2	6	—	—	—
Plaiting yarn,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Toasting corded hair,	—	—	—	0 12 2	—	0 12 2
Sick,	4	3	7	—	—	—
Unemployed,	6	1	7	—	—	—
Total,	80	22	102	278 10 3	240 2 7	525 1 10

CORK (MALE) PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking cotz, &c.	15	—	15	43 4 11	2 0 0	47 4 11
Tailors,	3	—	3	—	45 6 0	45 6 0
Shoemakers,	3	—	3	—	45 6 0	45 6 0
Carpenters,	3	—	3	—	123 18 0	123 18 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	22	—	22	—	572 14 0	572 14 0
Painters and glaziers,	1	—	1	—	30 4 0	30 4 0
Turnsmiths,	1	—	1	—	12 2 0	12 2 0
Blacksmiths,	1	—	1	—	45 8 0	45 8 0
Whitewashers,	2	—	2	—	80 4 0	80 4 0
Treadwheel and shot-drill,	20	—	20	—	—	—
Service of prison,	10	—	10	—	151 0 0	151 0 0
Debtors,	2	—	2	—	—	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	8	—	8	—	120 18 0	120 18 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	1	—	1	—	15 2 0	15 2 0
Picking oakum and junk,	82	—	82	0 4 6	—	0 4 6
„ flax bands,	5	—	5	16 9 11	—	16 9 11
Stone cutting,	15	—	15	—	452 0 0	452 0 0
„ breaking,	4	—	4	11 18 4	3 0 0	14 18 4
Cooking,	3	—	3	—	45 6 0	45 6 0
Sick,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Unemployed,	29	—	29	—	—	—
Total,	242	—	242	78 17 8	1711 8 0	1783 3 8

Prison undergoing extensive alterations by means of prison labour.

RETURNS by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

CORK (FEMALE) PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Retained Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking coal, &c.,	—	1	1	£ s. d. 0 1 9	—	0 1 9
Gardening,	—	1	1	0 14 0	15 0 0	15 14 0
Cooking,	—	1	1	—	15 0 0	15 0 0
Whitewashers,	—	1	1	—	15 0 0	15 0 0
Service of prison,	—	6	6	—	72 0 0	72 0 0
Repairs for Male Prison,	—	4	4	—	14 9 0	14 9 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	4	4	0 7 8	89 6 10	89 14 6
Making bedding and clothing,	—	6	6	—	14 9 1	14 9 1
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	6	6	—	26 10 9	26 10 9
Knitting,	—	19	19	—	72 13 1	72 13 1
Quitting,	—	1	1	3 7 10	—	3 7 10
Picking oakum,	—	42	42	2 6 0	—	2 6 0
Picking wool,	—	4	4	8 18 9	—	3 18 9
At furnaces,	—	1	1	—	—	—
Sick,	—	2	2	—	—	—
Unemployed,	—	6	6	—	—	—
Total,	—	100	105	10 19 0	384 8 9	345 4 9

DOWNPATRICK PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Shoemakers,	—	—	—	—	2 0 0	2 0 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	1 10 0	1 10 0
Service of Prison,	4	2	6	—	3 0 0	3 0 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	3	3	—	11 5 8	11 5 8
Making bedding and clothing,	—	10	10	—	9 9 7	9 9 7
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	4	4	—	6 7 1	6 7 1
Sewing and knitting,	—	1	1	1 6 10	—	1 6 10
Stone-breaking,	6	—	6	12 5 0	—	12 5 0
Rope-picking,	8	—	8	—	—	—
Baking bread for prison,	1	—	1	—	8 3 3	8 3 3
Shot drill,	15	—	15	—	—	—
Sick,	4	1	5	—	—	—
Unemployed,	6	2	8	—	—	—
Total,	45	23	68	13 9 10	41 15 7	45 5 6

One prisoner employed repairing the shoes; fraction so small not entered. The unemployed includes those in punishment. There is very little sale for oakum here—about four tons in store. Broken stones; there is a quantity on hands which the contractor has not been able to remove, and which are not yet paid for. No stone-breaking is carried on at present; the contractor refuses to supply any more; no other person would consent to give any.

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

DROGHEDA PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Fe-males.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.	3	—	3	£ s. d. 12 0 0	£ s. d. 42 6 10	£ s. d. 54 6 10
Tailors,	1	—	1	8 0 0	16 10 0	24 10 0
Shoemakers,	1	—	1	8 0 0	12 10 0	20 10 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	1	—	1	30 0 0	30 0 0	60 0 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Service of prison,	2	1	3	—	—	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	1	1	2	—	18 0 0	18 0 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	1	1	—	—	—
Picking oakum,	6	—	6	18 0 0	60 0 0	78 0 0
Stone-breaking,	6	—	6	10 0 0	00 0 0	70 0 0
Sick,	1	1	2	—	—	—
Unemployed,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Total,	24	4	28	68 0 0	229 6 10	312 8 10

I can find no record of the cost of coir and of oakum, so have calculated at the rates ascertained by enquiry from other prisons.

DUNDALK PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.	15	—	15	75 0 0	3 15 0	78 15 0
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	16 3 0	15 3 0
Shoemakers,	3	—	3	—	45 9 0	45 9 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	15 3 0	16 3 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	2	—	2	—	20 6 0	30 6 0
Blacksmiths,	2	—	2	—	30 6 0	60 6 0
Whitewashers,	2	—	2	—	15 3 0	18 3 0
Pumping water,	4	—	4	—	60 12 0	60 12 0
Service of prison,	—	1	1	—	5 10 0	5 10 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	1	1	—	5 10 0	6 10 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	14	4	18	40 8 8	—	40 8 8
Picking rope junk,	6	—	6	17 0 0	—	17 0 0
Stone-breaking,	3	1	4	—	—	—
Sick,	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed,	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	36	7	60	132 6 8	226 17 0	649 8 8

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

ENNIS PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.	0-13	0-3	0-43	0 15 0	—	—
Painters and glaziers, . . .	0-00	—	0-00	—	0 15 0	—
Whitewashers,	0-15	—	0-15	—	3 0 0	—
Pumping water,	0-72	—	0-72	—	0 5 0	—
Service of prison,	1-57	0-00	2-47	—	22 17 6	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	1-5	1-5	—	18 10 8	—
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	1-0	1-0	—	3 0 3	57 15 5
Stone-breaking,	4-93	—	4-93	17 2 0	—	17 17 6
Sick,	0-08	0-3	0-58	—	—	—
Unemployed,	2-13	0-5	3-03	—	—	—
Total,	—	—	—	17 17 6	57 13 5	75 12 11

ENNISKILLEN PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Shoemakers,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Service of prison,	2	1	3	—	—	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	1	1	—	—	—
Repairing bedding and clothing,	1	1	2	—	—	—
Other employments,	6	2	8	—	—	—
Sick,	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed,	3	1	4	—	—	—
Total,	15	6	21	—	—	—

GALWAY PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.	8	—	8	—	40 0 0	—
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	22 10 0	—
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	11 5 0	—
Bricklayers and labourers,	1-4	—	1-4	—	11 5 0	—
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	10 0 0	—
Treadwheel,	15	—	15	—	—	—
Service of prison,	2	1	3	—	22 8 0	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	2	2	—	56 10 0	—
Making bedding and clothing,	—	1	1	—	15 13 0	—
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	2	2	—	25 0 0	—
Knitting,	—	0-3	0-3	—	5 0 0	—
Cooking,	—	1	1	—	22 10 0	—
Picking rope junk,	3	1	4	—	25 10 0	—
Sick,	1-7	0-1	1-8	—	—	—
Unemployed,	19	2-9	14-9	—	—	—
Total,	51-1	11-3	62-4	—	250 11 0	—

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

GRANGEGORMAN PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.	1	—	1	10 0 0	—	10 0 0
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Shoemakers,	1	—	1	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	2	—	2	—	78 0 0	78 0 0
Painters and glaziers,	1	—	1	—	30 0 0	30 0 0
Whitewashers, coal carriers, &c.,	3	—	3	—	80 10 0	80 10 0
Service of prison, cleaning, &c.,	7	12	19	—	221 0 0	221 0 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	14	14	60 0 0	80 0 0	140 0 0
Making bedding and clothing,	—	20	20	—	180 0 0	180 0 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	0	0	—	—	—
Nursing,	—	38	38	—	—	—
Picking oakum,	45	—	45	—	—	20 0 0
Stone-breaking,	4	—	4	12 0 0	—	12 0 0
Knitting, &c.,	—	23	23	20 0 0	40 0 0	60 0 0
Sick,	10	20	30	—	—	—
Unemployed and infirm in cells,	10	34	44	—	—	—
Total,	92	173	265	108 0 0	750 10 0	858 10 0

KILKENNY PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.	18	—	18	8 0 0	9 0 0	12 12 8
Tailors,	46	—	46	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Shoemakers,	6	—	6	—	8 0 0	8 0 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	8	—	8	—	2 0 0	2 0 0
Painters and glaziers,	3	—	3	—	4 0 0	4 0 0
Thinsmiths,	63	—	63	—	0 12 0	0 12 0
Whitewashers,	3	—	3	—	1 0 0	1 0 0
Pumping water,	40	—	40	—	—	—
Service of prison,	58	8	66	—	—	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	10	10	—	7 10 0	7 10 0
Making bedding and clothing,	—	13	13	—	7 5 0	7 5 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oakum picking,	48	1	49	0 7 0	—	0 7 0
Painting,	54	—	54	—	15 0 0	15 0 0
Brush-making,	64	—	64	—	0 8 0	0 8 0
Sack-making,	9	—	9	0 12 2	—	0 12 2
Stone-breaking,	67	—	67	4 10 0	—	4 10 0
Knitting,	—	14	14	—	7 10 0	7 10 0
Sick,	8	1	9	—	—	—
Unemployed,	89	8	97	—	—	—
Total,	2940	80	3020	8 12 18	72 8 0	81 4 10

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

KILMAINHAM PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Fe-males.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking oak, &c.	19	—	19	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	38 0 0	38 0 0
Shoemakers,	1	—	1	—	38 0 0	38 0 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	38 0 0	38 0 0
Bricklayers,	1	—	1	—	38 0 0	38 0 0
Painters and Glaziers,	3	—	3	—	92 16 0	92 16 0
Whitewashers and labourers,	10	—	10	—	152 0 0	152 0 0
Pumping water,	0	2	2	—	156 10 0	156 10 0
Service of prison,	2	2	4	10 15 2	44 0 10	60 16 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	3	3	—	22 10 0	22 10 0
Making bedding and clothing,	1	1	2	—	15 4 0	15 4 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	24	10	34	2 8 4†	—	2 8 4†
Picking oakum,	5	—	5	20 1 0‡	—	20 1 0‡
Stone-breaking,	13	3	16	—	—	—
Sick and unemployed, including punishments and strachus misdoings,	84	21	105	50 4 0	507 12 10	546 17 4

* Mat-making carried on during the year (a quantity had also been in store from last year), and only three small sales.

† 17½ tons of oakum sold at a net price of £275 18s. 2d., some of which had been over from last year. A sum of £7 8s. 4d. also received for picking oakum as shown above.

‡ About 100 tons of stones broken but not removed or paid for included in the above.

LIFFORD PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Fe-males.	Total.			
Service of prison,	4	—	4	—	108 0 0	108 0 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	1	1	2	—	96 0 0	96 0 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	1	1	2	—	4 15 0	4 15 0
Stone-breaking,	4	—	4	5 10 9	—	5 10 9
Sick,	4	—	4	—	—	—
Unemployed,	14	2	16	5 19 9	203 15 0	214 14 9

The prisoners were few and were necessarily changed from one employment to another.

The daily averages are calculated by the work done.

RETURNS by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

LIMERICK (MALE) PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking coal, setting, &c.	8	—	8	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Gardening and labourers.	2	—	2	—	—	—
Tailors.	1	—	1	—	—	—
Shoemakers.	2	—	2	—	—	—
Carpenters.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bricklayers.	1	—	1	—	—	—
Painters and glaziers.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tinsmiths.	1	—	1	—	—	—
Whitewashers.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pumping water.	8	—	8	—	—	—
Service of prison.	4	—	4	—	—	—
Washing clothing and bedding.	5	—	5	—	—	—
Picking oakum.	18	—	18	—	—	—
Cooking.	2	—	2	—	—	—
Stone-breaking.	22	—	22	—	—	—
Sick.	5	—	5	—	—	—
Unemployed.	12	—	12	—	—	—
Total.	101	—	101	100 19 9	898 5 0	604 4 9

LIMERICK (FEMALE) PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking coal, &c.	—	4	4	17 19 4	—	17 19 4
Painters and glaziers.	—	1	1	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Whitewashers.	—	1	1	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Pumping water.	—	6	6	—	80 0 0	80 0 0
Service of prison.	—	2	2	—	80 0 0	80 0 0
Washing clothing and bedding.	—	4	4	—	160 0 0	160 0 0
Making bedding and clothing.	—	2	2	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Repairing bedding and clothing.	—	6	6	—	80 0 0	—
Quilting.	—	4	4	15 8 0	—	15 8 0
Lace (say).	—	1	1	2 0 0	—	2 0 0
Knitting.	—	10	10	0 4 0	88 10 6	26 14 8
Stones.	—	—	—	11 7 0	—	11 7 0
Sick.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total.	—	41	41	48 19 1	378 10 6	623 9 7

Washing done for Governors, Male and Female Prisons, included. Stones, left after males were removed, were sold to the Corporation. Pumping-water will make a considerable saving, &c., &c.

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

LONDONDERRY PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit or Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking coal, &c.	18	—	18	£ s. d. 168 9 6	£ s. d. —	£ s. d. 168 9 6
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	4 1 0	4 1 0
Shoemakers,	1	—	1	—	15 2 0	15 2 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	27 13 4	27 13 4
Bricklayers and labourers,	3	—	3	—	59 5 0	59 5 0
Painters and glaziers,	1	—	1	—	15 14 0	15 14 0
Whitewashers,	2	—	2	—	31 8 0	31 8 0
Service of prison,	6	2	8	—	77 0 3	77 0 3
Washing clothing and bedding,	1	1	2	—	31 8 0	31 8 0
Making bedding and clothing,	—	2	2	—	15 14 0	15 14 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	13	1	23	—	27 13 6	27 13 6
Picking oakum,	26	11	47	68 1 2	—	68 1 2
Breaking stones,	5	—	5	16 7 1	—	16 7 1
Sick,	2	1	3	—	—	—
Unemployed,	1	1	2	—	—	—
Total,	79	20	99	242 17 0	254 18 7	537 16 4

LONGFORD PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Gardening,	0'5	—	0'5	—	6 18 4	—
Treadwheel,	0'4	—	0'4	—	—	—
Pumping water,	0'1	—	0'1	—	—	—
Service of prison,	2'6	0'2	2'8	—	28 3 0	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	1'	1'	—	15 11 0	—
All trades included,	0'6	—	0'6	—	14 0 6	—
Oakum-picking,	2'8	—	2'8	—	7 1 4	—
Stone-breaking,	0'7	—	0'7	—	1 2 6	—
Knitting, repairing, &c.,	—	1'	1'0	—	7 5 0	—
Sick,	0'6	—	0'6	—	—	—
Unemployed,	1'0	0'1	2'0	—	—	—
Total,	11'1	2'3	13'4	—	80 3 6	80 3

[MARTINBOROUGH PRISON.]

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

MARYBOROUGH PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit or Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.,	4'	—	4'	2 10 2	2 3 9	5 0 0
Tailors,	1'	—	1'	—	20 0 0	38 0 0
Shoemakers,	2'	—	2'	—	75 0 0	76 0 0
Carpenters,	4'	—	4'	—	152 0 0	152 0 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	25'	—	25'	—	456 5 0	456 5 0
Painters and glaziers, . .	'58	—	'58	—	8 10 0	8 10 0
Blacksmiths,	1'	—	1'	—	36 10 0	36 10 0
Whitewashers,	'53	—	'53	—	5 0 0	5 0 0
Treadwheel,	4'	—	4'	—	—	—
Pumping water,	2'	—	2'	—	—	—
Service of prison,	7'	—	7'	—	127 15 0	127 15 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	2'	1'	3'	—	54 10 0	54 10 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	2'	2'	—	34 5 0	34 5 0
Sewing sacks,	6'	—	6'	21 4 5	—	21 4 5
Masons,	5'	—	5'	—	226 0 0	226 0 0
Plumbers,	'70	—	'70	—	15 0 0	15 0 0
Slating and plastering, . .	1'	—	1'	—	27 7 6	27 7 6
Sick,	2'	—	2'	—	—	—
Unemployed,	3'	—	3'	—	—	—
Total,	71'	3'	74'	24 0 8	1,248 17 5	1,272 17 11

MONAGHAN PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Picking coir, oakum, &c.,	3'190	'234	3'422	—	—	—
Tailors,	'112	—	'112	—	2 11 0	2 11 0
Shoemakers,	'823	—	'823	—	1 17 6	1 17 6
Carpenters,	'029	—	'029	—	0 13 6	0 13 6
Labourers,	'537	—	'537	—	12 1 0	12 1 0
Painters and glaziers, . .	'485	—	'485	—	1 2 8	1 2 8
Whitewashers,	'194	—	'194	—	2 0 2	2 0 2
Service of prison,	2'066	1'066	3'132	—	39 10 10	39 10 10
Washing clothing and bedding,	'429	'015	'594	—	2 12 8	2 12 8
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	'495	'495	—	5 8 4	5 8 4
Breaking stones,	1'496	—	1'496	1 15 0	1 0 0	2 15 0
Sick,	'0429	'0015	'0442	—	—	—
Unemployed,	'811	'115	'926	—	—	—
Total,	8'008	1'657	11'201	1 15 0	60 6 4	71 1 3

The oakum picking labour has been profitless owing to the amount of waste it contained, it will scarcely realise what it cost. There are about 30 tons of broken stones, which if sold would realise 11s. per ton profit, together with 8 tons sold for the year, and about 10 tons used for gravelling the prison yards, &c. The above daily averages are calculated at 303 working days for the year,

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

MULLINGAR PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Grinding corn,	4*	—	4*	£ s. d. 9 0 0	—	£ s. d. 9 0 0
Tailors,	1*	—	1*	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Shoemakers,	1*	—	1*	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Carpenters,	1*	—	1*	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	3*	—	3*	—	22 10 0	22 10 0
Painters and glaziers,	1*	—	1*	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Whitewashers,	1*	—	1*	—	7 10 0	7 10 0
Service of prison,	4*	1*	5*	—	37 10 0	37 10 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	3 35	3 35	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Stone-breaking,	5*	—	5*	7 15 1	—	7 15 1
Picking rope,	10*	—	10*	—	—	—
Kalting,	—	3*	3*	—	3 15 0	3 15 0
Sewing,	—	4*	4*	—	5 4 0	5 4 0
Sewing sacks,	10*	—	10*	15 0 0	—	15 0 0
Sick,	45	55	1*	—	—	—
Unemployed,	55	1	56	—	—	—
Total,	42*	11*	53*	31 15 1	136 12 0	168 7 1

* Three tons of oakum on hand not estimated for above as I consider there is a considerable loss in this class of labour. I have estimated the work at 8d. per diem for males (tradesmen), and at 6d. per diem for labourers and females. Unemployed prisoners belonged to the untried class. Hard labour is carried out in this prison by crank-wheel, working mill for crushing corn, oakum-picking and stone-breaking, also sacking making tasked, the materials for which are found by Messrs. Goodbody, they paying at the rate of 3d. per dozen for the sacks when made.

NAAS PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking oak, &c.,	4	—	4	35 10 0	—	35 10 0
Tailors,	2	—	2	—	73 0 0	73 0 0
Shoemakers,	1	—	1	—	30 10 0	30 10 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	45 12 6	45 12 6
Plasterers, bricklayers, and labourers,	4	—	4	—	72 15 0	72 15 0
Painters and glaziers,	1	—	1	—	36 10 0	36 10 0
Blacksmiths,	1	—	1	—	18 15 0	18 15 0
Whitewashers,	2	—	2	—	36 10 0	36 10 0
Pumping water (crank),	10	—	10	—	60 15 6	60 15 6
Washing clothing and bedding,	2	2	4	—	73 0 0	73 0 0
Making bedding and clothing,	1	2	3	—	54 15 0	54 15 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	1	2	3	—	56 10 0	56 10 0
Rope-picking,	10	2	12	25 0 0	—	25 0 0
Sack-making,	13	1	13	43 17 1	—	43 17 1
Kalting,	—	2	2	—	9 3 4	9 3 4
Upholstering,	2	—	2	45 12 6	—	45 12 6
Cleaning prison,	2	1	3	—	54 15 0	54 15 0
Sick,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Unemployed,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Total,	40	13	72	160 19 7	629 12 6	790 12 1

Returns by the Governors, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

NENAGH PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.	1	—	1	£ s. d. 8 17 2	—	8 17 2
Gardening,	1	—	1	—	18 2 0	18 2 0
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	22 18 0	22 18 0
Shoemakers,	1	—	1	—	22 18 0	22 18 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	18 17 6	18 17 6
Pumping water,	2	—	2	—	23 8 8	23 8 8
Service of prison,	5	—	5	—	48 11 8	48 11 8
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	8	8	—	45 2 0	45 2 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	2	2	—	15 12 0	15 12 0
Stone-breaking,	8	—	8	10 4 8	—	10 4 8
Picking oakum,	12	—	12	—	—	—
Cooking,	1	—	1	—	15 2 0	15 2 0
Sick,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Unemployed,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Total,	35	8	43	14 1 11	285 11 10	249 18 9

OMAGH PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.	2	—	2	8 14 8	—	8 14 0
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	18 0 10	18 0 10
Shoemakers,	1	—	1	—	15 13 0	15 13 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	15 13 0	15 13 0
Bricklayers and Labourers,	3	—	3	—	23 9 6	23 9 6
Painters and Glaziers,	1	—	1	—	15 13 0	15 13 0
Blacksmiths,	1	—	1	—	10 8 8	10 8 8
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	7 16 8	7 10 8
Treadwheel,	(14)	—	(14)	—	—	—
Pumping water,	2	—	2	—	15 14 0	15 13 0
Service of Prison,	4	2	6	—	—	—
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	2	2	—	58 10 4	58 10 4
Making bedding and clothing,	—	2	2	—	10 8 8	10 8 8
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	1	1	—	8 18 8	8 18 8
Stone-breaking,	14	—	14	73 17 7	—	73 17 7
Oakum-picking,	9	2	11	7 6 10	1 12 8	8 19 6
Weaving matting*,	1	—	1	2 7 8	—	2 7 3
Knitting,	—	2	2	—	9 5 2	9 5 2
Sick,	2	1	3	—	—	—
Unemployed,	7	2	9	—	—	—
Total,	50	14	64	90 8 2	199 2 7	289 8 9

* Under this heading I anticipate the profits will be much greater next year, as from various causes the looms have not been in use for many months. I hope to start them at an early date.

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

RICHMOND PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Week done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Pe- males.	Total.			
Mat-making, plaiting coir, &c.,	20	—	—	£ s. d. 136 5 0	£ s. d. —	£ s. d. 136 5 0
Picking oakum,	29	—	—	—	—	—
Gardening,	1	—	—	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Tailors,	0	—	—	—	121 2 0	121 2 0
Shoemakers,	5	—	—	—	127 15 0	127 15 0
Carpenters,	3	—	—	—	117 0 0	117 0 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	4	—	—	—	65 4 0	65 4 0
Painters and Glaziers,	9	—	—	—	78 0 0	78 0 0
Tinsmiths,	1	—	—	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Blacksmiths,	1	—	—	—	20 0 0	20 0 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	—	—	20 15 0	20 15 0
Treadwheel,	25	—	—	—	—	—
Stone-breaking,	42	—	—	157 3 0	—	137 3 0
Service of prison,	13	—	—	—	104 0 0	104 0 0
Cooking, &c.,	4	—	—	—	60 0 0	60 0 0
Washing, clothing, and bed- ding,	6	—	—	—	100 0 0	100 0 0
Picking fibre and mattress- making,	14	—	—	—	22 8 0	22 8 0
Weaving mats and matting,	29	—	—	202 5 0	—	202 5 0
Warping and winding yarn,	3	—	—	—	78 0 0	78 0 0
Coopering, basket-making,						
Plastering, net-making,						
Wireworking, plumbing, &c.,	25	—	—	—	—	—
Sick,	30	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed,	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total,	272	—	—	534 12 0	645 19 6	1,482 11 6

According to the low price received for the oakum, there is no profit on the labour of prisoners employed in picking it.

ROSCOMMON PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Week done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Pe- males.	Total.			
Gardening,	1	—	1	£ s. d. —	£ s. d. 15 2 0	£ s. d. 15 2 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	30 4 0	30 4 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	15 2 0	15 2 0
Treadwheel,	2	—	2	—	30 4 0	30 4 0
Pumping water,	2	—	2	—	30 4 0	30 4 0
Service of Prison,	2	—	2	—	30 4 0	30 4 0
Washing clothing and bed- ding,	—	2	2	—	30 4 0	30 4 0
Repairing bedding and cloth- ing,	—	2	2	—	30 4 0	30 4 0
Stone-breaking,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Oakum-picking,	2	—	2	—	—	—
Sick,	1	—	1	—	—	—
Total,	18	4	17	—	211 8 0	211 8 0

RETURN by the Governors, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1890, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

SLIGO PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Painters and Glaziers, . . .	16	—	16	—	£ s. d. 4 8 0	£ s. d. 4 8 0
Whitewashers, . . .	56	—	56	—	8 10 0	8 10 0
Treadwheel, . . .	1	—	1	—	—	—
Service of prison, . . .	3	11	14	—	42 12 0	42 12 0
Washing clothing and bedding, . . .	—	5	5	—	26 5 4	26 5 4
Making bedding and clothing, . . .	45	24	69	—	8 15 10	8 15 10
Repairing bedding and clothing, . . .	1	5	6	—	9 17 6	9 17 6
Rope-picking, . . .	8	2	10	5 12 8	—	5 12 8
Stone-breaking, . . .	7	—	7	13 17 1	—	13 17 1
Sick, . . .	3	55	58	—	—	—
Unemployed, . . .	211	145	356	—	—	—
Total, . . .	23	6	29	19 9 0	160 8 8	119 16 5

TRALEE PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking coir, &c., . . .	7	—	7	£ s. d. 2 5 0	£ s. d. 18 12 5	£ s. d. 18 17 5
Tailors, . . .	—	—	—	—	9 7 10	9 7 10
Shoemakers, . . .	—	—	—	—	1 9 4	1 9 4
Carpenters, . . .	—	—	—	—	1 19 0	1 19 0
Bricklayers and Labourers, &c. . .	5	—	5	—	75 10 0	75 10 0
Painters and glaziers, . . .	—	—	—	—	0 6 6	0 6 6
Tinsmiths, . . .	—	—	—	—	0 6 4	0 6 4
Pumping water (cranks), &c. . .	8	—	8	—	20 4 0	20 4 0
Service of Prison, . . .	2	2	4	—	60 8 0	60 8 0
Washing clothing and bedding, . . .	—	1	1	—	30 19 0	30 19 0
Making bedding and clothing, . . .	—	1	1	—	2 2 7	2 2 7
Repairing bedding and clothing, . . .	—	—	—	—	7 6 9	7 6 9
Stone-breaking, . . .	6	—	6	81 19 5	—	81 19 5
Sick, . . .	13	1	14	—	—	—
Unemployed, . . .	75	1	76	—	—	—
Total, . . .	37	6	43	24 4 8	236 5 9	270 10 5

a Raising stones in quarry on prison grounds, and drawing them into the prison to be broken. b I have estimated that two prisoners daily would pump water 302 days at 1s. per head per day. c One female cooking. There are some 50 tons fine gravel on hands undisposed of, which was taken into last year's account. 53 cwt. oakum, the estimated profit on which, if sold at 23s. per ton, would give £16 12s. 5d. Hard labour has been carried out by crank pumps. Picking rope junk and stone-breaking, tasked, for probation class prisoners.

Return by the Governors, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

TRIM PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Not Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Gardening,	1	—	1	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Whitewashers and cleaning, .	1	—	1	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
Pumping water,	1	—	1	—	5 0 0	5 0 0
Service of prison, cooking, .	1	—	1	—	1 0 0	1 0 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	2	2	—	8 0 0	8 0 0
Picking rope junk,	2	—	2	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Unemployed,	1	—	1	—	3 0 0	3 0 0
Total,	14	2	16	5 0 0	38 0 0	38 0 0

TULLAMORE PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Not Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Tailors,	1	—	1	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Shoemakers,	3	—	3	—	15 0 0	15 0 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	105 0 0	105 0 0
Pumping water,	8	—	8	—	18 0 0	18 0 0
Service of Prison,	2	1	3	—	120 0 0	120 0 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	2	—	2	—	45 0 0	45 0 0
Repairing bedding and clothing,	—	4	4	1 13 10	54 0 0	55 13 10
Sewing sacks,	25	—	25	—	40 0 0	40 0 0
Stone-breaking,	1	—	1	141 7 9	—	141 7 9
Cooking,	2	—	2	4 15 6	—	4 15 6
Oakum-picking,	6	—	6	—	40 0 0	40 0 0
Total,	39	5	57	147 17 1	447 0 0	594 17 1

I expect the profits on sewing sacks will be much larger next year, as the prisoners on probation can now be so employed.

WEXFORD PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Not Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking oakum, &c., .	6	—	6	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Tailors,	1	—	1	18 5 0	—	18 5 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Bricklayers and Labourers, . .	1	—	1	—	7 5 0	7 5 0
Painters and Glaziers,	3	—	3	—	28 0 3	28 0 3
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	5 0 0	5 0 0
Pumping water,	1	—	1	—	15 5 0	15 5 0
Debtors,	1	—	1	—	15 5 0	15 5 0
Washing clothing and bedding, .	—	2	2	—	—	—
Making bedding and clothing, .	—	1	1	—	24 0 0	24 0 0
Repairing bedding and clothing, .	—	1	1	—	10 0 0	10 0 0
Repairing bedding and clothing, .	—	1	1	—	8 0 0	8 0 0
Stone-breaking,	6	—	6	27 5 0	—	27 5 0
Picking oakum,	7	—	7	20 0 0	—	20 0 0
Cleaners,	1	1	2	—	18 5 0	18 5 0
Gas-makers,	1	—	1	—	26 15 0	26 15 0
Total,	30	6	36	95 10 0	133 15 9	229 5 9

RETURN by the GOVERNORS, showing how Prisoners have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

WATERFORD PRISON.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking coal, &c.	5	—	5	£ s. d. 23 12 6	—	23 12 6
Tailors,	1	—	1	—	15 7 0	15 7 0
Shoemakers,	3	—	3	—	28 5 0	28 5 0
Carpenters,	1	—	1	—	8 0 0	8 0 0
Tinsmiths,	1	—	1	—	7 8 0	7 8 0
Blacksmiths,	1	—	1	—	15 15 0	15 15 0
Whitewashers,	1	—	1	—	15 2 0	15 2 0
Pumping water,	5	1	6	—	88 4 0	88 4 0
Service of prison,	3	3	6	28 14 11	47 5 0	128 2 11
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	6	6	—	83 9 0	83 9 0
Making bedding and clothing, and knitting; repairing bedding and clothing,	10	3	22	£ s. d. 2 10 0 0 11 3	—	2 10 0 0 11 3
Picking, packing, and sorting oakum,	2	—	2	—	30 5 0	30 5 0
Picking hair and wool,	1	—	1	—	15 7 0	15 7 0
Cooking,	1	—	1	—	21 13 0	21 13 0
Wood-cutting,	2	1	3	—	—	—
Labourers, and cleaning grounds,	4	1	5	—	—	—
Unemployed,	50	17	67	55 8 8	407 4 0	492 12 8
Total,						

The averages are computed according to the number of working days, and those in brackets could not be given separately, unless in fractional parts. The net profit is on articles actually disposed of and paid for.

WICKLOW PRISON.

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Pumping water,	1	—	1	—	2 12 0	2 12 0
Service of Prison,	2	1	3	—	5 4 0	5 4 0
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	1	1	—	2 12 0	2 12 0
Picking rope junk,	5	—	5	12 10 0	—	12 10 0
Stone-breaking,	2	—	2	2 13 0	—	2 13 0
Unemployed,	3	1	4	—	—	—
Total,	13	2	15	15 8 0	20 8 0	25 16

RETURN by the GOVERNOR, showing how Prisoners (not Convicts) have been employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

MOUNTJOY (MALE) PRISON. [NOT CONVICTS.]

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Mat-making, picking coir, &c.,	82-61	—	82-61	256 16 6	—	256 16 6
Tailors,	12-16	—	12-16	179 4 6	—	179 4 6
Shoemakers,	22-49	—	22-49	443 8 6	—	443 8 6
Carpenters,	2-09	—	2-09	—	81 16 0	81 16 0
Bricklayers and labourers,	93	—	93	—	9 18 4	9 18 4
Plasterers and glaziers,	56	—	56	—	17 0 0	17 0 0
Tinsmiths,	78	—	78	—	23 14 8	23 14 8
Service of prison,	6-23	—	6-23	—	94 13 10	94 13 10
Dressing buns,	4-19	—	4-19	10 19 8	—	19 19 8
Picking oakum,	11-27	—	11-27	—	—	—
Coopers,	83	—	83	—	25 0 8	25 0 8
Pendoll makers,	2-55	—	2-55	16 19 6	—	16 19 6
Net makers,	3	—	3	—	12 3 2	12 3 2
Stone-breaking,	13	—	13	—	1 10 6	1 19 6
Sack-making,	47	—	47	1 8 1	—	1 8 1
Sick,	10-46	—	10-46	—	—	—
Unemployed,	1-83	—	1-83	—	—	—
Total,	—	—	169-38	908 14 7	267 6 9	1,180 1 4

MOUNTJOY (FEMALE) PRISON. [NOT CONVICTS.]

				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Tailors,	—	7-46	7-46	—	107 6 4	107 6 4
Making bedding and clothing,	—	51-40	51-40	—	341 8 0	341 8 0
Cooking, nursing, picking fibre, cleaning, for 363 working days at 8d. per day,	—	14-29	14-29	—	145 16 11	145 16 11
Sick,	—	7-73	7-73	—	—	—
Unemployed,	—	12	12	—	—	—
Total,	—	81-28	81-28	—	594 11 5	594 11 5

B.—CONVICT PRISONS.**1.—MOUNTJOY MALE CONVICT PRISON.****GOVERNOR'S REPORT.****MOUNTJOY
MALE
CONVICT
PRISON.***Governor's
Report.**Mountjoy Male Prison,
May, 1880.*

SIR,—I beg to forward my report for the twelve months ended 31st March, 1880, together with statistical returns for the convicts as well as for the local prisoners in Mountjoy Male Prison.

There were 726 prisoners in custody during the twelve months, 412 convicts, and 314 local prisoners.

Of the 412 convicts 113 were removed to convict depots during the year in ordinary course, 33 were released from custody, 5 were removed to the Criminal Lunatic Asylum, Dundrum, and 57 were transferred to Lusk Intermediate Prison, whilst 204 remained in custody on 31st March, 1880.

The 314 local prisoners were disposed of as follows: 2 were transferred to Mountjoy Convict Depot, 1 was removed to Dundrum Lunatic Asylum, 1 died in prison hospital, and 119 were discharged on completion of sentence, whilst 191 remained in custody on 31st March, 1880.

The employment found for the prisoners has not differed from former years, more than that in some branches, notably tailoring and shoemaking.

The classes have been extended and a considerable amount of prison clothing, as well as shoes and boots for the use of convict depots and county gaols was finished here by prison labour and distributed as required amongst the local prisons when requisitions were made upon this prison for a supply.

Officers' uniform was also made to some extent.

These two branches of industry could be carried on to a much greater extent, and there can be no question as to their applicability to prison labour, both as regards the discipline of the prison and the after result which will accrue to a man who masters the trade, and thus places himself in an independent position to earn a livelihood when he regains his liberty.

Most of the repair done to prison buildings was executed by convict labour, independent of contractors from outside. The work of this nature principally consisted in gas fitting, plumbing, painting, as well as masonry, carpentry, smith's work, and, when required, tinsmith's work for both this prison and Mountjoy Female Prison, as well as other local prisons who sent orders for work of this description.

A large shed for associated convict labour was almost finished within the year, and a large alteration was effected and completed in Mountjoy Female Prison by some carpenter convicts from this prison.

A large apartment in the entrance hall of the prison, which was previously used as offices, has been fitted up for Church of Ireland prisoners as a place of worship, which was completed and occupied during the past twelve months.

The staff of the prison, consisting of thirty-seven discipline officers, has undergone little change during the twelve months. Four warders joined the staff from Spike Island convict Depot, one was appointed to this prison from Richmond Bridewell, and one other, making six in all, joined from the outside, the latter having gone through his probationary term in a satisfactory manner, was finally appointed to the permanent staff of the prison.

Five left the staff during the year, one was removed to Spike Island Convict Depot, two were permitted to resign, and the other two were discharged through ill-health.

The general conduct of the prison staff has been good, and I have been well supported by the superior officers in carrying out the duties of the prison.

It was not in my power to give much relaxation or leave to officers owing to the increased number of prisoners and the limited strength of the staff. But when officers are unavoidably drafted for duty to other prisons, the inconvenience caused by it is very great, it precludes indulgence of any kind being granted, and, should a casualty through illness or other accident occur, it interferes with outside industrial work that may be in hands at the time.

The moral conduct and the education of the prisoners have been carefully attended to by the officers particularly in charge of these important branches of prison management.

The Roman Catholics have been carefully and unremittingly ministered to by the clergymen who are permitted to officiate for them in the prison.

The Church of Ireland prisoners have had the usual zealous and kindly care which I have always noticed in their regard from the Protestant chaplain, who is ever ready to attend and assist every member of his flock.

During the last twelve months the Presbyterian prisoners have slightly increased, owing to the number of local prisoners who have been sent here from the north of Ireland.

The Presbyterian clergyman has been attentive and regular in his ministry as usual.

The school has been opened for local prisoners during the year. It is attended by all whose classification entitles them to it, and who show an inclination and an aptitude to improve themselves by it. It is availed of by all, except those who are sufficiently advanced to improve themselves with the aid of books that are given to them for study, and the occasional assistance of the visiting schoolmaster in their cells.

Large facility is lately given to prisoners to memorial Government on any subject they consider demands attention with regard to themselves. This induces many to seek means to improve themselves in writing, in order that they may be able to fill up and forward their own memorials.

The school was regularly attended by the prisoners, and the schoolmaster was both painstaking and attentive.

One hundred and sixty-five convicts attended the probation classes, and were instructed in the four rudimentary rules, and some few were able, in arithmetic, to reach the compound rules.

The associated class of convicts made good progress in their studies, and, as a rule, took marked pains to improve themselves by the instructions given them.

I am happy to say that I cannot refer to a case which entailed punishment through misconduct, and can report most favourably of the advantage gained by the prisoners who attended school.

The statistical returns for the school are attached herewith.

The general conduct of the prisoners was good. Their misconduct, with the exception of one serious case (an assault made by a convict on the officers), was chiefly confined to ordinary prison offences, and on the whole they may be reported on favourably.

I am happy to be able to state that the health of the prisoners has

MONTHLY
MALE
CONVICT
PRISON.

—
Governor's
Report.

MOUNTJOY
MALE
CONVICT
PRISON.

Governor's
Report.

been good. No epidemic showed itself amongst them during the year.

There was only one death amongst the prisoners during the twelve months, which occurred in the prison hospital.

The medical officer has been regular and attentive in his duties.

I certify that the rules laid down for the Government of the prison have been strictly complied with, except such particular cases as have been reported to and brought under the notice of the General Prisons Board.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

P. W. HACKETT, Governor.

The Chairman, General Prisons Board,
The Castle.

CLASSIFIED STATEMENT of the NUMBER of OFFENCES committed by the Convicts during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

Offences.	No.	Offences.	No.
Assaults on officers, - - -	2	Insolence, - - - - -	18
Assaults on convicts, - - -	5	Injuring prison property, - - -	10
Disobedience, - - - - -	18	Insubordination, - - - - -	5
Disobedience and insolence, - - -	11	Other offences, - - - - -	22
Disorderly conduct, - - - - -	29	Prohibited articles in possession, - - -	11
Feigned attempt at suicide, - - -	2		
Idleness, - - - - -	18	Total, - - - - -	161

CLASSIFICATION of CRIMES for which these Convicts have been sentenced who were received during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

Crimes.	No.	Crimes.	No.
Arson, - - - - -	9	Housebreaking and robbery and previous conviction, - - - - -	1
Assaulting and wounding, - - -	1	Highway robbery, - - - - -	1
Assault and highway robbery, - - -	1	Killing a ewe with intent to steal skin, - - -	1
Assault with intent to rob, - - -	5	Killing a calf, - - - - -	1
Assault with bodily harm, - - -	6	Larceny, - - - - -	20
Assault on Police Constables, actual bodily harm, - - - - -	3	Larceny person, - - - - -	8
Assault and robbery, - - - - -	2	Larceny and former conviction, - - -	14
Assault and robbery and previous conviction for felony, - - -	3	Larceny and previous felony, - - -	17
Attempt to break and enter shop to commit felony, - - - - -	1	Larceny with violence, - - - - -	1
Rigamy, - - - - -	2	Larceny from dwelling, - - - - -	1
Breaking and entering dwelling to commit felony, - - - - -	1	Larceny post letters, - - - - -	1
Breaking and entering after previous conviction for felony, - - -	1	Malicious assault, - - - - -	1
Breaking and entering dwelling-house, - - - - -	1	Malicious wounding, - - - - -	1
Burglary, - - - - -	3	Manslaughter, - - - - -	12
Burglary and robbery, - - - - -	4	Military offences, - - - - -	7
Burglary and former conviction, - - -	3	Obtaining money under false pretences and previous conviction, - - -	1
Burglary with intent to steal, - - -	1	Obtaining goods false pretences, - - -	1
Cattle stealing, - - - - -	3	Placing wood and iron bar on railway, - - -	2
Cattle stealing and previous conviction, - - - - -	1	Rape, - - - - -	10
Embezzlement, - - - - -	1	Rape and aiding, - - - - -	2
Grievous assault, - - - - -	1	Receiving stolen goods, - - - - -	1
Felony, - - - - -	1	Receiving stolen goods and previous conviction, - - - - -	2
Felony and former conviction, - - -	1	Receiving after previous conviction for felony, - - - - -	1
Feloniously demanding money with intent to rob, - - - - -	1	Robbery, - - - - -	4
Feloniously demanding money and previous conviction, - - -	2	Robbery and previous conviction, - - -	1
Felonious assault, - - - - -	2	Robbery with violence, - - - - -	2
Housebreaking, - - - - -	2	Stealing from a church, - - - - -	2
Housebreaking and previous conviction for felony, - - - - -	5	Sodomy, - - - - -	2
		Unlawful assembling and breaking into a house, - - - - -	2
		Uttering forged bank notes, - - -	2
		Wounding, - - - - -	2
		Total, - - - - -	168

NUMBER of CONVICTS admitted in association during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

MONTHLY
MALE
CONVICT
PRISON.

Trades.	No.	Trades.	No.
Received:—		Removed, viz:—	
Gas-fitters, - - - - -	1	Carpenters, - - - - -	2
Labourers, - - - - -	28	Labourers, - - - - -	25
Matmakers, - - - - -	2	Matmakers, - - - - -	2
Shoemakers, - - - - -	13	Manufacturers, - - - - -	2
Slaters and plasterers, - - - - -	1	Shoemakers, - - - - -	13
Tailors, - - - - -	1	Slaters, - - - - -	1
Tinsmiths, - - - - -	3	Smiths, - - - - -	1
Tinsmiths, - - - - -	1	Tinsmiths, - - - - -	1
Remaining on 31st March, 1879, -	83	Remaining on 31st March, 1880, -	85

Governor's
Report.

RETURN showing how Convicts have been Employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from sickness and other reasons.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Mat-making, picking coils, &c.,	49.03	—	49.03	£ s. d. 155 11 0	£ s. d. —	£ s. d. 155 11 0
Gardening,	7	—	7	—	106 8 6	106 8 6
Tailors,	7.45	—	7.45	89 12 2	—	89 12 2
Shoemakers,	25.94	—	25.94	286 3 3	—	286 3 3
Carpenters,	3.71	—	3.71	—	112 15 8	112 15 8
Bricklayers and labourers,	11.74	—	11.74	—	267 13 6	267 13 6
Painters and glaziers, . . . . .	.77	—	.77	—	26 8 2	26 8 2
Tinsmiths,	2.04	—	2.04	—	89 7 6	89 7 6
Blacksmiths,	3.53	—	3.53	—	107 6 3	107 6 3
Service of prison,	19.18	—	19.18	—	291 10 9	291 10 9
Making bedding and clothing, . . . . .	.17	—	.17	—	2 11 8	2 11 8
Picking coals,	37.15	—	37.15	—	—	—
Dressing bays,	1.77	—	1.77	3 13 0	—	3 13 0
Sick,	8.46	—	8.46	—	—	—
Unemployed,	2.83	—	2.83	—	—	—
Total,	181.66	—	181.66	284 19 6	1,304 1 6	1,589 0 10

RETURN of Work performed during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

SHOEMAKING DEPARTMENT.

Making.

Warders' boots, - - -	pairs	424
" slippers, - - -	"	28
Matrons' " - - -	"	80
" boots, - - -	"	2
Prisoners' boots, - - -	"	108
" shoes, - - -	"	1,723
" Navy boots, - - -	"	35
Women's shoes, - - -	"	1,637
Children's " - - -	"	14
Canvas slippers, - - -	"	470
Frize " (men's), - - -	"	185
" " (women's), - - -	"	13
Cot straps, - - -	"	200
Boot tops closed, - - -	"	7

Repairing.

Warders' boots, - - -	"	80
" slippers, - - -	"	61
Men's shoes, - - -	"	298
Women's " - - -	"	412

SHOEMAKING DEPARTMENT—continued.

Matrons' slippers, - - -	pairs	26
Cots, - - -	"	42
Warders' boots, - - -	"	249
Palms, - - -	"	14

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Making.

Warders' coats, - - -	"	109
" trousers, - - -	"	184
" top coats, - - -	"	64
" caps, - - -	"	130
" tweed coats, - - -	"	8
" " trousers, - - -	"	9
" " vests, - - -	"	8
Frize jackets, - - -	"	297
" trousers, - - -	"	815
" vests, - - -	"	214
" caps, - - -	"	201
" braces, - - -	"	119

MONTHLY MALE CONVICT PRISON. Governor's Report.	RETURN of WORK performed during the year ended 31st March, 1880—con.	
	TAILORING DEPARTMENT—continued.	
	Repairing.	
	Warders' uniforms, - - -	140
	Frieze clothing, - - -	1,851
	MAT, MATTING, &c., DEPARTMENT.	
	Brush mats, 22,756 lbs., - -	3,203
	Chain " 4,483 lbs., - -	944
	Bordered " 4,710 feet, - -	1,570
	MAT, MATTING, &c., DEPARTMENT—con.	
	Hearthrugs, - - -	98
	Matting, yds., - - -	2,753
	Coir scrubs, - - -	435
	Nose-bags, - - -	44
	Housemaids' mats, - - -	9
	Fend-offs, - - -	194
	Oakum picked, 245 cwt. 1 qr. 20 lbs.	
	Bass dressed, 99 cwt. 1 qr. 25 lbs.	
	Bags made, - - -	1,483

STATEMENT of the NUMBER of CONVICTS committed and disposed of, from
1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

Received—	No.	Removed—	No.
Convict depôts, - - -	76	Convict depôts, - - -	170
Local prisons, - - -	139	Discharged, - - -	33
Licence forfeited cases, - - -	24	Dundrum Central Lunatic Asylum, -	5
Military barracks, - - -	7	Remaining in custody on 31st	
In custody on 31st March, 1879, 168		March, 1880, - - -	204

TABLE showing the reported PREVIOUS IMPRISONMENT of the Convicts received
during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

Not reported to have been in prison		Eight times, - - -	8
before, - - -	37	Nine " - - -	6
Once, - - -	28	Ten " - - -	2
Twice, - - -	17	Ten and under fifteen times, - - -	19
Three times, - - -	15	Fifteen times and over, - - -	15
Four " - - -	10	Antecedents not known, - - -	10
Five " - - -	9		
Six " - - -	10	Total, - - -	188
Seven " - - -	11		

AGES of CONVICTS on CONVICTION, received during the year ended
31st March, 1880.

Fifteen and under twenty years of age, 26	Fifty and under sixty, - - -	9
Twenty and under twenty-five, 65	Sixty and over, - - -	3
Twenty-five and under thirty, 29		
Thirty and under forty, 32	Total, - - -	188
Forty and under fifty, 24		

SENTENCES of the CONVICTS committed to the Prison during the year ended
31st March, 1880.

Five years' penal servitude, - - -	104	Fifteen years' penal servitude, - - -	2
Seven " " - - -	59	Twenty " " - - -	2
Ten " " - - -	18		
Twelve " " - - -	1	Total, - - -	168
Fourteen " " - - -	2		

Singles, 137. Married, 51.
Roman Catholics, 155. Protestants, 24. Presbyterians, 7.
Unitarian, 1. Baptist, 1.

Schools.

SCHOOLS.

There were on school rolls 1st April, 1879, . . .	131 convicts.
Admitted during the year 1879-80, . . .	170 "
Transferred to other prisons, &c., during the year 1879-80, . . .	135 "
Remaining on school rolls 31st March, 1880, . . .	166 "

TABLE showing the proficiency attained by the Prisoners who passed through Mountjoy Male Prison during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

Subjects examined in and Proficiency attained.	Numbers.				Per-centage.			
	On Admission.		On Removal.		On Admission.		On Removal.	
	Con- victs.	Local Prisoners.	Con- victs.	Local Prisoners.	Con- victs.	Local Prisoners.	Con- victs.	Local Prisoners.
Reading:								
Not able, . . .	57	70	12	15	35.5	44.6	8.8	12.2
Badly, . . .	60	53	17	48	35.3	33.7	12.6	39.0
Fairly, . . .	53	34	106	60	31.2	21.7	78.6	48.8
Totals, . . .	170	157	135	123	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Writing:								
Not able, . . .	67	86	16	19	39.4	54.8	11.8	15.5
Badly, . . .	78	54	25	44	45.9	34.4	16.6	35.7
Fairly, . . .	25	17	94	60	14.7	10.6	69.6	48.6
Totals, . . .	170	157	135	123	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Arithmetic:								
Perfectly ignorant of, .	60	96	16	19	53.0	61.1	11.8	15.5
Acquainted with Simple Rules, .	46	33	45	40	27.0	22.3	33.3	32.5
Acquainted with Compound Rules, .	25	19	25	46	14.7	12.1	18.6	37.4
Acquainted with Proportion, . . .	9	7	49	16	5.3	4.5	36.3	14.6
Totals, . . .	170	157	135	123	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

	Convicts.	Local Prisoners.	MOUNTJOY MALE CONVICT PRISON.
From First to Second Book,	37	36	
From Second to Third Book,	68	28	
From Third to Fourth Book,	70	46	
Total,	161	110	Schools.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT.

Medical
Officer's
Report.Mountjoy Male Prison,
April, 1880.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my annual report of this prison for the year ending 31st March, 1880, and in doing so it is exceedingly gratifying to me to be able to state that the general health of the officers and prisoners has been good throughout the year.

The only case of contagious disease that occurred among the convicts within the year was that of a man who was attacked with small-pox. I at once took steps to have him isolated in the hospital, which was attended, I am glad to say, with satisfactory results, as no other case occurred except that of the hospital warder under whose immediate care the convict was. Both, however, made a satisfactory recovery.

It may be worthy of remark to observe that this convict was five months in the prison, and could not by any possibility have had the disease communicated to him, as he never came in contact with any one affected with it. He was attacked in his cell, in one of the wards in which were located a number of other inmates separately in their cells,

MOUNTJOY
MALE
CONVICT
PRISON.

Medical
Officer's
Report.

where the sanitary arrangements were the same, and which were as perfect as any that could be desired.

As regards the health of the staff, only a few of the warders were exempted from duty through illness, principally caused by colds and catarrhal affections. There were two, however, discharged the service, being rendered physically unfit—one from cardiac disease; the other for having received severe injuries at the hands of a convict.

Although 75 convicts were admitted to hospital during the year, no death occurred, which must be regarded as a very gratifying circumstance, when it is borne in mind the class from which the convict population is drawn.

There were five convicts transmitted to the Lunatic Asylum during the year. It was observed that four of these exhibited symptoms of mental derangement upon their reception into the prison; and the other case was that of an old habitual criminal who spent most of his time in prison, and who was undergoing a second period of penal servitude at the time he was removed to the asylum.

There has been no change in the dietary of the convicts, which continues to be good and wholesome, and maintains them in a satisfactory state of health.

Appended is a list of the number admitted to hospital, containing particulars of the diseases, &c.

I beg to repeat my acknowledgments to the Governor and the other officers of the prison with whom I come in contact for the facilities they afford me in the performance of my duties.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JAMES WILLIAM YOUNG, M.D., Medical Officer.

To the Chairman,
General Prisons Board,
Dublin Castle.

TABLE I.—HOSPITAL RETURN for the year ending 31st March, 1880.

Number of patients in hospital, 1st April, 1879,	-	5	}	76
" " admitted during the year, -	-	71		
" " discharged, -	-	63	}	76
" " sent to lunatic asylum, -	-	5		
" " died in hospital, -	-	-	}	8
" " remaining in hospital, 1st April, 1880, -	-	8		
Daily average sick in hospital, -	-	-	-	8.45
Number prescribed for, -	-	-	-	2,395
Daily average prescribed for, -	-	-	-	6.56

TABLE II.—DISEASES of those admitted to HOSPITAL.

Diseases of digestive organs, . . .	11	Influenza, coughs, colds, and	
Rheumatism, . . .	2	catarrhal affections, . . .	10
Injuries, burns, and scalds, . . .	4	Debility, . . .	3
Diseases of joints, . . .	2	Scrofula, . . .	2
For observation, . . .	5	Anthrax, . . .	2
Stricture, . . .	2	Abscess, . . .	6
Retention, . . .	1	Cutaneous diseases, . . .	2
Diseases of organs of sense, . . .	6	Diseases of circulating system, . . .	2
Hydrocele, . . .	1	Whooping, . . .	1
Diseases of organs of respiration, . . .	6	Syphilis, . . .	2
Small-pox, . . .	1	Epilepsy, . . .	1

TABLE III.—PRISONERS sent to Dundrum Lunatic Asylum.

Register No.	Initials of Name.	Where Convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Date of Removal to Prison.	Sent to Dundrum.	Mountjoy Male Convict Prison, Medical Officer's Report.
9639	H. T.,	Omagh, .	28 Oct., 1876,	12 Nov., 1876,	14 May, 1879.	
9639	H.M.B.,	Dublin, .	3 Dec, 1873,	18 Dec., 1878,	3 July, 1879.	
9778	G. P.,	Longford, .	25 Jan., 1873,	24 Sept., 1879,	8 Oct., 1879.	
A 70	W. E.,	Dublin, .	16 July, 1879,	23 July, 1879,	8 Nov., 1879.	
9661	J. B.,	Limerick, .	18 Oct., 1875,	12 Feb., 1879, .	11 Mar., 1880.	

TABLE IV.—PRISONERS received from Lusk Establishment for treatment in the Prison Hospital.

Remaining in hospital, 1st April, 1879,	-	-	-	-	7
Received during the year,	-	-	-	-	7
Discharged on license, -	-	-	-	-	5
Sent back to Lusk, -	-	-	-	-	1
Sent to Lunatic Asylum, -	-	-	-	-	1
Remaining in hospital, 1st April, 1880,	-	-	-	-	7

PROTESTANT CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Protestant Chaplain's Report.

H.M. Prison, Mountjoy, Dublin,
May, 1880.

Sir,—As far as they have come under my notice, the circumstances of this prison during the past year have been very much as usual, the convicts, generally, have conducted themselves well, have been most attentive at Divine Service and religious instruction, and have received my visits in their cells with seeming pleasure, and an apparent desire to profit.

It appears to me to be most desirable, I may say essential, to the reformation of those convicts in whom reformation may be hoped for, that there should be, if possible, a complete separation between old hardened criminals and those that may have given way to temptation once, but cannot be said to belong to the criminal classes though sentenced to penal servitude. In the comparatively small average of convicts under my charge during the past year, one had been sentenced to penal servitude five times; four had received sentences of penal servitude three times; and eight were undergoing a like sentence for the second time; four had passed through reformatories; one had undergone penal servitude in England; and one had, also in England, been imprisoned twice before he was sentenced to penal servitude in this country. If such criminals as these are placed in association with those for whose reformation, otherwise there may be reasonable hope, is it reasonable to expect that such a hope is likely to be realized? I think not.

I am, Sir, your faithful servant,

ROBERT FLEMING, A.M.,
Chaplain Irish Church.The Chairman General Prisons Board,
Dublin Castle.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Mountjoy
Male
Convict
Prison.

Mountjoy Male Prison.
17th May, 1880.

Roman
Catholic
Chaplain's
Report.

SIR.—I have the honour to submit to you my Report, regarding the Roman Catholic convicts of Mountjoy Prison, from April 1st, 1879, to April 1st, 1880.

I have reason to report favourably of the moral and religious conduct of the Roman Catholic convicts, generally, during the past year. They seemed very attentive to the instructions given them, three or four times each week, assisted at Mass with every mark of outward respect and devotion, and complied regularly with the other duties of religion. I have examined the fresh men every Monday, and given them and such others as needed it, special instruction in the principal mysteries of faith, the decalogue, the sacraments, especially such as are more necessary for salvation, the Pater Noster, Ave Maria, &c., &c.

The confessions of the prisoners were heard every Friday, and occasionally on other days. I avail myself largely of the kind permission of the authorities to accept the help of some clergymen in hearing the confessions of the prisoners. I am always careful in obedience to rule, to insert in my "journal," the names of the priests, who assist me in the discharge of my duties.

In submitting my Report, I regret not being able to speak well of the conduct of a small class of the prisoners. I mean a certain portion of returned convicts and some other sentenced to penal servitude for the first time, and well known to the prison officials to be men of very bad antecedents, and more or less deeply versed in the ways of iniquity. This class of men do great mischief to the general body of the prisoners. It seems quite evident that one or two dozen of really corrupt, vicious, and depraved men, and who are, at the same time, clever, ingenious, and cunning, can, if they are so disposed, do immense harm to the entire mass of prisoners, with whom they may come into contact. Not content with being wicked themselves, they are so far from having any scruple in exercising a corrupting influence over the others that, on the contrary, they delight in doing the evil work, wherever it can be carried on without fear of being detected, whether it be at exercise, school, or any other place—not excepting even the chapel.

The evil is certainly great, and needs a strong remedy. In order to correct the very bad prisoners, and at the same time to prevent their evil influence on others, it is necessary in my judgment, 1st, to have them confined in a separate prison for themselves with *suitable and hard labour*, to keep the mind and imagination occupied, and help to support the expenses of the institution, 2nd, to keep them entirely apart from one another, as much as possible, and 3rd, to have the discipline of such prison carried out by *really qualified officers*.

This seems to me the best plan of checking the evil complained of, and I doubt very much if it could be effectually stopped otherwise than by the means I have suggested. The plan might be easily carried into effect, as the Government has, at the present moment, the management of all the prisons of the entire country, in its own hands, and could easily and without any considerable expenditure, set one apart for the purpose. But even should it be found necessary to expend a certain amount on the proposed plan, the country would willingly undergo the expense, provided there existed a well-grounded hope of reforming a large number of the convicts, and a probability of re-

claiming a few of those who had been notoriously bad characters. In my opinion the country would be benefited, in a pecuniary point of view, because, a greater number of the convicts would be really and permanently reformed by entirely cutting away from them the very corrupting element I have alluded to.

In conclusion, I am pleased to say, that every facility was afforded me for the exercise of my ministry, and that I have been treated kindly by all the officers with whom my duties brought me into contact.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient humble servant,

MICHAEL CODY,
Roman Catholic Chaplain.

The Chairman, General Prisons Board.

PRESBYTERIAN CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

St. George's Manse, Oakfield-road, Croydon,
31st May, 1880.

*Presbyterian
Chaplain's
Report.*

Sir,—I have to report that the services for 1879, were conducted with accustomed regularity, and that the attention of the prisoners was as good, and the helpfulness and courtesy of the officers as marked as in former years.

I remain, Sir, yours faithfully,

ROBERT HANNA, Presbyterian Chaplain.

The Chairman General Prisons Board,
Dublin Castle.

RETURN of the several Industrial and Trades' pursuits in which Prisoners were employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, viz. :—

Matmaking, picking coir, &c.	Tinkering.
Gardening.	Blacksmithing.
Tailoring.	Cleaning Prison.
Shoemaking.	Making bedding and clothing.
Carpentering.	Picking Oakum.
Masons, bricklaying, and labouring work.	Dressing bass.
Painting and glazing.	

2.—MOUNTJOY FEMALE CONVICT PRISON.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

Mountjoy Female Convict Prison,
31st May, 1880.

*MOUNTJOY
FEMALE
CONVICT
PRISON.*

*Superintendent's
Report.*

Sir,—In compliance with your instructions I beg to forward my report on this prison for the year ended 31st March, 1880. And in doing so it affords me much pleasure to be able to report favourably on the conduct of the subordinate officers who have with very few exceptions discharged their duties in a satisfactory manner.

The convicts conducted themselves well, and performed the work allotted them with willingness and care.

MONTHLY
FEMALE
CONVICT
PRISON.

Superintendent's
Report.

No change has taken place in the mode of treatment, dietary, or employment.

The school continues to be worked in a satisfactory manner and the prisoners who attended daily made fair progress during the year.

In consequence of the decrease in the number of convicts it has not been necessary to fill up some vacancies that have occurred on the staff of this prison.

The usual statistics are annexed.

I certify that the rules laid down for the government of the prison have been complied with, except in such cases as have been reported.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

ANNE SHEERAN, Superintendent.

The Chairman,
General Prisons Board,
Dublin Castle.

RETURN of the Number of CONVICTS received and disposed of from
1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

	Convicts.	Children.
In confinement 1st April, 1879, - - - -	202	5
Received during the year, - - - -	36	3
Born, - - - -	-	2
Total, - - - -	238	10
Discharged, sentence completed, - - - -	11	-
Discharged on licence, - - - -	23	-
Transferred to Laneside asylum, - - - -	7	-
Transferred to Refuges, viz.:—Protestant, 4; Roman Catholic, 28, - - - -	32	-
Died, - - - -	2	-
Sent to Nurse, - - - -	-	4
To mothers at Golden Bridge Refuge, - - - -	-	2
Total disposed of, - - - -	75	6
Remaining in custody 31st March, 1880, - - - -	163	4

AGES (ON CONVICTION) OF CONVICTS NOW IN CUSTODY.	NUMBER OF PRISONERS NOW IN CUSTODY WHO WERE CONVICTED IN THE FOLLOWING YEARS.
15 years and under 20 years, - 1	In the year, 1864, - - - 1
20 " 25 " - 9	" 1865, - - - 1
25 " 30 " - 26	" 1870, - - - 1
30 " 35 " - 30	" 1871, - - - 1
35 " 40 " - 19	" 1872, - - - 6
40 " 45 " - 25	" 1873, - - - 5
45 years and upwards, - 53	" 1874, - - - 6
Total, - - - 163	" 1875, - - - 20
	" 1876, - - - 16
	" 1877, - - - 36
	" 1878, - - - 42
Age of oldest prisoner on conviction, 73 years.	" 1879, - - - 25
Age of youngest prisoner on conviction, 20 years.	" 1880, - - - 3
	Total, - - - 163

SENTENCES of PRISONERS now in CUSTODY.

Penal Servitude for Life, - 11	Penal Servitude for 7 years, - 96
" 20 years, - 2	" 5 " - 45
" 10 " - 7	
" 8 " - 2	Total, - - - 136

Mustache

CRIMES OF PRISONERS NOW IN CUSTODY.		NUMBER	REPORT.
Attempt to set fire to a public building, - - - - -	1	Infanticide, - - - - -	1
Assault, causing actual bodily harm, - - - - -	3	Larceny, - - - - -	49
Assault and robbery, and previous conviction for felony, - - - - -	5	Larceny, and previous conviction for felony, - - - - -	61
Attempt of larceny, and previous conviction, - - - - -	1	Larceny of fowl, - - - - -	1
Arson and malicious injury to a public building, - - - - -	1	Manslaughter, - - - - -	6
Assault with intent to steal, - - - - -	1	Murder, - - - - -	8
Base coin, - - - - -	1	Malicious assault, inflicting bodily harm, - - - - -	1
Child stealing, - - - - -	1	Maliciously wounding and inflicting grievous bodily harm, - - - - -	1
Concealed in a dwelling-house with intent to steal, - - - - -	1	Perjury, - - - - -	1
Feloniously receiving stolen goods, - - - - -	1	Receiving stolen goods, and previous conviction, - - - - -	6
Felony from dwelling, and previous conviction, - - - - -	1	Stealing money from person, and previous conviction, - - - - -	3
Felony, and previous conviction, - - - - -	7	Total, - - - - -	163
Housebreaking, - - - - -	1		

ESTIMATED VALUE of CONVICT PRISONERS' LABOUR for the year ended
31st March, 1880.

How employed.	Average No. of Prisoners employed daily.	Estimated Value of the Work per- formed.
Sewing and knitting prison materials,	61.42	£ s. d. 239 4 6
Tailoring,	20.72	380 7 2
Washing prison clothing, bedding, &c.,		256 16 5
" for Mountjoy Male Prison,		279 0 1
" for Lusk Prison,		13 12 11
" for General Prisons Board,		12 12 0
" for prison officers,		38 9 4
" for Royal Irish Constabulary Depot,	58.70	103 0 2
" for Department of National Education,		600 5 2
" for Royal Hospital,		377 15 7
" for Royal Hibernian Military School,		1,283 19 6
" for Mountjoy Barracks,		4 9 10
Cooking, nursing, cleaning for 303 working days, at sd. per day,	31.10	314 2 0
Total,	171.94	3,897 14 8

Daily average number of convict prisoners in custody during the year. 18230

Daily average number of convict prisoners in custody during the year,	182-30
Per-centage on prison population working, - - - - -	94.40

11	12	in punishment,	-	-	-	0.96
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13	13	2000-2001	0	0	0	0.00
13	13	sick or inform,	"	"	"	4.00

RETURN by the SUPERINTENDENT, showing how Prisoners have been Employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.	Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Tailors,	—	20 72	20 72	£ —	180 7 2	180 7 2
Washing clothing and bedding,	—	58 70	58 70	—	2,964 1 0	2,964 1 0
Making bedding and clothing,	—	61 43	61 43	—	232 4 0	232 4 0
Cooking, nursing, cleaning for 303 working days at 8s. per day,	—	31 10	31 10	—	314 2 0	314 2 0
Sick,	—	7 37	7 37	—	—	—
Unemployed,	—	2 59	2 59	—	—	—
Total,	—	182 30	182 30	—	3,597 14 8	3,597 14 8

MOUNTJOY
 FEMALE
 CONVICT
 PRISON,
 ———
*Superintendent's
 Report.*

Works of Reconstruction, Repairs, &c., during the year ended 31st March, 1880, done by Contract, or other than Prison Labour.

No works of the description referred to above were done by contract or other than Prison labour in the year ended 31st March, 1880, except the ordinary repairs in the Prison usually done by the Board of Works.

Return of the several Industrial and Trades' pursuits in which Prisoners were employed during the year ended 31st March, 1880, viz:—

Sewing and knitting.	Cleaning Prison.
Tailoring.	Cooking.
Washing clothing and bedding.	

SCHOOL REPORT.

No change has taken place in the teaching power, in the system of instruction pursued, or in the general arrangements of the school, and the prisoners were instructed on 303 working days during the year.

Average on rolls for the year,	-	-	-	-	173
Average daily attendance, -	-	-	-	-	112
Newly admitted, -	-	-	-	-	23

Those received during the year were examined on reception, and classified as under:—

First Book, wholly illiterate,	-	-	-	-	12
Able to read badly, -	-	-	-	-	5
„ fairly, -	-	-	-	-	6
Total,	-	-	-	-	23

The annexed table shows the advances in the several classes:—

Advanced during the year:—					
From First to Second Book,	-	-	-	-	15
„ Second to Third „	-	-	-	-	14
„ Third to Fourth „	-	-	-	-	23
Learned to write, -	-	-	-	-	31
„ to make figures, -	-	-	-	-	20
Advanced from Simple Addition to Simple Subtraction -	-	-	-	-	15
„ to Compound Rules, -	-	-	-	-	25

*Medical
 Officer's
 Report.*

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT.

Mountjoy Female Convict Prison,
 April, 1880.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my annual report of this prison for the year ending 31st March, 1880.

It affords me satisfaction to be able to state that the general health of both officers and prisoners has been good, and that the sanitary condition of the prison can also be regarded as favourable.

In former years a class of prisoners of a very troublesome character were to be found in this prison, they were what may be termed the "irresponsible class," who at times became excited to such a degree, that they broke out into paroxysms of passion and violence, which rendered it necessary to resort to measures of restraint to prevent them from injuring themselves.

It is needless for me to remark that when one in my position is obliged to have recourse to these measures, especially with women, he feels it both painful and unpleasant, and it is therefore with unfeigned satisfaction that I have seen the gradual decrease of this class, to the great advantage of the discipline of the prison; their example was very bad, and could not fail to have had a prejudicial influence on the other prisoners. Their management was attended with a great deal of difficulty and embarrassment to those in authority over them, and particularly so to the medical officer.

MOUSTJOY
FEMALE
CONVICT
PRISON

Medical
Officer's
Report.

It strikes me as rather a remarkable circumstance that the prisoners constituting this class have not been recommitted to penal servitude, and I may also remark that there has been a diminution in the recommitment of old broken down habitual criminals, which accounts for the few in the invalid class at present.

There were 18 matrons treated in hospital for febrile and catarrhal affections, and one who subsequently died, was discharged the service in consequence of being physically unfit.

Of the seven convicts who were sent to the lunatic asylum, four of them had been there before; of the other three, one exhibited symptoms of insanity on her reception, and the other two were some years in the prison before they showed any symptoms of mental derangement, but it made its approach gradually, and at length the disease assumed its full dimensions, which necessitated their removal to the asylum.

There were 140 convicts admitted to hospital during the year, and among them were only two deaths, one from bronchitis, the other from phthisis, both were debilitated old women.

The food has been wholesome and good, and has been sufficient, except in a few cases where I found it necessary to supplement it with a little extra bread and milk to those who were working laboriously.

I beg to attach tables showing the admissions to hospital with the diseases, &c.

To Mrs. Sheeran, the superintendent, and the other officers of the prison, I desire to express my earnest acknowledgments for the facility and co-operation they afford me in the performance of my duties.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JAMES WILLIAM YOUNG, M.D.,

Medical Officer.

To the Chairman General Prisons Board,
Dublin Castle.

TABLE I.—HOSPITAL RETURN for the year ending 31st March, 1880

Remaining in hospital, 1st April, 1879,	-	-	14	154
Admitted during the year,	-	-	140	
Discharged,	-	-	132	
Sent to Lunatic Asylum,	-	-	7	164
Died in hospital, -	-	-	2	
Remaining in hospital, 1st April, 1880,	-	-	13	
Daily average sick in hospital,	-	-	-	7.85
Externs prescribed for, -	-	-	-	2,132
Daily average prescribed for, -	-	-	-	5.83

MOUNTJOY
FEMALE
CONVICT
PRISON.

TABLE II.—DISEASES of those admitted to Hospital.

Influenza, coughs, colds, and catarrhal affections, - - -	26	Tumours, - - - - -	2
For observation, - - - - -	12	Ulcers, - - - - -	2
Rheumatism, - - - - -	8	Uterine diseases, - - -	3
Diseases of digestive organs, -	12	Febriacula, - - - - -	20
Debility, - - - - -	5	Diseases of organs of sense, -	14
Diseases of organs of circulation, -	3	„ nervous system, - - -	8
Gumboil, - - - - -	5	Parturition, - - - - -	2
Injuries, burns, and scalds, - -	9	Abcess, - - - - -	4
		Bronchitis, - - - - -	3

TABLE III.—DEATHS during the year.

Register No.	Initials of Name.	Received in Prison.	Admitted to Hospital.	Died.	Cause of Death.
2321	M. F.	1 May, 1876,	26 Jan., 1878,	23 April, 1879,	Bronchitis.
2331	M. D.	23 Mar., 1875,	15 Feb., 1879,	23 Oct., 1879,	Phthisis.

TABLE IV.—CONVICTS sent to Dundrum Lunatic Asylum.

Register No.	Initials of Name.	Where convicted.	Date of Conviction.	Removed to Prison.	Transferred to Asylum.
2419	B. C.	Rosecommon, -	30 Mar., 1876,	10 Apr., 1878,	13 May, 1879.
2338	K. M.	Dublin City, -	13 Sept., 1876,	21 Sep., 1876,	24 Sep., "
2407	C. M.	„ County, -	8 Jan., 1878,	16 Jan., 1878,	24 Sep., "
2313	A. K.	„ City, -	4 Mar., 1873,	13 Mar., 1873,	28 Oct., "
2331	M. D.	Wexford, -	5 May, 1864,	18 July, 1876,	5 Dec., "
2257	M. A. W.	Dublin City, -	6 July, 1875,	10 July, 1875,	16 Dec., "
2356	M. M ^{rs} N.	Omagh, - - -	15 Jan., 1877,	29 Jan., 1877,	15 Jan., 1880.

Protestant
Chaplain's
Report.

PROTESTANT CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Mountjoy Female Prison,
April 28th, 1880.

SIR,—Since my last report was furnished nothing has occurred which requires any special remark from me.

The duties of the Protestant chaplain have been discharged by me carefully and according to the best of my ability, while availing myself of the experience of more than twenty-one years' in the service.

The women are much interested in the information and instruction which are given, and are unexceptionably attentive to the services of the church.

As I visit in the different departments—the schools, laundry, tailoring, &c., the invariable testimony of the officers is, that they have no fault to find with the prisoners with respect to their industry. In fact they find in occupation, and even in laborious occupation, ease, which those familiar with the discipline of the prison can understand, and I may observe also that the prisoners take a pride as well as pleasure, each in her work, interference with which, on the part of another, would be an occasion of jealousy.

It is almost superfluous to add that the kindly, courteous, and considerate attention of our judicious superintendent and her officers, to myself, is all that could be desired.

Our lady visitor continues to give us her valuable assistance, and speaks to me hopefully of her charge, in imparting to whom religious and moral instruction she takes a deep interest.

MOUNTJOY
FEMALE
CONVICT
PRISON.

I remain, Sir, your obedient servant,

DAVID STUART, Protestant Chaplain.

Protestant
Chaplain's
Report.

To the Chairman of the General Prisons Board.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPLAINS' REPORT.

Mountjoy Female Convict Prison,
May, 1880.

Roman
Catholic
Chaplain's
Report.

SIR,—We beg to submit to you our Report for the year ended March, 1880.

It is gratifying to us to bear testimony to the orderly conduct and great docility of the prisoners under our care. Considering their previous character, habits, and conditions of life, they were as good as the most sanguine could expect them to be. The number of punishments for breaches of prison discipline was very small, which of itself, is, at once, a proof of the prevalence of good order, and a subject for congratulation to all who laboured for the reformation of the convicts.

The conviction grows upon us year after year, that the intercourse of prisoners in association wards, as it is carried out in this prison, is, taking all things into account, the best system for the convicts; but, as there is always danger of corrupting influences among so many, it must be borne in mind, that, in order to prevent such association becoming pernicious, the prisoners must be carefully classified, actively employed, and, what is of the utmost importance, under very close supervision.

As every plan for the reformation of the criminal, which has not religion for its foundation, must fail, we are happy to state that the convicts had ample opportunities of discharging their religious duties, and that they availed themselves of them with commendable zeal and edifying devotion.

The services of the visiting Sisters from Golden Bridge, were most useful and efficient. We have much pleasure in gratefully acknowledging the valuable aid we have received from them in the religious instruction of the prisoners.

We are very grateful to the officers, and especially to the matrons in charge of the chapel and hospital, for the assistance constantly given to us in visiting the prison.

We deeply regret the resignation of the Rev. B. Fitzpatrick, who, by his prudence, zeal, and tact, contributed not a little towards the success of the institution in latter years.

We feel it our duty to state that the praiseworthy zeal of the Superintendent, for the maintenance of order and discipline, cannot be too highly appreciated.

We have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servants,

MICHAEL WALSH, R.C.C.

TERENCE O'DONNELL, A.R.C.C.

To the Chairman, General Prisons Board.

MOUNTJOY
FEMALE
CONVICT
PRISON.

*Presby-
terian
Chaplain's
Report.*

PRESBYTERIAN CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Mountjoy Female Prison,
April 24th, 1880.

SIR,—I have nothing to report for the past year, out of the ordinary course. I have been enabled to discharge my duties regularly, both on Sabbaths and week days.

Although there are but few Presbyterian prisoners, such is the nature of our services that the same time and religious exercises are required for one as for many. The capitation principle, therefore, is inapplicable to Presbyterian chaplaincy.

At the beginning of the year I had two convicts, and one county prisoner under my ministerial supervision.

The prison arrangements necessitated two separate services, which I regularly conducted.

August 15th, two convicts were discharged, one—A. B., after a very long improvement was liberated. I was glad that the authorities dealt mercifully with her case; for I have no doubt of her sincere repentance. She arrived safely in New York. The other convict—M. B., is in the Refuge.

The year ended hut with one Presbyterian in this prison.

I have, as hitherto, received all attention from, and given all facilities by the prison officials in the performance of my duties.

I am, Sir, your faithful servant,

S. G. MORRISON, Presbyterian Chaplain,

To the Chairman, General Prisons Board,
Dublin Castle.

3.—SPIKE ISLAND CONVICT PRISON.

GOVERNOR'S REPORT.

Spike Ireland Government Prison,
5th May, 1880.

SPIKE
ISLAND
CONVICT
PRISON.

*Governor's
Report.*

SIR,—I have the honour to present my report, together with the usual statistics, for the year ended the 31st March, 1880.

Twenty-two subordinate officers joined the staff—eleven on first appointment, and eleven on transfer from other prisons; seven were transferred to other prisons; eight resigned; five were discharged on medical grounds and unfitness for the service; two were dismissed; and one died. The general conduct of the subordinate staff was, on the whole, satisfactory, and but comparatively few cases required reference to the Board. The chief warder and the principal warders performed their respective duties satisfactorily. The returns show 486 convicts in custody here on the 1st April, 1879; at Maryborough Gaol, employed making alterations, 37; at Cork County Gaol, do., 37. Total, 560. March 31st, 1880.—In custody here, 416; at Maryborough and Cork County Gaols, 76. Total, 492; thereby showing a decrease in the year of 68. The respective sentences were fairly and duly carried out, and in strict accordance with the rules. No change took place in regard to the employment, the available labour being chiefly at the disposal of the Admiralty Department in making the new docks on Haulbowline Island, the work in general being the deepening and clearing the basin of mud and rock, cutting and dressing stone for the dock, and the new Admiralty House in progress of being erected at

Queenstown. Together with the usual supply of tradesmen, such as smiths, carpenters, &c., ten convicts were also employed by the Ordnance Department at Haulbowline, and about fifty under the direction of the Royal Engineer Department on the defence and other works at Spike Island. Nothing occurred in the conduct or working of the convicts calling for special notice or remark. There was no attempt at concentrated insubordination, and apart from individual cases of misconduct the general conduct of the convicts was satisfactory. There was no case of corporal punishment. One attempt to escape in disguise was made at Haulbowline, but the convict was recognised by Principal Warder Leary and captured at once. Picking up old tobacco pipes and bits of tobacco dropped by the military and naval men both at Spike and Haulbowline greatly increase the number of prison offences and reports. The weak-minded and irresponsible classes also add considerably to the number of offences, and, as a rule, in their cases no deterrent punishment can be awarded.

The prison routine has been precisely the same as in former years, with the exception of a change in the mode of exercise given on Sundays and holidays. The advanced class are now marched two deep, and cannot exchange companions. All the other classes are exercised in single file, a distance apart, and are not allowed speak to each other.

Six convicts were removed to Dundrum Lunatic Asylum on medical certificates as insane, but one of these was sent back after a time reported as sane. Three convicts and one officer died of typhus fever. The prison buildings generally are in fair order, but frequent repairs are found necessary, especially to the roofs. The new Roman Catholic Chapel has been opened for service.

The convicts were, as heretofore, kept steadily at work, but it is to be regretted that the prison department has no control whatever as to their employment or utilizing their labour.

Daily average number employed,	.	.	.	408
Not employed (in cells and hospital),	.	.	.	27
Total daily average,	.	.	.	435

It will be observed that a very considerable decrease has taken place in the estimated value of the labour for the past year, arising from the reduced number of convicts, as also from the fact of only about half the usual number of convict tradesmen having been employed at their respective trades, their services as such not having been required; hence a considerable loss on this head. The usual Sunday and weekly services have been regularly performed by the respective chaplains, and two schools have been open every evening, in charge of the two schoolmasters. I here beg to express my thanks to the superior officers and staff generally, and to the Deputy Governor in particular, for the ready and willing assistance rendered by all in support of discipline and order. I have not seen or received intimation of any abuse or abuses not reported by me. I hereby certify that the rules laid down for the government of the prison have been complied with during the past year, except in such cases as have been reported to or brought under the notice of the Board.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

P. HAY, Governor.

The Chairman, General Prisons Board, &c., &c.,
Dublin Castle.

SPIKE
ISLAND
CONVICT
PRISON.
—
Governor's
Report.

SPITE
ISLAND
CONVICT
PRISON.

ABSTRACT ACCOUNT showing the ESTIMATED VALUE of the PRODUCTIVE LABOUR of the Prisoners, and the NUMBER EMPLOYED during the Year ended 31st March, 1880.

Governor's
Report.

How Employed.	Daily Average Number Employed for 362 days.	Estimated Value of Work performed.	Total.
PRISON WORKS.			
Tailors, - - - - -	13	£ 480 15 0	£ s. d.
Shoemakers, - - - - -	7	264 5 0	
Carpenters, - - - - -	3	113 5 0	
Smiths and Nailers, - - - - -	1	45 6 0	
Do. - beginners, - - - - -	1	22 13 0	
Painters, - - - - -	2	75 10 0	
Masons, - - - - -	1	45 6 0	
Bakers, - - - - -	6	271 16 0	
Tinsmiths and Coopers, - - - - -	1	30 4 0	
Repairing Beds, Socks, &c., - - - - -	6	90 12 0	
Labourers in Prison Garden and on Prison Works generally, - - - - -	41	462 4 4	
Washing in Laundry, - - - - -	7	211 8 0	
Cooks, - - - - -	5	75 10 0	
Fatigue work, Cleaning, and Messing, - - - - -	19	285 18 0	
Boatmen, - - - - -	6	90 12 0	
	319		2,576 4 4
ROYAL ENGINEER WORKS.			
Labourers, - - - - -	50	755 0 0	
	50		755 0 0
WAR DEPARTMENT (HAULBOWLINE).			
Labourers, - - - - -	9	203 17 0	
	9		203 17 0
ADMIRALTY WORKS.			
Stonecutters, - - - - -	32	1,288 10 8	
Do. beginners, - - - - -	15	302 0 0	
Carpenters, - - - - -	4	161 1 4	
Do. beginners, - - - - -	2	45 6 0	
Smiths, - - - - -	2	80 10 8	
Do. beginners, - - - - -	10	238 10 0	
Labourers, Quarrymen, &c., - - - - -	137	2,708 5 4	
Picking oakum (on wet days), - - - - -	9	33 19 6	
Do. (Invalids), - - - - -	14	17 12 4	
	225		4,913 15 10
Total, - - - - -	403		8,448 17 2

Daily average number employed, - - - - - 403

" " not employed (in cells and hospital), - - - - - 27

Total daily average, - - - - - 430

RETURN showing the CRIMES of 416 CONVICTS in CUSTODY, 31st March, 1880.

Murder, - - - - -	12	Unlawful assembly, and breaking into habitation, - - - - -	2
Shooting at with intent to murder, - - - - -	7	Highway robbery, - - - - -	2
Attempting to kill and murder one Owen McFadden, - - - - -	1	Burglary and robbery, and previous conviction, - - - - -	36
Manslaughter, - - - - -	44	Robbery, - - - - -	6
Stabbing, cutting, and wounding, - - - - -	6	Housebreaking and robbery, - - - - -	36
Felonious, grievous, malicious, and other assaults, - - - - -	14	Felony and previous conviction, - - - - -	8
Assault and robbery, - - - - -	14	Sending threatening letter, - - - - -	1
Assault with intent to rob, - - - - -	6	Stenking Post letters, - - - - -	1
Demanding money with menaces, - - - - -	1	Rape, - - - - -	15
Assaulting dwelling-house, - - - - -	1	Forgery, - - - - -	2
Unlawful assembly, breaking into habitation, and carrying away arms, - - - - -	1	Uttering forged Post Office Orders, for money, - - - - -	1
		Embezzlement, - - - - -	1

RETURN showing the Crimes of 416 Convicts in Custody, 31st March, 1890—
continued.

SPRING
ISLAND
CONVICT
PRISON.

Sacrilege, - - - -	1	Buggery, - - - -	1	<i>Governor's Report.</i>
Stealing from the person, -	42	Carnal knowledge of females under 12 years, - - - -	2	
Larceny and previous conviction, -	98	Bigamy, - - - -	2	
Cattle stealing, - - - -	6	Abduction, - - - -	1	
Horse stealing, - - - -	6	Arson and attempt at arson, -	9	
Sheep stealing, - - - -	6	Military offences, - - - -	4	
Receiving stolen goods, - - -	12	Malicious injury, - - - -	2	
Obtaining goods and money by means of false pretences, -	4			
Having base coin in possession, -	4	Total, - - - -	416	

RETURN showing the SENTENCES and the AGES on CONVICTION of 416 CONVICTS
in CUSTODY, 31st March, 1890.

SENTENCES.			
Five Years' Penal Servitude,	143	Life penal servitude,	28
Seven " " "	152	Life transportation,	2
Eight " " "	1		
Ten " " "	49		
Twelve, " " "	1		
Fourteen " " "	15		
Fifteen " " "	11		
Twenty " " "	16		
	386		28

Total, 416.

AGES ON CONVICTION.

Under Twenty Years, - - -	35	Fifty and under Sixty, - - -	23
Twenty and under Twenty-five, -	101	Sixty and under Seventy, - -	9
Twenty-five and under Thirty, -	69	Seventy and under Eighty, -	3
Thirty and under Thirty-five, -	57	Eighty and under Ninety, - -	2
Thirty-five and under Forty, -	57		
Forty and under Fifty, - - -	60	Total, - - - -	416

RETURN showing the NUMBER of CONVICTS in CUSTODY, committed and disposed
of during the Year ended 31st March, 1890.

COMMITTED.		HOW DISPOSED OF.	
1st April, 1879—		31st March, 1890—	
In custody, - - - -	486	Remains in custody, - - -	416
Committed from—		Removed during the year to—	
Mountjoy Male Prison, - - -	108	Mountjoy for Lusk, - - -	27
Cork Male Prison, - - - -	13	Mountjoy, - - - -	4
Maryboro' Prison, - - - -	9	Cork Male Prison, - - -	21
Dundrum Lunatic Asylum, -	1	Maryboro' Prison, - - -	35
		Dundrum Lunatic Asylum, -	6
		Released on licence, - - -	56
		Released on licence on Medical Grounds, - - - -	5
		Discharged on completion of sentence, - - - -	32
		Discharged on commutation of sentence, - - - -	8
		Died, - - - -	7
Total, - - - -	617	Total, - - - -	617

SPIKE
ISLAND
CONVICT
PRISON.

Governor's
Report.

RETURN by the GOVERNOR, showing how Prisoners have been Employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.			Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.		£	s.	d.	
Gardening.	16	—	16	114 18 4	—	—	—	114 18 4
Tailors.	16	—	16	—	490	15	0	490 15 0
Shoemakers.	7	—	7	—	264	5	0	264 5 0
Carpenters.	8	—	8	—	310	12	4	310 12 4
Bricklayers and Labourers.	109	—	109	—	3,792	12	4	3,792 12 4
Painters and Glaziers.	2	—	2	—	75	10	0	75 10 0
Tinsmiths.	1	—	1	—	30	4	0	30 4 0
Blacksmiths.	14	—	14	—	374	19	8	374 19 8
Pumping water.	6	—	6	—	50	12	0	50 12 0
Service of Prison.	64	—	64	—	513	6	0	513 6 0
Washing clothing and bedding.	7	—	7	—	211	8	0	211 8 0
Repairing bedding and clothing.	6	—	6	—	20	12	0	20 12 0
Cooking.	6	—	6	—	75	10	0	75 10 0
Baking.	6	—	6	—	271	16	0	271 16 0
Boatmen.	6	—	6	—	90	12	0	90 12 0
Stonecutters.	47	—	47	—	1,390	10	8	1,390 10 8
Picking oakum for Admiralty.	23	—	23	—	51	11	10	51 11 10
Sick.	18	—	18	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed.	9	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
Total.	430	—	430	114 18 4	3,226	18	10	3,448 17 2

The tailors make and repair clothing and bedding.

With few exceptions the carpenters, labourers, blacksmiths, and stonecutters worked for other public departments.

RETURN of the several Industrial and 'Trades' pursuits in which Prisoners were employed during the year ended 31st March, 1880, viz. :—

Tailoring.	Repairing beds and socks.
Shoemaking.	Washing in laundry.
Carpentering.	Cooking.
Blacksmith work.	Fatigue work, cleaning and mending.
Nail making.	Boatmen.
Painting.	Stonecutters.
Masonry.	Labourers.
Tinsmith work.	Picking oakum.
Coopering.	

MEMORANDUM—

With reference to the return of punishments, I beg to explain that the total number of punishments shown is 163 less than the number of offences, the difference being made up of 94 cases that were dealt with by stoppage of marks or suspension of classification only, 67 cases that were disposed of by admonitions, and two tried by civil power.

Of the 261 individual prisoners shown as punished, many were punished several times during the year.

All dietary punishments, except stoppage of snappers of which there were 58 cases during the year, have been carried out in the punishment light cells; the 32 cases entered under heading "Punishment cells," comprise 12 who were placed in dark refractory cells at Spike Island prison and 20 who were committed to punishment, dark and light cells at Cork and Maryborough.

There were only 94 cases of deprivation of marks where no other punishments were ordered, and the remainder of the 338 cases of deprivation of marks shown were in addition to the dietary punishments.

The Chairman,
General Prisons Board,

PETER HAY, Governor.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT.

Spike Island Convict Prison,
30th April, 1880SPIKE
ISLAND
CONVICT
PRISON.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit the annual report on the state of health of the officers and prisoners, and on the general sanitary condition of this prison, with the usual medical statistics for the year ended 31st March last.

Medical
Officer's
Report.

During the year there were 55 warders treated in hospital, chiefly for ailments incidental to the nature of their duties; there was one death, and three were discharged the service on medical grounds.

There were 131 convicts received into this prison during the year, 12 of whom being found delinquent received necessary treatment, and were placed at such labour as best suited the conditions of their health.

During the year there were 195 prisoners admitted into hospital, principally for such diseases as are usually to be met with amongst labourers and persons employed at out-door work, such as bronchitis, diarrhoea, typhus, simple continued fever, wounds and contusions, debility, and rheumatism, 7 deaths occurred.

There were 6 convicts transferred to Dundrum Criminal Lunatic Asylum, of whom 4 were mentally affected on reception here, in the other 2 cases there was no record of any previous mental ailment.

During the year there were 5 convicts released from prison on medical grounds, 4 of whom were found to be delinquent, and 1 in good health when received into this prison.

In the month of April typhus fever prevailed in the prison, 30 convicts and 3 warders having been attacked; the type being of an aggravated character in many of the cases. Three prisoners and 1 warder succumbed to that disease. Careful inquiry led me to conclude that the appearance of the disease could be attributed only to atmospheric influences.

In other respects the general sanitary state of the prison was satisfactory, there was an abundant supply of good water, the dietaries were wholesome and sufficient, the bedding and clothing comfortable, the ventilation good, and the labour was well regulated and exercised no unfavourable influence on the health of the prisoners.

The Governor and the other officers of the prison invariably rendered me every assistance in their power, and promptly carried out any suggestions I found it necessary to make for the welfare of the prisoners. The Resident Apothecary performed his duties in an efficient and zealous manner.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

P. O'KEEFE, M.D., Medical Officer.

The Chairman General Prisons Board,
Dublin Castle.

MEDICAL STATISTICS for the Year ended 31st March, 1880.

Medical
Statistics.

Number of sick in hospital on the 1st April, 1879, -	-	-	-	24
„ admitted during the year, -	-	-	-	195
Total, -	-	-	-	219
Of these were discharged from hospital, -	-	-	-	190
Died during the year, -	-	-	-	7
Remaining in hospital on the 1st April, 1880, -	-	-	-	13
Total, -	-	-	-	219

I 2

SPRUE	Daily average number of sick treated in hospital during the year, -	17
ISLAND	Number of externs treated during the year, -	12,548
CONVICT	Daily average number of externs treated during the year, -	28.9
PRISON.	Number of Prisoners released from Prison on medical grounds, -	5
	Number of Prisoners transferred to Dundrum Criminal Lunatic Asylum, -	6
<i>Medical</i>	Number of Prisoners who died during the year, -	7
<i>Statistics.</i>	Number of Warders treated in hospital during the year, -	23
	Number of Warders who died during the year, -	1
	Number of Warders discharged the service on medical grounds, -	3

Number of DISEASES treated in Hospital during the Year.

Typhus Fever, -	-	30	Heart disease, -	-	3
Simple continued fever, -	-	15	Abscess, -	-	4
Phthisis, -	-	2	Wounds and contusions, -	-	11
Bronchitis, -	-	37	Ophthalmia, -	-	2
Pneumonia, -	-	2	Tonsillitis, -	-	2
Asthma, -	-	2	Hæmorrhoids, -	-	1
Hæmoptysis, -	-	2	Syncope, -	-	1
Humatemesis, -	-	3	Ulcer, -	-	2
Liver disease, -	-	2	Herpeszoster, -	-	2
Ascites, -	-	1	Pericostitis, -	-	1
Scrofula, -	-	2	Bursitis, -	-	1
Rheumatism, -	-	6	Dyspepsia, -	-	4
Diarrhoea, -	-	25	Insanity, -	-	1
Colic, -	-	2	Epilepsy, -	-	2
Constipation, -	-	7	Observation, -	-	9
Debility, -	-	10			
Bronchial Catarrh, -	-	1	Total, -	-	195

MORTALITY TABLE.

Register Number.	Initials of Name.	Date of Admission into Hospital.	Date of Death.	Cause of Death.
14,269	J. G.	22nd Mar., 1879,	3rd April, 1879,	Suppression of urine, old age, and debility.
14,608	P. C.	29th Sept., 1878,	13th " "	Heart disease.
14,803	M. A.	5th Apr., 1879,	16th " "	Typhus fever.
14,686	J. N.	14th " "	17th " "	" "
14,481	J. H.	8th " "	21st " "	" "
14,060	P. M.	12th July, 1878,	13th May, "	Old age and debility.
14,447	J. S.	14th " 1879,	17th Feb., 1880,	Heart disease.

A List of PRISONERS released from PRISON on MEDICAL GROUNDS.

Register No.	Initials of Name.	Date of reception at Spike Island.	State of Health on reception.	Disease under which each Prisoner suffered.
14,681	D.O.S.	7 June, 1878,	Delicate, .	Asthma and chronic bronchitis.
14,660	J.S.	6 Mar., "	do., .	Liver disease and dropsy.
14,768	J.P.	10 Dec., "	Good, .	Pulmonary consumption.
14,833	J.W.	22 Nov., 1877,	do., .	Heart disease.
14,740	D.K.	7 Nov., 1878,	Delicate, .	do.

LIST of PRISONERS transferred to DUNDUM CRIMINAL LUNATIC ASYLUM during the Year.

SPIKE
ISLAND
CONVICT
PRISON.

Medical
Statistics.

Register No.	Initials of Name.	Date of reception at Spike Island Prison.	Where convicted.	Crime.	Date of transfer to Dundrum Criminal Lunatic Asylum.
14,383	P. K.	5th May, 76,	Galway, .	Assault, causing grievous bodily harm.	25 June, 1879.
14,581	T. K.	8th Aug., 77,	Wexford, .	Larceny, . . .	" "
14,810	J. G.	7th Mar., 79,	Tipperary,	Arson, . . .	" "
14,308	J. P.	7th Apr., 78,	Wicklow, .	Sheep-stealing and robbing Roman Catholic Chapel.	26 Sept., "
14,752	P. D.	22nd Nov. 78,	Belfast, .	Breaking, entering, and robbing a dwelling-house.	" "
A19	F. B.	24th June, 79,	Trim, .	Shooting with intent to maim.	20 Nov., "

PROTESTANT CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Spike Island Government Prison,
April 29th, 1880.Protestant
Chaplain's
Report.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit to you my report for the year ending 31st March, 1880.

Within the year Divine Service was celebrated 56 times; Lord's Supper administered five times; prisoners catechised 55 times; hospital visited 171 times; and cells 166.

I feel thankful to say that throughout the year nothing prevented the duties being regularly performed, and that I can still report favourably as to the general conduct and bearing of the prisoners under my charge, who have been at all times, with hardly an exception, most respectful and attentive, especially on Sunday. I availed myself also of all the holidays set apart by the prison for imparting religious instruction, and have been much gratified at seeing how greatly prized were the large supply of excellent books provided for their perusal.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

T. G. BOURNIE, Protestant Chaplain.

The Chairman, General Prisons Board,
Dublin Castle.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Spike Island, 3rd of May, 1880.

Roman
Catholic
Chaplain's
Report.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit to you my report for the year ending 31st March, 1880. In doing so I beg to state that the several duties prescribed for the Roman Catholic Chaplains were duly discharged during the year. No efforts were spared on the part of my rev. assistant and myself for the reformation of the prisoners under our spiritual care. Yet I regret that our labours for that object were to a great extent impeded by the contaminating association of the prisoners here. We had not only to encounter the evils resulting from their association on the public works, and in their going and returning daily from them, but also from the more pernicious consequences of their

SPIKE
ISLAND
CONVICT
PRISON.

*Roman
Catholic
Chaplain's
Report.*

more close associations within the prison at night, in consequence of their imperfect and insufficient separation in the prison cells. The baneful effects of these evils are proved by the obstinate neglect of very many of the prisoners to comply with their religious duties, as well as by the numerous punishments which were obliged to be had recourse to during the year for prison offences. Although the number of prisoners here is reduced to 419, there are 22 of them at present in the penal and punishment cells. I am confident that the evils I have described would in a great measure be prevented if the prison wards were reconstructed into walled-in prison cells, as in Mountjoy Prison and in the county gaols.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your very obedient servant,

The Chairman, General Prisons Board, T. F. LYONS, R.C. Chaplain.
Dublin Castle.

*Assistant
Roman
Catholic
Chaplain's
Report.*

ASSISTANT ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Spike Island, April, 1880.

SIR,—I have the honour to present my report for the year ending March 31st, 1880.

I have great pleasure in being able to state that the religious and moral condition of the Roman Catholic prisoners has been, on the whole, satisfactory.

The great majority have been very attentive to their religious duties, a very considerable number approaching the holy Sacraments, as often as they got the facility of doing so.

I have visited, daily, with few exceptions, the sick in hospital, and those confined in the separate cells, for breaches of prison discipline. I have also said Mass, twice a week for the warders and prisoners. Their conduct in chapel during prayer, Mass, and religious instruction has been as a rule, very edifying.

The new chapel was opened for Divine Service last August, and a supply of new vestments and other requisites for Mass, Benediction, &c., &c., has been granted.

This has enabled us to carry out the services of religion more effectually, and with greater benefit to the community, than heretofore.

Another matter which has produced a most salutary impression on the prisoners, and the good effects of which will I trust be permanent, was the Spiritual Retreat or Mission given last May by two of the Passionist Fathers, when the entire body, with scarcely an exception, gladly availed themselves of the blessings then offered them. It is to be hoped that a similar Retreat may be annually given in future.

Though many evils, necessarily arising from the present system of association still exist, yet I venture to say, that a noticeable improvement has marked the general conduct of the prisoners during the past year.

I have much pleasure in bearing testimony to the efficiency of the officers generally, and commending in a special manner, those superintending the discipline of the prison for the even temper, firmness, and good common sense shown in their dealings with prisoners.

In conclusion, I beg to thank the Governor and all the staff for their courtesy and attention on all occasions.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

The Chairman, General Prisons Board, JOHN O'CONNOR, A.B.C.C.
Dublin Castle.

PRESBYTERIAN CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Spike Island,
30th April, 1880.

SPIKE
ISLAND
CONVICT
PRISON.

SIR,—I beg to present the following report for the year ending the 31st March, 1880. *Presbyterian Chaplain's Report.*

There has not been anything in my sphere of duties during the year calling for especial notice. I have fulfilled the regular duties on Sundays and weekdays, and have visited the sick in hospital, and the misdemeanants in the punishment cells.

The conduct of the prisoners as towards me and my ministrations has been quite satisfactory. The good done among them can only be fully tested, when on liberation they have each again the choice between their old mode of life and a better. Many of them give me the promise more pleasing in their case than in that of the Apostle of old, that I "shall see their face no more." With respect to young criminals, those young in crime, this promise would be much more hopeful if they had been segregated during penal servitude from the old offenders; a precautionary measure which I have seen recommended before, and a preventative so obviously desirable, that I am unable to conceive any adequate reason for not putting it in practice. The only objection I have heard urged against it is, that it would involve considerable expense. But I submit that a little consideration will show that this is a very hollow objection; for the expenditure would abundantly repay itself even in the most sordid view of the question.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your very obedient servant,

W. J. KEVELAND, L.L.D., Presbyterian Chaplain.

The Chairman, General Prison Board for Ireland.

4.—LUSK CONVICT PRISON.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

Lusk Convict Prison,
May, 1880.

LUSK
CONVICT
PRISON.

*Superintendent's
Report.*

SIR,—In compliance with your directions, I beg leave to submit the usual annual report for the year ending 31st March, 1880. On the 1st April, 1879, the number of convicts at Lusk was 70. Received during the year, 61, making a total of 131 convicts for the year. They have been disposed of as follows—90 have been released on licence, 1 on completion of sentence, 7 have been removed to the Mountjoy Prison Hospital, five have been removed for misconduct, and 1 absconded, leaving in custody at Lusk on the 31st March 27 convicts. The daily average number has been 39.7 for the year. The officers continue to discharge their duties very efficiently. One first class warder retired from the service, and one died. Their places have been filled up from the Spike Island staff. The chaplains attend to the religious instruction of the convicts as in former years, and they attend school after working hours during the evening as usual. Their conduct and industry have been very satisfactory, and have given very little trouble in their management. The crops on the farm have been, on the whole, very fair. The oats, potatoes, and turnips very good. I regret to have to report loss in cattle and sheep by distemper, but this is not peculiar to this farm, as the farmers about this locality have also suffered from the same. The rules of

Lusk
Convict
Prison,
Superin-
tendent's
Report.

the prison have been complied with, and any infringements have been reported. The school instructor, Mr. Daly, reports very favourably of the progress made by the convicts at school and their willingness to improve and advance themselves in the school classes. Out of 131 convicts that attended school during the year only a very small number could not read or write and they were old men. The usual statistics are forwarded herewith.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

R. GUNNING, Superintendent.

The Chairman,
General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle.

Account showing the value of Productive Labour of Prisoners at Lusk Prison for the year ended 31st March, 1890.

Trades.	Amount.	Observations.
	£ s. d.	
Tailors, - - -	17 12 0	
Shoemakers, - - -	45 7 2	
Carpenters, - - -	84 19 6	
Masons, - - -	10 2 6	Daily average number, - - - 397
Painters, - - -	11 17 6	Less sick, - - - - 6
Smiths, - - -	39 0 0	
Sawyers, - - -	6 13 6	
Cooking and cleaning, -	37 4 0	39.1
	272 16 2	
31.42 prisoners employed at general farm work, for 52 weeks, at 11s. per week, - - -	902 15 7	Average earnings of each effective prisoner, £30 1s. 4d.
Total, - - -	1,175 11 9	

Return showing the Number of Convicts in custody during the year ended 1st March, 1890, and how they have been disposed of.

In custody 1st April, 1879, - - -	70
Returned from Mountjoy Male Prison Hospital, - - -	1
Received from Mountjoy Male Convict Prison, - - -	3
" from Spike Island via Mountjoy, - - -	28
" from Cork County Prison via Mountjoy, - - -	15
" from Maryborough Prison via Mountjoy, - - -	16
Total, - - -	131
Released on licence, - - -	90
Discharged on completion of sentence, - - -	1
Removed to Mountjoy Male Prison Hospital, - - -	7
" " Misconduct, - - -	5
Absconded, - - -	1
Remaining in custody, 31st March, 1890, - - -	27
Total, - - -	131
Daily average number in custody, - - -	397

REVENUE showing the Proportion of Sick and Deaths to the number of Prisoners in this Prison for the year ended 31st March, 1880.

LUSH
CONVICT
PRISON.

Daily Average No. of Prisoners.	Daily Average No. of Sick.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage on Prison Population.	Superintendent's Report.
39.7	0.6	-	-	

SENTENCES of 60 Convicts received in the Prison during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

5 years' penal servitude,	-	-	-	-	32
7 " "	-	-	-	-	23
10 " "	-	-	-	-	4
14 " "	-	-	-	-	1
Total,	-	-	-	-	60

AGES of 60 Convicts received during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

20 years and under 30,	-	-	-	-	23
30 " " 40,	-	-	-	-	23
40 " " 50,	-	-	-	-	10
50 " " 60,	-	-	-	-	2
60 years and upwards,	-	-	-	-	2
Total,	-	-	-	-	60

CRIMES of 60 Convicts received during the year ended 31st March, 1880.

Arson,	-	-	-	-	1
Assault, actual bodily harm,	-	-	-	-	1
" felonious,	-	-	-	-	2
" and robbery,	-	-	-	-	2
Assaulting dwelling-house,	-	-	-	-	1
Bigamy,	-	-	-	-	1
Burglary,	-	-	-	-	1
" and felony,	-	-	-	-	1
" and felony of several articles of plate,	-	-	-	-	1
" and previous conviction,	-	-	-	-	1
" and robbery,	-	-	-	-	2
Embezzlement,	-	-	-	-	1
Entering a building with intent to commit a felony, and previous conviction for felony,	-	-	-	-	1
Feloniously shooting at and wounding with intent to murder,	-	-	-	-	1
Homicide,	-	-	-	-	1
Horse stealing and former conviction,	-	-	-	-	1
Larceny,	-	-	-	-	10
" from person,	-	-	-	-	3
" from the person with violence,	-	-	-	-	1
" of cattle,	-	-	-	-	2
" and former conviction,	-	-	-	-	10
" and subsequent felony,	-	-	-	-	1
Manslaughter,	-	-	-	-	1
Malicious injury,	-	-	-	-	1
Obtaining goods, &c., by false pretences,	-	-	-	-	2
Robbery,	-	-	-	-	1
Receiving,	-	-	-	-	1
" and previous conviction,	-	-	-	-	2
Sheep stealing,	-	-	-	-	2
" and previous conviction,	-	-	-	-	1
Stealing spoons,	-	-	-	-	1
" a coat and former conviction,	-	-	-	-	1
" gages and former conviction,	-	-	-	-	1
Total,	-	-	-	-	60

Lusk
Convict
Prison.Reported Previous Convictions of 60 Convicts received during the year ended
31st March, 1880.Superintendent's
Report.

Not reported to have been previously convicted, -	Ten times, -	1
Once, -	Eleven	2
Twice, -	Fourteen	1
Three times, -	Sixteen	1
Four	Nineteen	1
Six	Twenty-two	2
Seven	Thirty	1
Eight	Forty-four	1
Nine	Total, -	60

Of the above 24 were convicted in Dublin.

RETURN by the Governor showing how Prisoners have been Employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, and the Earnings of those engaged in such Employment; also showing the average daily number of Unemployed from Sickness and other reasons.

Description of Employment.	Daily Average Number of Prisoners employed, unemployed, &c.			Net Profit on Work done by Prisoners.	Estimated Value of the Work done for the Prison.		Total.
	Males.	Females.	Total.		£	s. d.	
Tailors,	0.56	—	0.56	—	—	—	17 12 6
Shoemakers,	1.45	—	1.45	—	—	—	48 7 3
Carpenters,	1.79	—	1.79	—	—	—	84 10 5
Bricklayers and Labourers,	0.26	—	0.26	—	—	—	10 2 6
Painters and Glaziers,	0.34	—	0.34	—	—	—	11 17 6
Blacksmiths,	1.00	—	1.00	—	—	—	36 0 0
Service of Prison,	2.00	—	2.00	—	—	—	37 4 0
Sawyers,	0.17	—	0.17	—	—	—	6 12 6
General farm work,	31.42	—	31.42	—	—	—	942 15 7
Sick,	0.00	—	0.00	—	—	—	—
Total,	39.7	—	39.7	—	—	—	1,176 11 9

RETURN of the several Industrial and Trades' pursuits in which Prisoners were employed during the year ending 31st March, 1880, viz. :—

Tailors, -	-	Repairing prisoners' clothing.
Shoemakers, -	-	navy boots, &c.
Carpenters, -	-	Making carts, general repairs of out-offices, farm implements, &c.
Bricklayers or Masons, -	-	Repairing walls of stables, cow-houses, &c.
Painters, -	-	Painting out-offices, farm implements, carts, &c.
Smiths, -	-	Repairing ploughs, plough irons, farm implements, &c.
Service of Prison, -	-	Cooking, cleaning prison huts, stores, &c.
Sawyers, -	-	Sawing timber for carpenters' use.
Labourers, -	-	General farm works, ploughing, digging, mowing, reaping, &c.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT.

Lusk Prison, 1st June, 1880.

Sir,—I have the honour of submitting a report of the sanitary condition of this prison during the year ending 31st March, 1880.

Medical
Officer's
Report.

During that period we had no death, nor indeed any case of serious illness. The health of the officers and prisoners was excellent.

I visited the Mountjoy prisons, in consultation with their medical officer, whenever called upon to do so.

Lusk
Convict
Prison.

Medical
Officer's
Report.

I have the honour to be your obedient servant,

F. J. B. QUINLAN, M.D., F.R.C.P.,

Medical Superintendent.

To the Chairman General Prisons Board.

PROTESTANT CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Protestant
Chaplain's
Report.

Lusk, May 11, 1880.

SIR,—Throughout the year 1879, the prisoners, while under my spiritual charge, behaved themselves satisfactorily, and evidenced an anxious desire to profit by the religious teaching during my week-day visits. They also expressed on several occasions to me a hope that after leaving the Lusk Intermediate Prison, they would be enabled, with God's help, to prove by their conduct that the instruction imparted to them was not in vain. During Divine Service in church on Sundays, and such holidays as they attended, their conduct and attention have been very creditable. The superintendent and other officers have been untiring in their zeal and exertions, as far as I could judge, for the good of the prisoners, and to the carrying out faithfully and firmly the orders of those in authority.

I remain, Sir, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM BRENNAN, M.A., Protestant Chaplain.

The Chairman, General Prisons Board,
Dublin Castle.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Roman
Catholic
Chaplain's
Report.

Lusk Intermediate Prison.

SIR,—I have the great pleasure of reporting most favourably of the Lusk Intermediate Prison.

As far as I had opportunities of judging, the management of the establishment has been carried out in such a manner as to reflect the highest credit on the excellent superintendent, Mr. Gunning, and the other zealous and efficient officers.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

NICHOLAS O'FARRELL,

Roman Catholic Chaplain.

To the Chairman General Prisons Board.

TABLE I.—RETURN showing the PROPORTION of SICK and DEATHS to the Number of Convicts, in the Irish Convict Prisons for the years 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, and 1859.

	1854.						1855.					
	Spike Island and Phillipstown.	Cork and Grangegorman.	Newgate and Smithfield.	Mountjoy.	Totals, 1854.		Spike Island and Phillipstown.	Cork and Grangegorman.	Newgate and Smithfield.	Mountjoy.	Totals, 1855.	
No. of Convicts, .	2,290	339	556	448	3,633		1,777	488	430	452	3,147	
Average daily No. of Sick, .	276	25	46	21	368		203	36	65	17	321	
No. of Deaths, .	241	6	33	9	289		101	8	51	9	149	
Per - centage of Deaths on prison population, .	10.5	1.6	5.9	2	8		5.7	1.6	7.2	2	4.7	
	1856.						1857.					
	Spike Island and Phillipstown.	Cork and Grangegorman.	Newgate and Smithfield.	Mountjoy.	Totals, 1856.		Spike Island and Phillipstown.	Cork, Grangegorman, and Newgate.	Smithfield and Luck.	Mountjoy.	Totals, 1857.	
No. of Convicts, .	1,619	613	199	421	2,852		1,329	686	70	357	2,442	
Average daily No. of Sick, .	101	42	35	16	194		67	57	6	16	126	
No. of Deaths, .	35	11	5	3	54		34	6	2	3	45	
Per - centage of Deaths on prison population, .	2.1	1.8	2.5	.7	1.9		2.6	.	2.9	.6	1.8	
	1858.						1859.					
	Spike Island and Phillipstown.	Female Prison.	Smithfield and Luck.	Mountjoy Male.	Totals, 1858.		Spike Island and Phillipstown.	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Luck.	Mountjoy Male.	Totals, 1859.	
No. of Convicts, .	1,003	593	97	320	2,013		837	464	99	293	1,693	
Average daily No. of Sick, .	41	41	4	12	88		32	14	3	13	62	
No. of Deaths, .	16	13	2	3	33		11	3	.	1	15	
Per - centage of Deaths on prison population, .	1.6	2	3.6	0.9	1.6		1.3	0.6	.	0.3	0.9	

RETURN showing the PROPORTION of SICK and DEATHS to the Number of Convicts in the Irish Convict Prisons for the years 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, and 1865.

	1860.					1861.				
	Spilke Island and Phillipstown	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1860.	Spilke Island and Phillipstown	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1861.
No. of Convicts, .	788	423	105	251	1,567	676	394	94	205	1,369
Average daily No. of Sick, .	23	17	4	11	54	15	20	4	11	50
No. of Deaths, .	3	11	—	1	15	1	6	1	3	11
Per - centage of Deaths on Prison population, .	·3	2·6	—	·4	·96	·1	1·5	1·1	1·5	·80
	1862.					1863.				
	Spilke Island and Phillipstown*	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1862.	Spilke Island	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1863.
No. of Convicts, .	708	416	79	316	1,519	703	469	75	370	1,617
Average daily No. of Sick, .	14	27	4	17	62	9	26	4	17	56
No. of Deaths, .	8	10	—	5	23	10	4	—	5	19
Per - centage of Deaths on Prison population, .	1·1	2·4	—	1·5	1·5	1·4	·8	—	1·3	1·1
	1864.					1865.				
	Spilke Island	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1864.	Spilke Island	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1865.
No. of Convicts, .	918	499	99	290	1,806	901	486	165	221	1,713
Average daily No. of Sick, .	8	30	8	16	62	8	28	5	19	60
No. of Deaths, .	7	13	2	10	32	10	10	2	2	24
Per - centage of Deaths on Prison population, .	·7	2·6	2·0	3·4	1·7	1·1	·2	1·9	·9	1·4

* Phillipstown Prison was closed on the 31st March, 1865.

RETURN showing the PROPORTION of SICK and DEATHS to the Number of Convicts in the Irish Convict Prisons for the years 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, and 1870.

1866.

	Spike Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1866.
No. of Convicts,	789	462	96	191	1,548
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	12	23	3	10	48
No. of Deaths,	12	5	—	6	23
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1.5	1.	—	3.1	1.4

1867.

	Spike Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1867.
No. of Convicts,	722	426	80	150	1,387
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	12	24	3	8	47
No. of Deaths,	9	3	—	1	13
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1.2	.7	—	.6	.9

1868.

	Spike Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1868.
No. of Convicts,	696	409	74	154	1,333
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	12	24	3	3	42
No. of Deaths,	8	5	—	1	14
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1.1	1.2	—	.6	.1

1869.

	Spike Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Smithfield* and Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1869.
No. of Convicts,	682	388	81	144	1,296
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	12	22	3	3	40
No. of Deaths,	3	7	—	1	11
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population, . . . . .	.4	1.7	—	.6	.8

1870.

	Spike Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1870.
No. of Convicts,	675	340	61	157	1,233
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	15	19	.6	.4	36.6
No. of Deaths,	2	6	1	—	9
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population, . . . . .	.2	1.7	1.5	—	.7

* Smithfield Prison was closed and the Prisoners transferred to Lusk on 16th June, 1869.

RETURN showing the PROPORTION of SICK and DEATHS to the Number of Convicts in the Irish Convict Prisons for the years 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, and 1875.

1871.

—	Spilke Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1871.
No. of Convicts,	604	333	61	135	1,233
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	11	22	2	3	36.2
No. of Deaths,	4	5	—	1	10
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population, . . . . .	.5	1.4	—	.7	.8

1872.

—	Spilke Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1872.
No. of Convicts,	664	320	57	131	1,172
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	13	15	4	3	31.4
No. of Deaths,	8	5	—	—	13
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1.2	1.6	—	—	1.1

1873.

—	Spilke Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1873.
No. of Convicts,	640	290	45	145	1,120
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	11	13	2	6	30.2
No. of Deaths,	8	5	—	1	14
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1.2	1.6	—	.6	1.2

1874.

—	Spilke Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1874.
No. of Convicts,	664	262	33	154	1,113
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	13	13	4	5	31.4
No. of Deaths,	7	3	—	1	11
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1.0	1.0	—	.6	.9

1875.

—	Spilke Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1875.
No. of Convicts,	670	262	44	133	1,149
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	14	13	5	7	34.5
No. of Deaths,	7	5	—	1	13
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1	1.7	—	.6	1.1

RETURN showing the PROPORTION of SICK and DEATHS to the Number of Convicts in the Irish Convict Prisons for the years 1876, 1877, 1878, and from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

1876.

—	Spilke Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1876.
No. of Convicts,	681	279	42	150	1,152
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	11	13	3	7	31.3
No. of Deaths,	6	5	—	1	10.0
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population, . . . . .	.8	1.0	—	.6	0.9

1877.

—	Spilke Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1877.
No. of Convicts,	669	249	48	167	1,133
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	15	15	4	8	38.4
No. of Deaths,	10	4	—	2	16
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1.5	1.6	—	1.2	1.4

1878.

—	Spilke Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total, 1878.
No. of Convicts,	588	229	32	191	1,036
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	14.5	6	.3	10.5	31.3
No. of Deaths,	6	2	—	3	11
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1	.88	—	1.5	1

From 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

—	Spilke Island.	Mountjoy Female.	Lusk.	Mountjoy Male.	Total.
No. of Convicts,	430	182	40	412	1,064
Average daily No. of Sick, . .	17.76	7.77	0.6	8.45	34.58
No. of Deaths,	7	2	—	—	9
Per-centage of Deaths on prison population,	1.63	1.1	—	—	2.73

R E T U R N

SHOWING

THE NUMBER OF PRISONERS IN EACH CONVICT PRISON

ON THE FIRST DAY IN EACH MONTH DURING THE YEARS 1878-9
AND 1879-80; AND

THE NUMBER OF PRISON OFFENCES AND PUNISHMENTS

DURING THE YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1880.

TABLE II.—NUMBER of PRISONERS in each of the CONVICT PRISONS on the First

Prisons.	1st April, 1878.			1st May, 1878.			1st June, 1878.			1st July, 1878.			1st August, 1878.			1st September, 1878.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Cork (Male), . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	41	-	41	38	-	38
Maryborough, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mountjoy (Male), .	172	-	172	194	-	194	184	-	184	211	-	211	222	-	222	215	-	215
Mountjoy (Female), .	-	233	233	-	233	233	-	226	226	-	226	226	-	233	233	-	226	226
Spike Island, . . .	642	-	642	632	-	632	628	-	626	676	-	676	561	-	561	561	-	561
Lusk,	54	-	54	49	-	49	55	-	55	49	-	49	61	-	61	48	-	48
Total,	848	233	1101	886	233	1119	876	226	1100	840	220	1066	808	232	1067	837	226	1067

Prisons.	1st April, 1879.			1st May, 1879.			1st June, 1879.			1st July, 1879.			1st August, 1879.			1st September, 1879.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Cork (Male), . . .	43	-	43	40	-	40	34	-	34	38	-	38	41	-	41	41	-	41
Maryborough, . . .	37	-	37	46	-	46	41	-	41	49	-	49	58	-	58	56	-	56
Mountjoy (Male), .	165	-	165	156	-	156	183	-	183	169	-	169	177	-	177	173	-	173
Mountjoy (Female), .	-	205	205	-	199	199	-	194	194	-	190	190	-	190	190	-	186	186
Spike Island, . . .	656	-	656	667	-	667	661	-	661	640	-	640	625	-	625	624	-	624
Lusk,	70	-	70	66	-	66	61	-	61	48	-	48	57	-	57	38	-	38
Total,	862	202	1064	804	199	1003	786	184	970	768	190	938	741	180	931	732	186	918

TABLE III.—RETURN of PRISON OFFENCES and PUNISHMENTS in

PRISON	Total Number of Prisoners during the Year.	Corporal Punishment.	Loss or Handcuffs.	Prison Punishments.		Total number of Prisoners Punished.
				Punishment Cells.	Dietary Punishment.	
Mountjoy Male Convict Prison,	412	1	12	101	18	117
Mountjoy Female Convict Prison,	182	-	10†	29	37	33
Spike Island Convict Prison,*	619	-	26	32	633	261
Lusk Convict Prison,	131	-	-	-	-	3†
Totals 1879-80,	1,244	1	54	162	673	451

* Removed to Mountjoy.

† Restrained.

Day in each Month during the Years ended 31st March, 1879 and 1880.

1st October, 1878.			1st November, 1878.			1st December, 1878.			1st January, 1879.			1st February, 1879.			1st March, 1879.			Prisons.
M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	
34	-	34	40	-	40	42	-	42	35	-	35	35	-	35	34	-	34	Cork (Male).
46	-	46	44	-	44	41	-	41	34	-	34	33	-	33	42	-	42	Maryborough.
150	-	150	156	-	156	190	-	190	178	-	178	175	-	175	171	-	171	Mountjoy (Male).
-	223	223	-	213	213	-	210	210	-	212	212	-	205	205	-	205	205	Mountjoy (Female).
518	-	518	504	-	504	505	-	505	514	-	514	500	-	500	487	-	487	Spike Island.
48	-	48	44	-	44	44	-	44	56	-	56	50	-	50	64	-	64	Lusk.
841	223	1064	878	213	1091	829	210	1039	810	212	1022	806	205	1011	800	205	1005	Total.

1st October, 1879.			1st November, 1879.			1st December, 1879.			1st January, 1880.			1st February, 1880.			1st March, 1880.			Prisons.
M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	
34	-	34	38	-	38	35	-	35	34	-	34	35	-	35	31	-	31	Cork (Male).
35	-	35	34	-	34	30	-	30	45	-	45	40	-	40	46	-	46	Maryborough.
103	-	103	107	-	107	160	-	160	156	-	156	155	-	155	201	-	201	Mountjoy (Male).
-	177	177	-	179	179	-	180	180	-	177	177	-	172	172	-	163	167	Mountjoy (Female).
422	-	422	414	-	414	416	-	416	419	-	419	417	-	417	410	-	410	Spike Island.
34	-	34	33	-	33	30	-	30	20	-	20	30	-	30	25	-	25	Lusk.
714	177	891	706	179	885	714	180	894	716	177	893	725	172	897	722	167	889	Total.

CONVICT PRISONS from 1st April, 1879, to 31st March, 1880.

PRISON OFFENCES.						Prison.
Violence.	Escapes and attempts to Escape.	Idleness.	Other breaches of Regulations.	Total Offences.	Deprivation of Marks or Stages.	
17	-	18	116	151	17	Mountjoy Male Convict Prison.
8	-	1	54	103	7	Mountjoy Female Convict Prison.
84	1	22	737	844	338	Spike Island Convict Prison*.
-	1	1	4	6	-	Lusk Convict Prison.
109	2	42	911	1,164	362	Totals 1879-80.

† Inclusive of Convicts at Cork and Maryborough Prisons.

C.—REGISTRATION OF CRIMINALS.

I.—RETURN of the Number of Criminals sentenced to Police Supervision during each of the following years:—

Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.
*1870,	-	-	-	1876,	- 30	7	37
1871,	- 4	2	6	1877,	- 29	8	37
1872,	- 66	32	98	1878,	- 41	8	49
1873,	- 46	26	72	1879,	- 43	9	52
1874,	- 50	15	65				
1875,	- 34	19	53	Total,	343	126	469

* No record kept.

II.—RETURN of Criminals discharged from Prison in each of the following years, and subject to Police Supervision:—

Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1870,	- 4	6	10	1876,	- 61	29	90
1871,	- 54	33	90	1877,	- 48	25	73
1872,	- 63	33	96	1878,	- 25	12	37
1873,	- 40	20	60	1879,	- 43	10	53
1874,	- 34	14	48				
1875,	- 34	13	47	Total,	406	198	604

III.—RETURN of Licence Holders discharged from Prison during each of the following years:—

Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1870,	- 141	64	205	1876,	- 104	50	154
1871,	- 151	72	223	1877,	- 117	60	177
1872,	- 137	58	195	1878,	- 149	62	211
1873,	- 134	56	190	1879,	- 185	48	233
1874,	- 106	68	174				
1875,	- 133	64	197	Total,	1,357	602	1,959

IV.—RETURN of Convicts discharged from Prison on completion or commutation of their sentences during each of the following years:—

Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1870,	- 23	20	43	1876,	- 29	12	41
1871,	- 18	24	42	1877,	- 48	18	66
1872,	- 35	25	60	1878,	- 54	15	69
1873,	- 37	23	60	1879,	- 53	19	72
1874,	- 42	13	55				
1875,	- 27	14	41	Total,	371	183	554

V.—RETURN of Licence Holders discharged during each of the following years, subject to Police Supervision on expiration of Licence:—

Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1870,	-	-	-	1876,	- 33	18	51
1871,	-	-	-	1877,	- 24	12	36
1872,	-	-	-	1878,	- 14	9	23
1873,	-	-	-	1879,	- 13	6	19
1874,	- 2	1	3				
1875,	- 6	3	9	Total,	92	49	141

VI.—RETURN of Convicts discharged on expiration of sentence during each of the following years, and subject to Police Supervision :—

Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Year.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1870,	-	-	-	1876,	- 2	-	2
1871,	-	-	-	1877,	- 7	4	11
1872,	-	-	-	1878,	- 2	-	2
1873,	-	-	-	1879,	- 5	1	6
1874,	-	-	-				
1875,	-	-	-	Total,	- 16	5	21

VII.—RETURN showing the number of queries as to Prisoners in Custody awaiting Trial, received from Prisons and Police during each of the following years, and showing the per-centage known :—

YEAR.	Queries received from		Per-centage known.	
	Prisons.	Police.	Prisons.	Police.
1870a,	-	-	-	-
1871b,	-	47	31·9	15·
1872,	-	99	36·36	35·
1873,	-	151	37·08	46·
1874,	-	133	40·6	38·09
1875,	-	164	33·54	15·62
1876,	-	130	26·15	8·
1877,	-	92	19·56	29·
1878,	-	73	26·	25·
1879,	-	57	21·	8·6

a. No record kept.
b. Commencing August, 1871.

VIII.—RETURN showing the number of habitual criminals registered in :—

Year.	No.	Year.	No.
1870,	907	1876,	964
1871,	1,058	1877,	609
1872,	840	1878,	272
1873,	1,118	1879,	305
1874,	1,062		
1875,	986	Total,	8,121

D.—EXPENDITURE—CONVICT AND LOCAL

RETURN showing the Expenditure under each Head

HEADS OF SERVICE.	TOTAL EXPENSES.	Mountjoy, Male.	Mountjoy, Female.	Lusk.
Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells),	—	412	182	397
COST OF STAFF.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.	66,191 2 10	4,615 17 1	4,454 0 2	963 8 6
MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS.				
Victualling for prisoners,	27,329 8 1	2,971 19 2	2,650 14 8	597 10 9
Medicines, surgical instruments, &c.,	1,020 8 6	43 8 10	55 16 0	18 8 4
Soap, scouring and cleaning articles,	1,480 9 5	150 10 7	204 2 5	13 17 6
Clothing for prisoners,	8,564 9 2	1,040 11 11	600 0 2	371 13 4
Fuel, light, and water,	14,092 18 3	1,534 18 11	1,351 18 3	89 18 1
Total expenses of Maintenance,	52,387 8 5	5,771 10 5	4,863 11 1	1,091 3 11
OTHER EXPENSES.				
Bedding for prisoners,	1,826 11 2	200 8 9	*475 18 3	5 0 1
Gratuities to prisoners,	2,840 16 3	129 11 0	544 12 4	667 17 5
Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c.,	11,843 8 4	1,242 15 8	792 5 4	82 9 3
Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c.,	325 8 10	39 18 0	88 12 10	2 0 9
Rent,	478 0 11	21 0 0	3 2 0	—
Incidental expenses,	2,708 5 7	190 18 5	160 14 9	49 16 3
			1,540 6 8	
			475 18 3	
Total of Other Expenses,	18,328 1 1	1,890 1 7	1,964 8 8	800 8 9
Gross Total Expenses,	131,611 18 4	12,217 9 1	10,390 18 6	2,893 16 2
HEADS OF SERVICE.	Carriek-an-Shannon.	Castlebar.	Cavan.	Clonmel.
Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells),	12	37	17	102
COST OF STAFF.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.	489 9 8	1,011 13 10	555 10 9	1,455 10 3
MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS.				
Victualling for prisoners,	72 7 10	168 4 10	92 1 1	680 17 6
Medicines, surgical instruments, &c.,	4 8 1	0 0 0	18 8 8	33 17 4
Soap, scouring and cleaning articles,	5 11 2	8 1 6	0 11 6	34 15 0
Clothing for prisoners,	7 12 9	89 11 7	46 6 10	185 0 4
Fuel, light, and water,	82 7 6	89 3 9	153 19 9	863 16 4
Total expenses of Maintenance,	172 7 4	366 2 2	324 7 10	1,368 0 6
OTHER EXPENSES.				
Bedding for prisoners,	97 8 0	0 17 2	0 15 0	59 10 5
Gratuities to prisoners,	0 19 2	7 8 2	0 10 8	45 18 9
Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c.,	60 19 5	83 15 8	88 14 1	220 11 9
Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c.,	1 8 1	8 0 8	0 13 9	4 1 10
Rent,	—	—	37 17 2	—
Incidental expenses,	14 2 3	26 4 9	8 10 0	59 1 11
Total of Other Expenses,	104 16 11	75 18 10	86 9 8	339 4 3
Gross Total Expenses,	760 13 11	1,442 14 10	957 10 3	3,162 1 5

* NOTE.—Mountjoy Female Prison supplied bedding from his store during the year to other during the year was £395 11s. 1d. There is thus a credit in favour of Mountjoy Female Prison

PRISONS (inclusive of Bridewells).

of Service, in the year ended 31st March, 1889.

Spike Island.	Armagh.	Belfast.	Carlow.	HEADS OF SERVICE.
430	77	435	6	Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells).
£ s. d. 19,141 4 0	£ s. d. 1,113 6 4	£ s. d. 2,703 4 4	£ s. d. 362 17 2	COST OF STAFF. Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.
4,370 4 11 82 13 0 131 2 6 1,353 15 7 960 12 7	412 12 7 77 4 6 25 16 0 136 17 7 175 10 0	2,186 3 4 14 13 0 100 12 10 306 9 11 164 11 0	47 2 7 2 14 10 17 18 11 66 5 2 169 5 5	MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS. Victualling for prisoners. Medicines, surgical instruments, &c. Soap, scouring and cleaning articles. Clothing for prisoners. Fuel, light, and water.
£,361 8 7	828 2 8	3,302 10 10	237 10 11	Total expenses of Maintenance.
50 3 8 508 6 1 192 12 4 7 18 0 185 5 0	15 11 9 17 17 8 175 10 0 8 2 2 23 15 8	160 14 11 66 7 2 710 14 6 18 11 2 0 11 7 62 17 9	15 16 9 0 1 3 68 1 3 1 15 1 — 18 9 1	OTHER EXPENSES. Bedding for prisoners. Gratuities to prisoners. Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c. Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c. Rent. Incidental expenses.
826 7 1	338 17 8	619 17 1	104 3 7	Total of Other Expenses
17,771 0 5	2,182 6 3	7,325 12 5	724 11 8	Gross Total Expenses.
Cork, Male.	Cork, Female.	Downpatrick.	Drogheda.	HEADS OF SERVICE.
212	103	63	21	Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells)
£ s. d. 2,422 12 0	£ s. d. 848 17 2	£ s. d. 303 3 11	£ s. d. 486 6 10	COST OF STAFF. Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.
1,505 1 8 14 13 10 64 10 6 328 4 2 362 8 7	569 9 0 10 7 0 14 15 3 78 10 3 267 5 11	513 14 5 0 6 0 21 3 4 129 9 10 246 11 4	151 5 4 0 0 4 5 18 6 61 12 4 23 5 8	MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS. Victualling for prisoners. Medicines, surgical instruments, &c. Soap, scouring and cleaning articles. Clothing for prisoners. Fuel, light, and water.
2,475 7 4	660 1 11	751 4 11	319 9 2	Total expenses of Maintenance.
121 10 2 49 19 9 917 15 8 15 11 10 — 134 7 11	14 16 2 0 2 0 473 2 0 5 10 3 81 6 3 77 0 2	77 1 2 18 7 11 106 16 0 12 9 7 27 12 10 32 5 6	11 6 3 7 4 2 86 18 5 0 14 1 — 20 6 6	OTHER EXPENSES. Bedding for prisoners. Gratuities to prisoners. Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c. Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c. Rent. Incidental expenses.
1,220 5 4	661 4 7	272 5 9	128 13 3	Total of Other Expenses.
9,126 4 8	2,499 3 8	1,973 16 7	925 9 3	Gross Total Expenses.

prisons to the amount of £871 ss. 4d. The cost of bedding supplied to Mountjoy Female Prison of £475 16s. 6d., which is shown as a deduction in relief of expenditure under that Prison.

CONVICT AND LOCAL PRISONS

Return showing the Expenditure under each Head

HEADS OF SERVICE.	Dundalk.	Ennis.	Enniskillen.	Galway.
Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells).	60	15	8	62
COST OF STAFF.	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>
Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.	823 12 6	559 12 6	408 13 1	1,326 9 2
MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS.				
Victualling for prisoners,	304 4 7	191 10 9	59 8 7	364 6 4
Medicines, surgical instruments, &c.,	2 13 8	5 2 11	2 18 7	51 14 10
Soap, scouring and cleaning articles,	2 10 8	10 7 4	2 7 0	20 2 8
Clothing for prisoners,	279 13 3	36 8 8	29 19 8	103 8 0
Fuel, light, and water,	148 7 9	129 6 10	119 18 10	389 14 9
Total expenses of Maintenance,	834 17 8	392 17 1	214 2 8	1,207 6 8
OTHER EXPENSES.				
Bedding for prisoners,	1 16 8	8 12 7	10 10 11	118 17 8
Gratuities to prisoners,	58 9 9	0 2 8	0 7 4	8 17 13
Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c.,	188 2 0	100 9 4	92 16 7	599 10 3
Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c.,	0 17 7	2 13 0	0 17 7	10 16 3
Rent,	—	—	—	18 13 6
Incidental expenses,	16 2 7	20 0 3	3 7 8	111 8 8
Total of Other Expenses,	190 8 2	181 18 1	113 14 1	885 8 11
Gross Total Expenses,	1,848 18 1	974 7 8	828 11 10	3,890 19 9
HEADS OF SERVICE.	Limerick, Female.	Londonderry.	Longford.	Maryborough.
Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells).	22	29	15	74
COST OF STAFF.	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>
Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.	523 10 10	1,329 11 10	809 15 11	850 4 7
MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS.				
Victualling for prisoners,	200 0 11	828 12 11	84 8 0	671 10 6
Medicines, surgical instruments, &c.,	8 12 6	26 19 9	25 19 8	39 16 9
Soap, scouring and cleaning articles,	11 11 5	43 11 2	4 7 8	6 10 8
Clothing for prisoners,	85 5 8	192 8 11	18 32 0	228 8 11
Fuel, light, and water,	167 13 0	404 12 6	129 8 6	280 16 0
Total expenses of Maintenance,	463 8 7	1,392 8 3	262 19 11	1,944 11 9
OTHER EXPENSES.				
Bedding for prisoners,	1 1 7	144 18 7	0 8 8	78 7 8
Gratuities to prisoners,	3 13 11	27 10 5	0 6 4	4 16 8
Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c.,	111 10 1	132 10 0	20 3 0	1,859 4 7
Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c.,	5 6 9	15 14 4	1 2 8	10 10 1
Rent,	—	—	0 3 3	8 6 10
Incidental expenses,	17 10 8	87 19 5	33 3 1	86 1 8
Total of Other Expenses,	141 2 7	408 7 0	77 13 7	1,811 7 8
Gross Total Expenses,	1,173 9 0	2,880 4 10	731 3 8	3,696 3 7

(inclusive of Bridewells)—continued.

of Service, in the year ended 31st March, 1880—continued.

Grange- german.	Kilkeany.	Kilmainham.	Lifford.	Limerick, Mals.	HEADS OF SERVICE.
265	31	100	16	105	Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells).
£ s. d. 2,515 11 2	£ s. d. 1,008 9 1	£ s. d. 1,352 10 1	£ s. d. 792 6 0	£ s. d. 1,431 11 10	COST OF STAFF. Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.
1,664 15 4 56 7 10 95 11 0 449 17 11 842 5 0	213 2 10 46 18 6 6 18 11 50 11 4 109 1 1	302 17 6 28 19 1 01 15 0 115 17 2 389 10 1	105 17 0 6 3 1 19 6 0 25 16 10 114 1 8	712 0 0 33 17 2 22 11 10 197 3 6 326 0 2	MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS. Victualling for prisoners. Medicines, surgical instruments, &c. Soap, scouring and cleaning articles. Clothing for prisoners. Fuel, light, and water.
2,830 18 2	434 7 8	1,300 4 10	204 0 10	1,234 12 2	Total expenses of Maintenance.
10 10 6 22 8 4 087 19 7 17 0 5 — 35 17 5	— 13 19 8 339 10 4 2 19 8 — 28 2 0	12 5 0 10 19 11 212 11 2 11 9 5 — 25 13 0	1 13 0 — 89 13 8 1 14 10 0 1 0 12 11 11	02 3 8 30 10 10 179 17 11 4 6 6 — 24 14 8	OFFICER EXPENSES. Bedding for prisoners. Gratuities to prisoners. Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c. Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c. Rent. Incidental expenses.
793 7 2	387 12 0	278 19 3	105 15 3	283 2 7	Total of Other Expenses.
6,072 18 7	1,820 8 2	2,730 14 2	1,072 7 1	3,000 7 1	Gross Total Expenses.
Monaghan.	Mullingar.	Nass.	Nonagh.	Omagh.	HEADS OF SERVICE.
12	28	72	40	64	Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells).
£ s. d. 542 10 1	£ s. d. 1,121 10 5	£ s. d. 1,277 1 1	£ s. d. 910 6 2	£ s. d. 1,071 14 1	COST OF STAFF. Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.
81 17 8 1 12 7 12 7 6 26 0 8 150 10 2	427 10 2 41 9 8 23 10 10 106 10 7 218 8 0	021 7 0 20 18 11 19 2 0 58 1 8 223 10 7	271 10 8 10 16 11 24 9 0 118 1 11 340 9 11	281 14 0 0 1 2 29 2 0 52 12 11 236 10 11	MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS. Victualling for prisoners. Medicines, surgical instruments, &c. Soap, scouring and cleaning articles. Clothing for prisoners. Fuel, light, and water.
204 19 9	023 18 0	045 0 6	760 10 5	705 2 3	Total expenses of Maintenance.
9 11 9 — 47 0 9 2 0 1 — 10 7 8	82 1 10 10 1 2 490 3 2 12 1 2 — 28 0 2	79 18 9 24 17 10 021 2 10 1 8 7 — 20 10 0	81 11 11 18 5 3 78 15 4 4 10 2 1 0 11 05 12 11	39 9 10 11 15 6 82 17 10 2 0 8 — 25 12 2	OTHER EXPENSES. Bedding for prisoners. Gratuities to prisoners. Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c. Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c. Rent. Incidental expenses.
60 5 8	612 12 6	002 18 0	238 15 7	173 1 1	Total of Other Expenses.
870 0 0	2,876 10 2	2,882 14 7	1,910 10 2	1,946 17 0	Gross Total Expenses.

CONVICT AND LOCAL PRISONS (inclusive of Bridewells)—continued.

RETURN showing the Expenditure under each Head of Service, in the year ended 31st March, 1880—continued.

HEADS OF SERVICE.	Richmond.	Rosecommon.	Sligo.	Tralee.	Trim.
Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells).	279	17	29	44	17
COST OF STAFF.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.	2,435 14 0	409 16 4	848 13 11	1,074 3 8	543 17 1
MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS.					
Victualling for prisoners, . . .	1,853 9 7	101 11 11	169 18 8	289 1 6	106 17 7
Medicines, surgical instruments, &c.	22 16 4	24 0 0	31 5 3	3 0 6	7 7 1
Soap, scouring and cleaning articles.	86 14 10	11 8 10	10 18 7	16 11 2	0 18 4
Clothing for prisoners, . . .	540 15 3	26 13 4	40 8 8	98 2 7	90 3 11
Fuel, light and water, . . .	261 3 4	169 14 8	89 3 7	123 16 8	03 19 9
Total expenses of Maintenance, .	3,427 19 4	333 14 9	612 11 9	525 12 1	306 6 6
OTHER EXPENSES.					
Bedding for prisoners, . . .	115 16 4	—	63 16 0	27 0 0	—
Gratuities to prisoners, . . .	70 19 11	—	4 14 8	4 18 0	0 0 4
Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c.	1,060 3 4	36 1 9	101 14 8	68 0 8	71 4 7
Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c., .	30 0 5	3 6 4	2 4 1	2 13 3	2 18 10
Rent, . . .	117 4 4	—	56 0 0	—	—
Incidental expenses, . . .	64 8 3	23 17 9	20 19 0	16 3 9	24 12 1
Total of Other Expenses, . . .	1,446 15 0	67 5 10	246 7 3	118 16 10	98 15 19
Gross Total Expenses, . . .	7,315 3 4	910 15 11	1,420 12 11	1,716 13 7	922 19 7

HEADS OF SERVICE.	Tullamore.	Waterford.	Wexford.	Wicklow.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
Daily Average (exclusive of Bridewells).	67	63	26	15	—
COST OF STAFF.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Pay and allowances of officers, including uniforms, &c.	996 10 10	1,254 10 0	924 16 8	444 18 8	50,191 3 10
MAINTENANCE OF PRISONERS.					
Victualling for prisoners, . . .	326 6 9	465 13 11	296 9 7	136 13 9	27,329 3 1
Medicines, surgical instruments, &c.	8 0 4	64 1 0	6 10 3	4 18 11	1,020 3 6
Soap, scouring and cleaning articles.	21 7 1	12 3 4	17 16 3	11 1 4	1,480 9 5
Clothing for prisoners, . . .	142 0 8	121 6 6	84 7 11	10 10 9	6,064 9 3
Fuel, light, and water, . . .	841 14 0	285 16 3	221 12 1	151 14 2	14,002 13 3
Total expenses of Maintenance, .	918 7 1	918 19 2	626 16 3	299 14 8	50,897 3 6
OTHER EXPENSES.					
Bedding for prisoners, . . .	46 7 2	43 13 1	8 10 0	0 9 3	1,326 11 3
Gratuities to prisoners, . . .	30 6 8	18 4 3	16 4 10	0 2 8	5,940 18 3
Buildings, including furniture, repairs, alterations, &c.	116 1 7	244 2 8	159 18 1	31 13 10	11,848 3 4
Kitchen utensils, crockery, &c., .	7 16 1	5 4 7	9 9 3	2 13 10	325 3 10
Rent, . . .	—	—	207 11 6	—	678 0 11
Incidental expenses, . . .	55 9 4	64 3 8	63 6 0	80 1 3	2,169 6 7
Total of Other Expenses, . . .	265 19 8	366 3 3	481 19 10	65 1 3	18,323 1 3
Gross Total Expenses, . . .	2,183 17 7	2,536 17 6	2,013 12 10	913 12 0	131,511 13 6

E. (BRIDEWELLS).

RETURN showing the names and situation of the BRIDEWELLS referred to, par. 8, page 4, discontinued during the year 1879-80, viz. :—

Bridewell.	County.
1. Boyle,	Roscommon.
2. Buncrana,	Donegal.
3. Carrickmacross,	Monaghan.
4. Charleville,	Cork.
5. Killelloe,	Clare.
6. Kinsale,	Cork.
7. Manohamilton,	Leitrim.